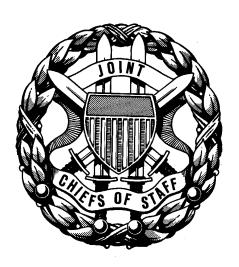
CJCSM 1600.01 30 April 1998

JOINT MANPOWER PROGRAM PROCEDURES



JOINT STAFF WASHINGTON, D.C. 20318-0400



CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF MANUAL

J-1 CJCSM 1600.01 DISTRIBUTION: A, B, C, J, S 30 April 1998

JOINT MANPOWER PROGRAM PROCEDURES

Reference(s): See Enclosure T

- 1. <u>Purpose</u>. This manual describes the process and establishes responsibilities and procedures for determining, validating, documenting, and maintaining joint manpower requirements as part of the Joint Manpower Program.
- 2. <u>Cancellation</u>. Memorandum of Policy No. 75, 2 April 1993, is canceled.

3. Applicability

- a. This manual applies only to the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, CJCS-controlled activities, the combatant commands, and the combat support agencies. It applies to the Military Departments only with respect to manpower assigned to the above activities.
- b. This manual applies to all civilian positions and military positions graded O-6 and below. Reference a provides guidelines for requesting changes to General/Flag Officer positions.
- c. However, Enclosure H of this manual applies to all organizations with positions on the Joint Duty Assignment List. References f and g provide guidelines for joint officer management.

4. <u>Procedures</u>. Guidance on the Joint Manpower Program is provided in Enclosures A through K. Specialized instructions relating to the Joint Manpower Program are provided in Enclosures L through S.

5. <u>Summary of Changes</u>

- a. Realigns the cycle for joint activities to submit proposed manpower changes to synchronize requests for changes with the Services' inputs to the Planning, Programming, and Budgeting System.
- b. Provides a more rigorous method for joint manpower requirements determination and validation by assigning function codes to each joint manpower position.
- c. Provides a flexible analytical framework to compare the combatant commands despite their differences in mission, Service mix, and functions, by classifying manpower as either externally controlled, unique, or common.
- d. Establishes a procedure to review and prioritize manpower resource issues.
- e. Discusses the Joint Duty Assignment List Validation Board procedures.
- f. Clarifies the Joint Manpower Program procedures applicable to the combat support agencies.
- g. Discusses the Joint Manpower and Personnel System, the interactive database for the Joint Manpower Program.
- h. Provides information regarding the interface between the Joint Manpower Program and the various Service personnel requisition and assignment systems.
- i. Discusses the variety of Reserve Component support to joint activities and procedures for joint mobilization requirements.
- j. Expands the specialized procedures for certain kinds of manpower, to include sections on the Defense Health Program, the Transportation Working Capital Fund, and the Acquisition Corps.

6. Effective Date. This manual is effective upon receipt.

For the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff:

DENNIS C. BLAIR

Vice Admiral, U.S. Navy Director, Joint Staff

Enclosures
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ENCLOSURE A

JOINT MANPOWER PROGRAM: RESPONSIBILITIES

- 1. The Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness is responsible for DOD manpower requirements and will:
 - a. Provide DOD policy guidance for the Joint Manpower Program.
 - b. Review budget submissions to ensure that manpower resources are programmed to support the JMP.
 - c. Ensure that all joint activities establish JMPs per applicable directives.
 - d. Approve the JMP and subsequent changes recommended by the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff upon coordination with the Military Departments and those Assistant Secretaries of Defense charged with the responsibility for combat support agencies.
- 2. The Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff is responsible for the administration and execution of the JMP and will:
 - a. Develop guidelines and criteria for determining, validating, documenting, and prioritizing joint manpower requirements.
 - b. Develop and maintain procedures for implementing and executing the JMP.
 - c. Develop procedures and guidelines to synchronize joint manpower actions with the DOD Planning, Programming and Budgeting System.
 - d. Approve JMPs and subsequent changes in coordination with the Military Departments.
 - e. Develop guidelines to identify peacetime, wartime, contingency, and mobilization requirements.
- 3. CINCs, directors of combat support agencies, and directors of CJCS-controlled activities are responsible for establishing a JMP and will:
 - a. Establish internal policies and procedures for determining, validating, documenting, and prioritizing joint manpower requirements that comply with DOD and CJCS guidelines.

- b. Review the JMP periodically, and systematically, to ensure accomplishment of specific mission responsibilities.
- c. Submit proposed changes to their JMP to the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff for coordination and inclusion in the Resource Decision Process.
- d. Compare their joint manpower authorizations with those submitted by resource providers in the Future Years Defense Program exhibits and work to resolve disconnects.
- 4. Secretaries of the Military Departments and other resource providers for the JMP will:
 - a. Evaluate and coordinate on proposed changes to JMPs submitted by the joint activities previously specified.
 - b. Upon coordination, program for the manpower resources required to support the organizations as approved in the JMP.
 - c. Supply FYDP exhibits or program budget guidance to the joint activities in enough detail that each joint organization can compare its manpower authorizations and requirements by year, program element, activity, category, and in the case of Joint Tables of Mobilization Distribution, drilling category for Reserve requirements.

ENCLOSURE B

JOINT MANPOWER PROGRAM: PROCESS OVERVIEW

- 1. <u>Introduction</u>. The objective of the Joint Manpower Program is to ensure that joint activities have the minimum manpower with the appropriate skills and experience to carry out the assigned missions, tasks, and functions. This enclosure describes the initial steps in the joint manpower process.
- 2. <u>Components of the Joint Manpower Program</u>. The JMP has three principal components: the Organization and Functions Manual, the Joint Table of Distribution, and the Joint Table of Mobilization Distribution. Unless specifically stated otherwise, all of the guidelines pertaining to the JTD also apply to the JTMD. See Enclosure D for greater detail on these documents.
- 3. The Joint Manpower Process. The joint manpower process is essentially a cycle following the baseline of approved joint manpower authorizations as depicted in the JTD; the additions, deletions, and changes made to those joint manpower authorizations; and the mechanisms for translating the joint authorizations into specific Service personnel assignment actions to fill the joint positions. This process normally occurs through the steps depicted in Figure B-1. Subsequent enclosures to this manual address each step in detail.
- a. The joint manpower process begins with the mission, which generates the nature of the specific tasks and functions.
- b. The CINCs organize their commands to meet missions and determine the manpower requirements to carry out their missions within the established process and guidelines. Enclosure C provides guidelines for determining and validating joint manpower requirements. Manpower requirements must be coordinated with, and approved by, the Joint Staff and Services.
- c. Authorized joint manpower is a list of approved manpower authorizations (billets) contained in the JTD.
- d. The Services use the JTD to update internal Service manpower documents.
- e. Updated Service manpower systems feed data to the Service personnel systems, which generate personnel assignment actions.
- f. Ultimately, personnel with appropriate skills and grades are assigned to approved joint positions.

- g. Commanders and agency heads submit manpower requirements change packages to make semi-annual changes to their manpower authorizations. Enclosure E provides detailed procedures to coordinate semi-annual changes.
- (1) These actions are normally "zero-balance" actions because they realign existing joint manpower positions to meet changing mission needs and do not affect the total number of joint manpower positions.
- (2) Joint Staff J-1 reviews and coordinates MRCPs with the Services and advises joint activities of status.
- (3) The initial focus of the Service's review of joint manpower changes should determine if the skill, grade, and Service requested are appropriate based on the billet description. The Service should then review its ability to resource the endstrength, grade, and skill requested.
- (4) If approved, Joint Staff J-1 updates the JTD and informs the Services in an "implementer" to continue the joint manpower cycle.
- (5) If the Service cannot support the identified joint requirement or the request contains an inappropriate skill, grade, or Service, they should propose alternatives which would help the command or agency accomplish its mission.
- h. The Resource Decision Process, Enclosure F, is used when agency heads require increases in manpower to support externally driven manpower requirements.
- (1) Requests for additional joint manpower are submitted to the Joint Staff J-1 outside the normal MRCP staffing process.
- (2) The Joint Staff J-1 staffs requests and develops a proposed course of action for decision by the DJS and the Service Operations Deputies.
- (3) If necessary, the Joint Staff J-1 forwards the decision to OSD for inclusion in a Program Budget Decision and updates the JTD accordingly.

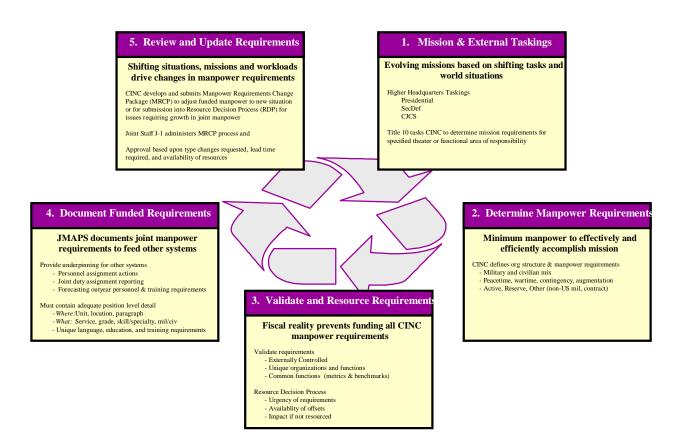


Figure B-1. Joint Manpower Program Process

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ENCLOSURE C

JOINT MANPOWER PROGRAM: REQUIREMENTS DETERMINATION AND VALIDATION

- 1. <u>Introduction</u>. The initial tasks in the joint manpower process are to:
 - a. Define the command's or agency's missions, tasks, and functions.
 - b. Determine the manpower requirements.
 - c. Validate the manpower requirements.
- 2. <u>Organization, Missions, and Functions</u>. The initial steps in the joint manpower process define all of the missions, tasks, and functions assigned to the activity by higher authority and establish an organizational structure to carry out these functions. The Organization and Functions Manual documents the mission and structure of the organization, enumerates the functions of the organization down to the branch level, and references the law or directive tasking the specific function.
- a. This document is the basis for determining the manpower required to perform the assigned missions.
- b. An updated organization and functions manual will be submitted by each activity to the Joint Staff J-1 annually on 1 October, or, in the case of combat support agencies, with their annual JMP submissions.
- 3. <u>Guidelines for Determining Joint Manpower Requirements</u>. Statements of manpower needs will be based upon approved programs, force structure, and missions assigned by the Secretary of Defense and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff. Each joint activity will establish its own internal system to determine joint manpower requirements in accordance with the following guidelines:
- a. Manpower requirements will be stated in terms of the minimum manning required to accomplish the command's approved missions and workload.
- b. Joint manpower requirements normally should be based on the average workload expected to continue for at least 36 months. Joint manpower requirements should not be adjusted in reaction to temporary changes in workload. Short-duration tasking should be supported

through augmentation, temporary duty tasking, or other solutions which are temporary in nature.

- c. Commanders and directors are expected to satisfy nominal changes in requirements associated with existing missions and functions by internal manpower realignments. Such workload changes will not be used as justification for joint manpower growth.
- d. Joint activities should maximize the use of support available from host Services and Service components to preclude establishing internal functions which duplicate external support capabilities.
- e. When requirements exceed authorized manpower levels, joint activities may identify unfunded requirements that should be submitted for funding through the PPBS. See Enclosure F.
- f. Commanders and directors determine the Service for each position by considering the nature of the mission and geographic area of the command, total number of positions, military/civilian mix, grades required, and number of supervisory positions. Rotational positions (two or more Services take turns filling the billet) and nominative positions (two or more Services nominate a candidate for selection) should be minimized to preclude problems in Service programming for manning of these positions. (See Service mix, paragraph 4 d).
- g. Manpower authorizations should not be adjusted to reflect the personal characteristics or grade of incumbents.
- h. Dual hatting between a joint activity and a Service component should be avoided, except as directed for General/Flag Officer (G/FO) positions as specified in reference a or agreed upon in an MOU as a part of the host command or component support to a combatant command.
- i. Positions for assistants, deputies, executive officers, and advisors should be limited to those directly supporting G/FO positions. Positions will not be authorized solely or principally for the purpose of training, career development, or Service balance.
- j. Gender will not be specified for any billet unless required by Federal statute.
- k. Joint activity manpower requirements may include positions outside DoD, such as US Coast Guard requirements or allied military requirements.

- l. When joint activities submit MRCPs that entail a change to a grade or skill code, they also will provide a short position description and rationale for the change request.
- m. Internal reorganizations engendered by rotation of G/FOs should be handled through realignment rather than billet change to ensure that the incumbents do not lose credit on the Joint Duty Assignment List.
- n. Management Headquarters is a congressionally controlled program. The authorized manpower ceiling cannot be exceeded unless there is an offset elsewhere in the program. Management headquarters activities are listed and defined in DODD 5100.73. Management headquarters positions are identified with a "98" in the sixth and seventh digit of the program element code.
 - o. Other considerations applicable to combatant commands:
- (1) Structural Guidelines: The standard organizational hierarchy within a headquarters goes from the commander to directorate to division to branch to section to element. Two or more divisions are required to create a directorate while two or more branches are required to make a division; otherwise, the workcenter is more appropriately identified as an office. A division typically has no fewer than 15 positions, and a branch typically has at least four spaces.
- (2) Supervisory and administrative position guidelines: No deputy positions are authorized below deputy director. No dedicated supervisor positions are authorized below division level. The title "deputy" may be used, but the position must be a working supervisor. The title "branch chief" may be used, but it must be assigned to a working supervisor. No dedicated administrative positions should be authorized for organizations below division level with less than 15 positions.
- (3) There should be only one dedicated Senior Enlisted Advisor in each joint command. Other Services may be represented on an additional duty basis.
- 4. <u>Defining and Documenting Joint Manpower Attributes</u>. Once identified, joint manpower requirements must be defined in sufficient detail to provide an effective target for the Service personnel assignment systems. At a minimum, the following attributes will be addressed in defining joint manpower requirements (see Figure C-1):

- a. <u>Skill/specialty</u>. Identify the job skill required in the position using the military specialty designator that best fits the position.
- (1) Avoid such strictly limited definitions of requirements that the position cannot be filled or fails to consider otherwise highly desirable candidates.
- (2) The job skill must be consistent with that found in the DOD Occupational Conversion Index (reference b).
- (3) In the case of civilian positions, commands should show the civilian occupational series in the "additional codes" section and the civilian position's corresponding military skill in the "skill code" section.
- (4) Each January and July, the Services will submit to all JMP activities an updated list of skill codes that require special management, either because they have such low density or because the requirements exceed the inventory.
- b. <u>Grade/level</u>. Technical, supervisory, and experience requirements should determine the position's grade level.
- (1) The position's grade must be consistent with the specific skill or specialty.
- (2) The joint activity's aggregate grade structure should be consistent with mission requirements and Service grade ceilings.
- (3) Civilian grades are determined by the local civilian personnel office after analysis of the specific position description.
- c. <u>Military/Civilian Mix</u>. Identify whether the incumbent should be military or civilian using the following guidelines:
- (1) Military positions should be established when required by law, training, security, discipline, rotation, or combat readiness, or when a military background is required for successful performance of the duties involved. Unusual working hours, difficult working conditions, and avoiding overtime costs are not appropriate reasons for using military positions.
- (2) Civilian personnel will be used in positions which do not require military incumbents for reasons of law, training, security, discipline, rotation, or combat readiness, and do not require a military background for successful performance of the duties involved.

- (3) Military positions may not be used to replace civilian positions deleted by reduction in force programs. However, military personnel may be assigned temporarily to perform the functions of civilian positions when reduction in force programs cause temporary workload imbalances or mission impairment.
- (4) Consider the use of outsourcing for non-combat functions if it is more economical. However, contract services may not be used solely to circumvent military or civilian ceilings.
- d. <u>Service Mix</u>. Each position in a joint activity must be linked to a specific Service to track funding and assignment responsibilities.
- (1) <u>Service designation</u>. Identify the Service designated to fill each military billet.
- (2) <u>Rotational Positions</u>. Rotational positions should be used only where a change of Service representation is essential to the performance of the mission. Adjustments of planned rotational dates of incumbents in rotational positions should be coordinated with the impacted Service at least 9 months in advance.
- (3) <u>Nominative Positions</u>. In the joint arena, nominative positions refer to military positions for which all Services are expected to submit nominations for personnel assignment, but no single Service is designated to fill the billet permanently. Since nominations occur in the execution year, Services cannot plan or program for these positions, causing chronic difficulties in planning and personnel assignment. Therefore, nominative positions will be limited to O-6 heads of large, complex organizations of more than 700 positions and of roughly equal Service mix where rotational positions would not provide sufficient choice.
- e. <u>Joint Duty Assignment List Number</u>. A Joint Duty Assignment List number will be assigned to those field grade officer positions that meet the SECDEF definition of a joint duty assignment. The process for determining if positions comply is managed through the JDAL Validation Board. Once the board has approved a position for incorporation, a JDA number is assigned and the position is placed on the JDAL. Additionally, those positions designated as critical JDAs must also be identified on the JTD. See Enclosure H for more information on JDAL procedures.

- f. <u>Special Experience Identifiers</u>. Identify any unique attributes of the requirements not readily apparent from the skill/specialty for the position, (such as foreign language requirements, parachute jump qualification requirements, etc.). Such attributes should be closely scrutinized, since each additional attribute makes the position exponentially more difficult for assignment personnel to fill.
- g. <u>Security Clearance</u>. Identify the security clearance required by the position to enable the Service personnel system to ensure that prospective replacements either have the clearance or have initiated the process to obtain one.
- h. <u>Function Code</u>. Identify the primary task associated with this billet from the function code list in Enclosure S, understanding that there are multiple tasks associated with any billet at joint activities. This code is used for determining and evaluating the manpower baseline for each joint activity and becomes the basis for resourcing decisions related to manpower requirements.
- i. <u>Program Element Code (PEC)</u>. Show the PEC assigned to each billet. This allows for tracking of externally controlled assets and compliance with Management Headquarters ceilings and resource allocation decisions.
- j. Reserve Drill Category. When applicable in the JTMD, identify whether the billet is to be an Individual Mobilization Augmentee or part of an augmentation unit. If the billet is to be an IMA, then identify the number of drilling periods required based on the training requirement.
- 5. <u>Civilian Positions</u>. Civilian positions in the combatant commands are administered by the Service assigned as the executive agent. Civilian positions in other Defense agencies and joint activities belong to the host or executive agent Service, or the agency/activity itself, depending on which organization programs for the civilian endstrength, affecting the grade ceilings and other constraints on civilian positions.
- 6. <u>Determining a Joint Manpower Baseline.</u> Functional coding of positions provides a common comparative baseline to support determination, validation, and prioritization of joint manpower requirements.
- a. <u>Joint Manpower Function Code</u>. Each manpower billet in a combatant command, combat support agency, or other joint activity will be assigned a function code from the joint manpower functions list found

in Enclosure S. This is a five-character alpha-numeric code. The first character indicates one of the following five major functional areas:

- (1) "Axxxx" Command & Command Support
- (2) "Bxxxx" Warfighting (Logistics, Operations, Plans)
- (3) "Cxxxx" Communications & Computer
- (4) "Dxxxx" Intelligence
- (5) "Exxxx" Training & Doctrine
- b. <u>Function Code Positions Two through Five</u>. The remaining characters are four digits that indicate the specific function listed.
- c. <u>Administrative Identifiers</u>. Some special combinations have specific meaning and are not to be used for other than these specific situations:
 - (1) "xxx01" ending secretary or administrative assistant
 - (2) "xxx02" ending executive officer or executive assistant
 - (3) "xxx05" ending military secretary or administrative clerk
- d. <u>Transportation Working Capital Fund (TWCF) Code</u>. Functional codes for USTRANSCOM and Defense Courier Service TWCF positions contain the suffix "T" to annotate TWCF funding.
- e. <u>Procedures</u>. Select the function code contained in Enclosure S that best suits the billet, recognizing that each assigned individual performs a multitude of tasks. Focus on individual billet tasks and responsibilities in choosing the most appropriate code. Coding for civilian positions should be consistent with the official civilian position description.
- (1) All joint activities will submit proposed changes to billet function codes through the normal manpower requirements change process. Function code changes will be considered "automatic changes," as explained in the coordination matrix at Figure E-3.
- (2) The function code data element is subject to the same requirements as any other data element in the Joint Manpower and Personnel System (JMAPS).

- (3) Suggested additions, deletions, and changes to the definitions contained in the JMP Functions List should be submitted separately to the Joint Staff J-1 for consideration.
- 7. <u>Determining Manpower Requirements: Finding Commonality in Staff Functions</u>. Army brigades, Air Force squadrons, or Naval fleets tend to have similar missions and standardized manpower authorizations based on a defined mission and specified operational tempo. In contrast to Service organizations, combatant commands vary substantially in mission, manning, location, and the nature of the Service mix. This variety complicates the comparison among the combatant commands.
- a. Functional analysis establishes a structural framework to identify commonality among the combatant commands, while recognizing that CINCs often have some unique missions and limited control over some manpower in specialized programs under their commands. There are three categories of manpower: externally controlled, unique, and common.
- b. Functional analysis identifies positions in distinct organizations or functions that should be tracked separately. These positions are categorized as either externally controlled manpower or manpower carrying out unique tasks. The remaining manpower is categorized as common to most combatant commands and becomes the basis for a notional manpower baseline.
- c. Statistical analysis of the functions found in the combatant commands provides a manpower baseline for these common functions. The metrics vary with each major functional category. These metrics provide a quantifiable means of determining manpower requirements for common command functions.
- 8. <u>Determining Manpower Requirements: Recognizing the Differences</u>. The flexibility the JMP requires in recognizing the legitimate differences among the CINCs is provided by the unique and externally controlled categories. However, the power of this functional approach is the ability to separate the unique layers and focus on the common functions, providing a more direct comparison among the combatant commands.
- a. <u>Externally Controlled Manpower</u>. This category of manpower is allocated, funded, and controlled by a specialized resource provider for a specific purpose and tracked by a special PEC. In general, the joint activities have very limited control over these positions. For example:

- (1) <u>Intelligence</u>. These are National Foreign Intelligence Program (NFIP) positions, primarily in the General Defense Intelligence Program (GDIP), controlled by the Defense Intelligence Agency when exercising the GDIP Program Manager role. They are identified by specific program element codes that begin with "0301" (PECs 0301XXX). Intelligence positions other than NFIP/GDIP are not externally controlled.
- (2) <u>Security Assistance Organizations</u>. Manpower in Security Assistance Organizations is funded by various foreign nations with which the United States has engaged in a treaty of mutual security assistance. When such treaties commit the US to provide military advisors, trainers, technical support, and equipment, the receiving nation frequently reimburses the United States for this effort. The Director, Defense Security Assistance Agency provides specialized PECs to identify these positions to ensure proper accounting both to Congress and to the nation funding the assistance program. The specific PECs used to identify these positions are PEC 1001009 (support to DSAA) and PEC 1002002 (foreign military sales). SAO positions in other PECs are not externally controlled.
- (3) <u>Theater Special Operations Commands</u>. Manpower in this category is funded and determined by USSOCOM. Only theater special operations command (SOC) positions in PEC 1108048 are externally controlled. Most of the USSOCOM headquarters manpower carries a headquarters PEC and is either common or unique.
- (4) <u>Defense Health Program</u>. Defense Health Program (DHP) manpower constitutes most, but not all, military medical manpower; combat support medical units are not controlled by DHP. DHP manpower is closely funded, controlled, and managed by the ASD(HA). These positions are identified by program element codes beginning with "08077" (PEC 08077XX); other medical positions are not externally controlled.
- b. <u>Unique Joint Manpower</u>. This manpower is not labeled with an exclusive program element code or other identifier. Unlike externally controlled manpower, unique manpower is usually well within the full range of resource management exercised by a CINC. This category simply recognizes that joint activities have very different missions, and some functions are unique to one activity. There are two kinds of unique manpower:
- (1) <u>Unique organizations</u>. All manpower is categorized as unique in certain organizations (e.g., "Iceland Defense Force," "Joint Task Force Full Accounting").

- (2) <u>Unique functions or levels of effort</u>. Manpower specifically assigned to perform uncommon functions. Some examples of unique functions include: "Stars & Stripes" or "Presidential Communicator."
- c. <u>Common Manpower</u>. This category contains all other manpower not classified as either external or unique and allows equitable comparison and analysis among organizations. Although it does not absolutely determine requirements, it serves to predict and validate manpower requirements for certain common functions.
- 9. <u>Joint Manpower Requirements Validation Process</u>. Joint manpower requirements must be revalidated periodically to ensure that they continue to reflect the minimum manpower required to accomplish the mission objectives. Each joint activity should formalize the validation process through an internal policy letter, operating instruction, or other implementing document. The following approaches have proven successful in enabling commands to obtain the greatest efficiency from assigned manpower:
- a. <u>Manpower Validation Board</u>. A manpower validation board may be established and tasked to review, validate, and prioritize all requests for additional manpower. In addition, this board could be tasked to review all vacant positions for potential use as offsets to pay for new requirements.
- b. <u>Benchmarking</u>. Benchmarking and use of best practices offers the opportunity to compare the structure and size of the joint activity with a model organization. Variances in manpower then can be analyzed to determine if additional resources are needed or if resources can be realigned to meet changing needs.
- c. <u>Manpower Surveys</u>. Manpower surveys, using either internal resources or augmentation from Service components, may be used to evaluate manpower utilization and requirements. The manpower survey team can identify specific tasks to be performed by the organization under study, assess manpower required to accomplish them, analyze the workload distribution, and recommend efficiencies.

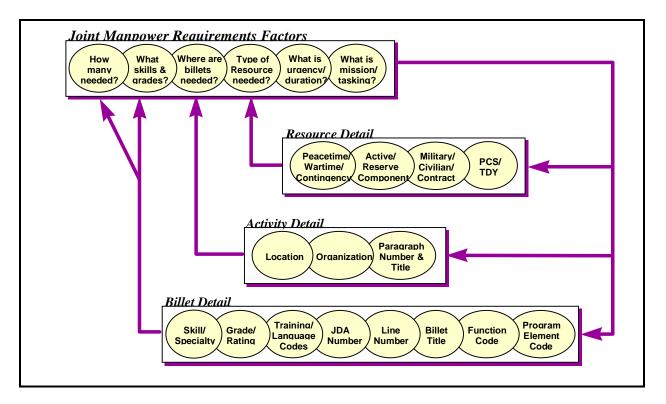


Figure C-2. Manpower Requirements Considerations

CJCSM 1600.01 30 April 1998

ENCLOSURE D

JOINT MANPOWER PROGRAM: THE DATABASE AND THE DOCUMENTS

- 1. <u>Introduction</u>. After manpower requirements have been determined and validated, they need to be documented and forwarded to the Joint Staff for review. The JTD and JTMD are the statements of manpower authorized for an organization to accomplish its assigned missions. This enclosure describes the elements of the Joint Table of Distribution and the Joint Table of Mobilization Distribution. Unless specifically stated otherwise, all of the guidelines pertaining to the JTD also apply to the JTMD. Printouts of JTD and JTMD excerpts are at Figures D-1, D-2, and D-3 at the end of this enclosure.
- 2. The Joint Table of Distribution (JTD). The Joint Table of Distribution is both a requirements document and an authorization document. The Joint Table of Distribution shows the programmed forces, the manpower requirements that are authorized and programmed in the outyears, and the joint manpower authorizations (funded manpower requirements) in the current year. In contrast, the Joint Table of Mobilization Distribution does not show out years.
- 3. <u>Joint Table of Distribution Data Elements</u>. The JTD provides the following information about manpower authorizations:
- a. Manpower authorizations are the manpower requirements that have been determined by an approved methodology, reviewed and recommended by CJCS, coordinated and funded, or programmed for funding in the outyears by the Services and other resource providers.
- b. Manpower authorizations are defined by program element code, Service, skill, grade, and any other position attribute required by the Service personnel assignment systems (e.g., JSO designation, language, security clearance, advanced education).
- c. Manpower authorizations are also defined by year through the Future Years Defense Program.
- d. The manpower authorizations in the JTD should be compared with Service manpower allocations shown in their FYDP exhibits by program year, program element code, and manpower category (officer, enlisted, civilian) and disconnects resolved.

e. The effective date of FYs in the Joint Table of Distribution and the Joint Table of Mobilization Distribution is 1 October. This should not be confused with the position fill date, the estimated date that the position will be filled.

4. Annual Roll Forward of the Database

- a. By policy, manpower requirements change requests for the execution year will be processed for the budget year, except for the following circumstances:
 - (1) Directed by OSD or PBD
 - (2) Directed via the Resource Decision Process
 - (3) Required for the Joint Duty Assignment List.
- b. The annual archiving of current manpower data during the "roll forward" of the database to the next fiscal year occurs on 1 July of the current year. The Joint Manpower and Personnel System does not allow changes to the data after it has been archived; therefore, every manpower change executed after the annual roll forward will be reflected in the budget year or program years as appropriate.
- c. Example: Figure D-4 on page D-7 shows a printout of a JTD immediately before a "roll forward." Seven years are shown in columns to the right of each position listed.
- (1) In Figure D-4, "96" is shown directly under the first column labeled "PFY".
 - (2) The next column, "97" is labeled CFY.
- (3) The five columns to the right of the CFY show five Program Years, (in this case, FY-98 through FY-02).
- d. On 1 July 1997, at the beginning of the fourth quarter of FY-97, all of the authorization columns will be "rolled forward," (i.e., one column to the left). Figure D-5 on Page D-8 shows the same JTD immediately after a roll forward.
- (1) The FY-96 column of data on the left will no longer be printed on the JTD, although it will remain in the database.

- (2) The FY-97 column of data will move from the "CFY" (Current Fiscal Year) column to the "PFY" (Past Fiscal Year) column.
- (3) The FY-98 column will move from the first Program Year to the (Current Fiscal Year) "CFY" column.
- (4) All of the other columns of data in the Program Years will shift correspondingly one column to the left.
- (5) Each year as the data is moved from the CFY column to the PFY column, JMAPS automatically freezes and archives the data. The data in the PFY column cannot be changed, either at the central or the activity sites.
- (6) Due to system requirements, all database entries after the roll forward on 1 July 1997 will be shown in FY-98, the new CFY column.
- (7) However, by policy, manpower actions approved after 1 October 1997(FY-98) will be shown in FY-99 or future program years.
- 5. The Joint Table of Mobilization Distribution. The JTMD is the mobilization equivalent of the Joint Table of Distribution, and it is an integral part of the Joint Manpower Program. There are two major differences between the JTD and the JTMD; the JTMD does not show program years, and the JTMD has a code for drilling category (level of funding).
- a. "A" in the source code filed indicates an authorization for an IMA, 48 drills.
 - b. "B" indicates an authorization for an IMA, 25 drills.
 - c. "C" indicates an augment unit billet (i.e., Navy unit or Army TPU).
 - d. "D" indicates an authorization for an IMA, 0 drills.
- e. A blank source code field indicates an Other Joint Augmentee, an unfunded, unmanned billet that will be globally sourced upon mobilization.
 - f. The JTMD is addressed in greater detail in Enclosure K.

Partial

JOINT TABLE OF DISTRIBUTION - MASTER

11-Jun-1997 9:44 AM

| PARA | | PARAGRAPH TITLE | | | | | | | | | | PFY | CFY | . Р | ROGRA | M. | YEARS | |
|------|------|---|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------|--------------|----------|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | LINE | BILLET TITLE REMARKS CODES BILLET COMMENT | POSNCODE | J/C | GRD | N/R | svc | SKILL | ADCODE | SVC UIC | PEC JTD | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 00 | 01 |
| 0100 | | DIRECTORATE, MNPR, PERS | & SPT (J1) | *** | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 001 | DIRECTOR, J1 C5,S066 | P0360003 | J | O6 | | Α | 41A02 | | W094AA | 0201498 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 002 | DEPUTY DIRECTOR, J1 C5,S099 | P0360036 | J | O5 | | F | 36C3 | | YM30FH9J | 0201498 | 1 | 1 - | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 1 | 1 |
| | 003 | MANAGEMENT ASSISTANT | | | GS | | N | | | 62874 | 0201498 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | PARAGRAPH TO | DTALS | FUNDED: NOT FUNDED: REQUIRED: | 3 0 3 | 3 0 3 | .3 0 3 | 3 0 3 | 3 0 3 | 3 0 3 | 3 0 3 |
| 0101 | 001 | PERSONNEL PROGRAMS OF C5,088,D002 | | | 04 | | F | 36P4 | | YM30FH9J | 0201498 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | | PARAGRAPH TO | TALS | FUNDED: | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | NOT FUNDED: | . 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | REQUIRED: | 1 | 1. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0110 | 001A | PERSONNEL SUPPORT (J11) CHIEF, PERSONNEL SUPPO C3 | | J | 04 | | F | 36P4 | | YM30FH9J | 0201498 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 002A | PERSONNEL TECHNICIAN | | | E7 | | Α | 75 Z 4O | | W094AA | 0201498 | 1 | 1 | 1. | 1 | . 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 003 | PERSONNEL TECHNICIAN C3 | | | E6 | | N | 0000 | YN1 | 62874 | 0201498 | . 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | PARAGRAPH TO | OTALS | FUNDED: | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3. | 3 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | NOT-FUNDED: REQUIRED: | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 0 | 0 | 0 3 | 0 |
| 0120 | | ADMINISTRATION (J12) | | | | | | | | | nedonieb. | · | • | • | • | ٠ | ٠ | · |
| J120 | 001 | SUPT OF ADMINISTRATION C3 | | | E8 | | F | 3A091 | | YM30FH9J | 0201498 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | PARAGRAPH TO | OTALS | FUNDED: | 1 | - 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | NOT FUNDED: | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | REQUIRED: | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 1 |
| 0130 | 001 | PERSONNEL PLANS & POLICY CHIEF, PLANS & POLICY C3 | P0360056 | J | O4 | | Α | 41A00 | | W094AA | 0201498 | . 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | PARAGRAPH TO | TALS | FUNDED: | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | NOT FUNDED: | Ó | o | 0 | Ó | Ó | Ó | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | REQUIRED: | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure D-1 Joint Table of Distribution

CJCSM 1600.01 30 April 1998 **Partial**

| PARA | LINE | PARAGRAPH TITLE BILLET TITLE BILLET COMMENT | GRD | 8 | SKILL | ADCODE | PEC JTMD | SRC | REQ | REMARKS | |
|------|------|---|-------|----|-----------|---------|----------|----------|-----|-------------------|--|
|)111 | | NAVY BRANCH/J111 | | | | | | | • | 0.000 | |
| | 009 | PERSONNEL CHIEF | E7 | N | 0000 | PNC | 0201498 | | | C5,O082 | |
| | | | | PA | RAGRAPH 1 | TOTALS | | FUNDED: | 0 | | |
| | | | | | | | | FUNDED: | 1 | | |
| | | | | | | | R | EQUIRED: | 1 | | |
| 113 | | AIR FORCE BRANCH/J113 | | F | 3S071 | | 0201498 | | 0 | C5,O082 | |
| | 022 | PERSONNEL SUPV | E7 | • | | | | | | 00/0000 | |
| | | | | PA | RAGRAPH | TOTALS | | FUNDED: | 0 | | |
| | | | | | | | **** | EQUIRED: | i | | |
| 1120 | | CIV PERSONNEL DIV/J12 | | | | | 744 | | • | | |
| 1120 | 021 | PERS STAFF OFF | 04 | N | 3985 | | 0201498 | | 0 | C5,0082,S076,E004 | |
| | 022 | PLNS & POL OFF | | Ä | 02A41 | | 0201498 | D | 1 | C5,O36 | |
| | ULL | PENS & FOE OFF | 03 | | RAGRAPH | TOTAL S | | FUNDED: | 1 | | |
| | | | | - | MONAPA | TOTALS | | FUNDED: | • | | |
| | | | | | | | | EQUIRED: | 2 | | |
| 132 | | EXERCISE AND READINESS BI | RANCH | | | | | | | | |
| | 020 | CONT PLANS & PROG | 04 | N | 3965 | 6410 | 0201498 | С | 1 | C5,O033 | |
| | 021 | CONT PLANS & PROG(JMA) | 04 | F | 36P4 | | 0201498 | N | 1 | C5 | |
| | 022 | CONT PLANS & PROG | O5 | N | 3965 | 6410 | 0201498 | С | 1 | C5,O033 | |
| | 023 | CONT PLANS & PROG OFF | O5 | A | O2A00 | | 0201498 | D | 1 | C5,O38 | |
| | 024 | CONT PLANS & PROG | O5 | N | 3965 | 6410 | 0201498 | С | 1 | C5,O033 | |
| | 025 | CONT PLANS & PROG(JMA) | 04 | F | 36P4 | | 0201498 | N | 1 | C5 | |
| | 026 | CONT PLAN & PROG OFF | 04 | A | O2A00 | | 0201498 | D | 1 | C5,O36 | |
| | 027 | CONT PLANS & PROG | 04 | N | 3965 | 6410 | 0201498 | С | 1 | C5,O033 | |
| | 028 | CONT PLANS & PROG | E5 | A | 71L20 | | 0201498 | | 0 | C5,O082 | |
| | 029 | CONT PLANS & PROG | E5 | A | 71L2O | | 0201498 | | 0 | C5,O082 | |
| | 030 | CONT PLANS & PROG | E5 | F | 3A051 | | 0201498 | | 0 | C5,O082 | |
| | 031 | CONT PLANS & PROG | E5 | F | 3A051 | | 0201498 | | 0 | C5,O082 | |
| | 032 | CONT PLANS & PROG | 04 | N | 3965 | 6410 | 0201496 | С | 1 | C5,O033 | |
| | | | | PA | RAGRAPH | TOTALS | | FUNDED: | 9 | | |
| | | | | | | | NOT | FUNDED: | 4 | | |
| | | | | | | | R | EQUIRED: | 13 | | |
| 0140 | | HQ SUPPORT DIVISION/J14 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 024 | ADMIN CHIEF | E6 | N | 0000 | YN1 | 0201498 | | 0 | C2,O082 | |
| | 025 | YEOMAN | E5 | N | 0000 | YN2 | 0201498 | С | 1 | C2,O33 | |

Figure D-2 Joint Table of Mobilization Distribution

L-5

CJCSM 1600.01 30 April 1998

| ARA | | PARAGRAPH TITLE | | | | | | | | PFY | CFY | Р | ROGRAM | | | | AUG. | | REQMTS |
|-----|-------------|---|----------|----------|---------|---------------|-----------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----|---|
| | LINE | BILLET TITLE REMARKS CODES BILLET COMMENT | POSNCODE | J/C GRD | N/R SVC | SKILL | ADCODE | SVC UIC | PEC JTD | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 00 | 01 | 02 | REQ: | SRC | PEC JTMI |
| 10 | | PERSONNEL SUPPORT (J | 11) | | | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | | | | | | *************************************** |
| | 001A | CHIEF, PERSONNEL SUP C3 | P0360066 | J 04 | F | 36P4 | | YM3OFH9. | J 0201498 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | | |
| | 002A 003 | PERSONNEL TECHNICIAN PERSONNEL TECHNICIAN C3 | | E7 E6 | | 75Z4O 0000 | YN1 | W094AA 62874 | 0201498 0201498 | 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 | - | | |
| | 006 | PERS STAFF OFFICER C3,O33,S076 | | O5 | N | 3965 | 1000 | 62874 | | - | - | - | - | • | - | • | 1 | С | 0201498 |
| | 007 | CASUALTY OFFICER C3,O33,E026 | | 04 | N | 3965 | | 62874 | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | С | 0201498 |
| | 800 | PERSONNEL TECHNICIAN C3,O33 | | E6 | N | 0000 | PN1 | 62874 | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | С | 0201498 |
| | 009 | PERSONNEL SGT C3,O35 | | E6 | Α | 75C3O | | W094AA | | | - | - | - | • | - | • | 1 | В | 0201498 |
| | | | | | | PAR | AGRAPH TO | TALS | FUNDED: | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | | |
| | | | | | | | | 1 | NOT FUNDED: REQUIRED: | 0 3 | 0 4 | | |
| 20 | | ADMINISTRATION (J12) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 001 | SUPT OF ADMINISTRATIO C3 | | E8 | F | 3A091 | | YM30FH9J | 0201498 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | | |
| | 003 | ADMIN SPECIALIST C3,O33 | | Ē5 | N | 0000 | YN2 | 62874 | | - | - | - | - | - | | - | 1 | С | 0201498 |
| | 004 | ADMIN SPECIALIST C3,0082 | | E5 | F | | | YM3OFH9. | J | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | | 0201498 |
| | 005 | CLERK-TYPIST C3,O082 | | E4 | | 71L1O | | W094AA | | - | - | • | - | • | - | - | 0 | | 0201498 |
| | 006 | CLERK-TYPIST C3,O82 | | E4 | | 0151 | | 52110 | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | | 0201498 |
| | 007 | CLERK-TYPIST C3,O33 | | E4 | | 0000 | YN3 | 62874 | | | - | - | • | - | - | - | 1 | С | 0201498 |
| | 800 | ADMIN SPECIALIST C3,0082 | | E3 | F | 3A031 | | YM3OFH9. | I | | • | - | - | | - | - | 0 | | 0201498 |
| | | | | | | PAR | AGRAPH TO | | FUNDED: | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | | |
| | | | | | | | | 1 | NOT FUNDED: REQUIRED: | 0 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 6 | | |

Figure D-3 Joint Manpower Program (Combined)

Partial

| PARA | | PARAGRAPH TITLE | | | | | | | | | | PFY | CFY | Р | ROGRA | M. | YEARS | |
|------|------|---|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | LINE | BILLET TITLE REMARKS CODES BILLET COMMENT | POSNCODE | J/C | GRD | N/R | svc | SKILL | ADCODE | SVC UIC | PEC JTD | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 00 | 01 | 02 |
| 0014 | | PERSONNEL, ADMIN AND S | ECHRITY | | | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | *** * ******* | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · | | | | | |
| | 001 | DIRECTOR | LODIGITI | | O5 | | F | 36P4 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 002 | CHIEF, ADMIN | | | E8 | | À | 71L50 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 003 | SECRETARY O106 | | | GS | | A | 00318 | | W37WAA | 0804751 | o | • | | - | - | - | |
| | 004 | MAIL CLERK | | | GS | | Α | 00305 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 005 | MAIL CLERK | | | GS | | Α | 00305 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 006 | MAIL CLERK | | | GS | | Α | 00305 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 007 | 1SG/CHIEF, SERVICES REP | | | E8 | | Α | 75Z5M | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 800 | ARMY PERS SVC REP | | | E6 | | Α | 75B30 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 009 | SEA PERS SVC REP | | | E6 | | N | 2526 | YN | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 010 | AF PERS SVC REP | | | E6 | | F | 3\$071 | | | 0804751 | . 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 011 | PERSONNEL STAFFING SPE O108 | | | GS | | A | 00212 | | W37WAA | 0804751 | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | • |
| | 012 | ADMIN SVCS ASST | | | GS | | Α | 00303 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 013 | STAFF ASSIST (TYP) | | | GS | | Α | 00203 | | W37WAA | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 014 | CHIEF, SECURITY | | | GS | | Α | 08000 | | W37WAA | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 015 | SECURITY ASSIST | | | GS | | Α | 00086 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 016 | SECURITY INFO NCO | | | E7 | | Α | 71L40 | | W37WAA | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 017 | SECURITY PHYS NCO | | | E6 | | F | 3P071 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | PARAGRAPH TO | TALS | FUNDED: | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | NOT FUNDED: REQUIRED: | 2 17 | 0 15 | 0 15 | 0 15 | 0 15 | 0 15 | 0 15 |
| 0016 | | ACADEMIC AFFAIRS DIR | | | | | | | | | ALGOIALD. | ., | 13 | ,,, | 10 | 13 | | 13 |
| | 001 | DIRECTOR | G0630001 | J | 06 | | Α | 01A00 | | W37WAA | 0804751 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 002 | DEP DIR ASSESS ACCRED | | | GS | | Ä | 00101 | | ******** | 0804751 | • | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | O62 | | | | | ,, | 55151 | | | 0004701 | • | • | | ' | • | • | |
| | 003 | DEP DIR ACAD PLANS & PRO |) | | O5 | | F | 82A0 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 004 | REGISTRAR | | | GS | | Α | 0301 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 005 | SECRETARY (OA) | | | GS | | Α | 00318 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | PARAGRAPH TO | TALS | FUNDED: | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| | | | | | | | | 2 | | | NOT FUNDED: | ō | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | i | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | REQUIRED: | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |

Figure D-4 Before Roll Forward

Partial

| PARA | | PARAGRAPH TITLE | | | | | | | | | | PFY | CFY | P | ROGRA | M | YEARS | |
|------|------|--------------------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|------------------|---------|-------------|-----|-----|----|-------|----|-------|-----|
| | LINE | BILLET TITLE | POSNCODE | J/C | GRD | N/R | SVC | SKILL | ADCODE | SVC UIC | PEC JTD | 97 | 98 | 99 | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 |
| | | REMARKS CODES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | BILLET COMMENT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0014 | | PERSONNEL, ADMIN AND SI | ECURITY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 001 | DIRECTOR | | | O5 | | F | 36P4 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 002 | CHIEF, ADMIN | | | E8 | | Α | 71L50 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 003 | SECRETARY | | | GS | | Α | 00318 | | W37WAA | 0804751 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | | O106 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 004 | MAIL CLERK | | | GS | | Α | 00305 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 005 | MAIL CLERK | | | GS | | Α | 00305 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 006 | MAIL CLERK | | | GS | | Α | 00305 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 007 | 1SG/CHIEF, SERVICES REP | | | E8 | | Α | 75Z5M | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 800 | ARMY PERS SVC REP | | | E6 | | Α | 75B30 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 009 | SEA PERS SVC REP | | | E6 | | N | 2526 | YN | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 010 | AF PERS SVC REP | | | E6 | | F | 3S071 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 011 | PERSONNEL STAFFING SPE | | | GS | | Α | 00212 | | W37WAA | 0804751 | - | | | - | - | - | - |
| | | O108 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 012 | ADMIN SVCS ASST | | | GS | | Α | 00303 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 013 | STAFF ASSIST (TYP) | | | GS | | Α | 00203 | | W37WAA | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1- | 1 | 1 |
| | 014 | CHIEF, SECURITY | | | GS | | Α | 00080 | | W37WAA | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 015 | SECURITY ASSIST | | | GS | | Α | 00086 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 016 | SECURITY INFO NCO | | | E7 | | Α | 71L40 | | W37WAA | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 017 | SECURITY PHYS NCO | | | E6 | | F | 3P071 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | PARAGRAPH TO | TALS | FUNDED: | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | NOT FUNDED: | 0 | 6 | ō | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 0 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | REQUIRED: | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| 0016 | | ACADEMIC AFFAIRS DIR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 001 | DIRECTOR | G0630001 | J | 06 | | Α | 01A00 | | W37WAA | 0804751 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Ð | 0 | 0 |
| | 002 | DEP DIR ASSESS ACCRED | | | GS | | Α | 00101 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | O62 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 003 | DEP DIR ACAD PLANS & PRO | • | | O5 | | F | 82A0 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 004 | REGISTRAR | | | GS | | Α | 0301 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 005 | SECRETARY (OA) | | | GS | | Α | 00318 | | | 0804751 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | • • | | | | | | | PARAGRAPH TO | OTALS | FUNDED: | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| | | | | | | | | | . Alvigiva II IV | | NOT FUNDED: | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | REQUIRED: | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |

Figure D-5 After Roll Forward

ENCLOSURE E

JOINT MANPOWER PROGRAM: SEMIANNUAL CHANGES

- 1. <u>Introduction</u>. Changes in technology, missions, and the world situation may lead to changes in manpower requirements. The primary factors in considering proposed joint manpower changes are the manpower requirements that have been determined and validated as necessary to accomplish a new or emerging function. These requirements will then be balanced against the ability of the Services to fund and provide an individual with the desired grade, skill, or any other special attribute that the billet requires.
- 2. <u>Types of Changes</u>. Proposed changes to the Joint Manpower Program fall into the following categories:
- a. <u>"Automatic" Changes</u>. These are fairly minor changes, but represent the vast majority of the changes requested by joint activities. Since automatic changes do not require Service coordination, the joint activity may submit an MRCP at any time and update the JMAPS database. For example, simple realignments within an activity identification number (AIN) can be "automatics."
- b. <u>Changes of Service Concern</u>. These changes are not reflected in the FYDP but are of great concern to the Services. These changes should be submitted via the MRCP process, and contentious issues should be resolved at the Service planner level. Changes of this nature have a more profound impact on the Services' planning and programming and, therefore, require closer scrutiny and management. They include:
 - (1) Changes to any skill code
 - (2) Uncompensated grade growth
- (3) Mismatches between existing validated manpower requirements and the existing personnel inventory to fill those requirements
 - (4) Additional training and language requirements

c. Changes that request additional manpower

- (1) <u>Change in Service Contribution</u>. The most common changes of this nature are the requests to change the Service designation of a billet or the drilling category of a reserve billet, because they represent changes in the contribution of each Service to the joint community.
- (a) These changes should be submitted in the form of an MRCP because, frequently, the resource providers can reach consensus on these issues to accommodate the needs of the CINC or other joint activity. However, the MRCP should be submitted individually so that other requests will not be delayed pending resolution of the issue.
- (b) If the issue cannot be resolved within the MRCP process, then the Resource Decision Process (RDP) manpower procedures in Enclosure F apply.
- (2) <u>New Missions or Organizations</u>. Utilize the procedures to request additional manpower authorizations in support of new missions discussed in Enclosure F.
- (3) <u>Fast Track Changes</u>. There always remains the option of accelerated processing to respond to a catastrophic or overwhelming need such as force protection. Designation of fast-tracking requires the consensus of the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the Services and will follow the procedures discussed in Enclosure F.
- 3. <u>The Joint Manpower Program Change Process</u>. Joint activities submit proposed changes to Joint Staff J-1 for approval and coordination with impacted Services. Approved changes are posted to the JTD or JTMD; changes that cannot be supported are returned to the requester. Figure E-1 shows the basic process for submission and review of proposed changes to the JMP. The specific responsibilities for execution of this process are described in the following paragraphs.
- a. <u>Combatant Commands, Combat Support Agencies, and Joint Activities</u>. Joint activities submit the proposed joint manpower changes to Joint Staff J-1. Joint manpower change requests should:
- (1) Explain the specific manpower changes requested in sufficient detail to allow Service manpower and personnel staffs to identify the positions to be changed.

- (2) Establish the proposed effective date for the change. Ensure sufficient lead time for Service personnel actions or FYDP programming actions has been allowed. Only changes of a highly critical nature will be effected during the year of execution.
- (3) Identify suitable trade-off resources; positions already coordinated and programmed for deletion are not acceptable as trade-offs, because they have already been removed from the Service FYDP.
- (4) Include a rationale to justify the proposed change to the impacted Services or other resource providers, and explain the potential impact if the change is not approved.
- b. The Joint Staff (J-1 and DJS). The Joint Staff J-1 will process all joint manpower actions to provide management control of the joint manpower program and data system. Joint Staff J-1 responsibilities include the following:
- (1) Review change requests and determine if Service (resource provider) coordination is required based on the specific actions requested.
- (2) Update the JTD or JTMD when no coordination is required; forward changes to Service counterparts who will update their respective Service manpower and personnel data systems accordingly.
- (3) Request inputs from impacted Services or other resource managers for actions that require coordination.
- (4) Review Service and resource provider comments and take appropriate action.
- (a) When all activities concur, the Joint Staff J-1 approves the request, updates the JTD or JTMD, informs the requesting activity, and informs the impacted Services so they may update their manpower and personnel data systems.
- (b) When activities disagree, the Joint Staff J-1 leads the effort to reconcile inputs and reach a decision. Decision briefings to the Deputy Operations Deputies may be required to resolve contentious issues in Joint Strategic Planning System (JSPS) (Tank) meetings.
- (c) If the conclusion of the JSPS (Tank) process is to support the CINC requirement, then the Joint Staff J-1 will approve the change,

update the JTD or JTMD, and inform both the requesting activity and the impacted Services.

- (d) If the conclusion of the JSPS (Tank) process is to support the Service nonconcurrence, then the Joint Staff J-1 will inform the requesting activity that the action could not be supported and offer an alternate course of action.
- (e) The Joint Staff J-1 will approve and publish the JTD or JTMD twice a year after each of the semiannual changes has been processed.
- c. <u>Military Departments</u>. The Services review the proposed changes and evaluate their ability to fund the manpower requirements and staff them with individuals who possess the requested attributes.
- (1) The Services review proposed joint manpower changes to determine if they can resource the endstrength, grades, and skills requested (or drill categories in the case of Reserve manpower). If the Service cannot satisfy the proposed changes, then they should propose an alternate plan, when possible.
- (2) When assignment or programming lead times preclude approving the request as submitted, the Services should indicate when the action could be implemented.
- (3) When proposed joint manpower changes have been approved, the Services will update their internal manpower and personnel documentation systems. See Enclosure J.
- (4) The Services and other resource providers should furnish applicable FYDP exhibits to the CINCs annually following the President's budget submission. The exhibits should include each command's portion in sufficient detail so that the joint activities may have visibility into the funding process, and disconnects, if any, can be resolved.
- (5) Services should return a validation copy of the billet requisition reflecting the approved changes to the requesting activity.
- (6) The Services should support all approved joint authorizations. However, for those skills and grades that are critically short, the Services may coordinate a suitable substitution with the impacted joint activity and the Joint Staff J-1.

(7) At the beginning of each fiscal year, the Services should provide the Joint Staff J-1 and the joint community a list of skill codes in critical shortage to facilitate the joint community's careful review of the current allocation and management of these critical skills. The Services should keep the Joint Staff J-1 informed of any critical skill shortages at least annually, or as they become apparent, to help manage scarce assets.

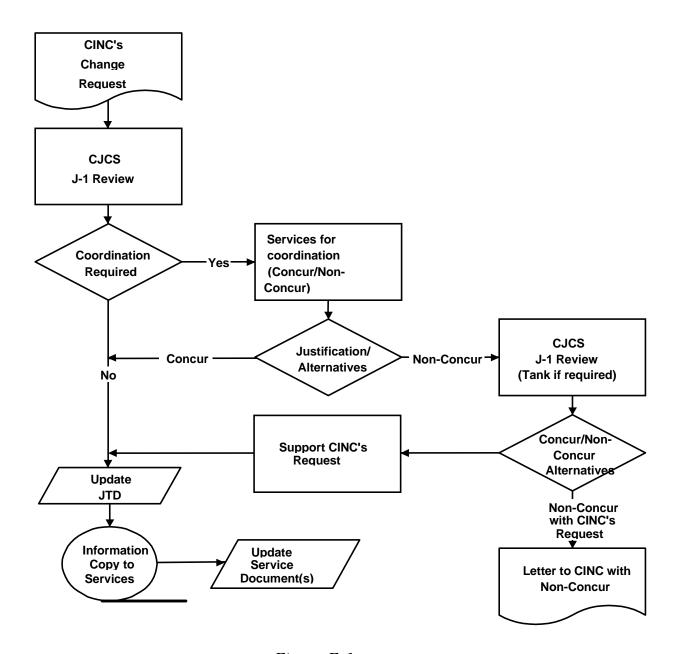


Figure E-1 Joint Manpower Program Change Process Not Requiring Joint Growth

- 4. <u>Joint Manpower Program Change Guidelines</u>. The following guidelines, together with the timeline (Figure E-2), the Coordination Matrix, (Figure E-3), and the Manpower Requirements Change Package (MRCP) Process (Figure E-4) govern submission and approval of proposed changes to joint manpower requirements.
- a. Changes to joint manpower requirements for the current fiscal year (often referred to as the execution year) must be held to the absolute minimum, because they require redistribution of allocated resources and do not allow for training, requisitions, and Permanent Change of Station moves. These changes will be made only when directed by the Chairman, or on an exception basis with the approval of the affected Services.
- b. Proposed changes must comply with ceilings imposed by Congress or the Secretary of Defense, such as those for management headquarters or overseas troop strength ceilings.
- c. Proposed changes in skills, grades, or Service mix that would force a personnel assignment action should be programmed far enough in advance to allow for conversions to occur prior to the reassignment of the incumbent. In general, Services require at least 9 months for personnel assignment actions after documentation of the JMP. See Figure J-2 in Enclosure J for the lead time required by each Service.
- d. Changes to joint manpower requirements for the coming fiscal year (often referred to as budget year) should allow time for requisitioning, training, and PCS move.
- e. A request for additional joint manpower should normally be worked through the PPBS process as outlined in Enclosure F, and must be the result of a new or expanded program directed by the Secretary of Defense or the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff or included in Program Budget Decision or Program Decision Memorandum guidance. See Figure E-4, the Manpower Requirements Change Package Process, at the end of this enclosure.
- f. Proposed changes to joint manpower requirements should include identification of suitable trade-off resources for changes in authorized strength, grades, and program element codes. Trade-off resources may also be needed for specific skills/specialties if they are scarce skills.

- g. Manpower authorizations should not be adjusted in response to temporary changes in workload. Short-duration requirements should be supported through augmentation, civilian overhire, temporary duty, or other short-term solutions and not through realignment or addition of permanent manpower resources.
- h. Manpower authorizations should not be changed to reflect the characteristics or grade of incumbents.
- i. Realignment of existing authorizations that do not change the Service mix, military/civilian mix, skill/specialty mix, grade distribution, education and language skill, or program element code by Service may be implemented directly by the Joint Staff J-1. Impacted Services will be notified to update the data in their manpower and personnel systems.
- j. The initial focus of the Service's review of joint manpower changes should determine if the skill, grade, and Service requested are appropriate based on the billet description. The Service should then review its ability to resource the endstrength, grade, and skill requested. When the Services lack the resources to support the identified joint requirement, or the request contains an inappropriate skill, grade, or Service, they should propose alternatives that will help the command or agency accomplish its mission with the available resources.
- k. Mismatches sometimes occur between existing Joint manpower requirements and the Services' existing personnel inventory to fill the requirements. The mismatch is more significant among field grade officer positions, since such a small proportion of other pay grades are found on staffs in the joint community.
- (1) At the beginning of each fiscal year, the Services should provide a list of skill codes requiring special management to the Joint Staff J-1 and the joint community to facilitate the joint community's careful review of the current allocation and management of these critical skills. The Services should keep the Joint Staff J-1 informed of any skill shortages at least annually, or as they become apparent, to help manage scarce assets.
- (2) When the Services lack the resources to support the identified joint requirements, they should propose alternatives that will help the command or agency accomplish its mission with the available resources. Alternatives could include: grade substitutions (within the limitations of

the Joint Duty Assignment List), skill substitutions, language substitutions, and interim security clearances.

- 5. <u>Timelines for Submitting Joint Manpower Program Changes</u>. Figures E-2 and E-4 depict the semiannual JMP change schedule and process for joint activities.
- a. Unified commands and the Chairman's activities are divided into one of three groups (A, B, or C) to balance the throughput for the joint manpower system. For example, a routine change request sent to the Joint Staff in October should be published in an implementer by the following January. See Figure E-2.
- b. Exceptions: Requests for growth follow a different timeline and are addressed in Enclosure F.
- c. Changes involving GDIP allocation should be submitted in a separate MRCP annually, in May, to facilitate balancing GDIP accounts; this is addressed in Enclosure M.
- d. Defense agencies submit JTDs and JTMDs annually, usually in April.
- 6. <u>Timing of Manpower Requirements Change Packages (MRCPs)</u>:
- a. <u>Execution Year</u>. Execution year changes that are directed by the Chairman and/or approved by the Services, will be made on an exception basis only.
- b. <u>Budget Year</u>. MRCPs that affect the first budget year (the next FY) should be submitted during the first submission cycle of the year. Budget year changes submitted during the second semiannual cycle reduce the Services' ability to comply with these requests.
- c. <u>Program Years</u>. MRCPs that affect the program years (FYDP outyears following execution and budget years) should be submitted in the first submission cycle of the calendar year. This allows the Services to incorporate these changes in their POM submission to OSD in the summer cycle. Change requests that affect the FYDP and are submitted after this time frame will be addressed during the next POM cycle.
- 7. <u>Coordination Required for Joint Manpower</u>. The MRCP Coordination Matrix, Figure E-3, outlines the basic coordination necessary to make a change to joint manpower requirements.

- a. More coordination is required in the joint arena than in the relatively streamlined world of a commander of a Service major command, who is allocated a budget and endstrength to manage in order to accomplish the assigned mission.
- b. Unlike Service major commands, joint activities do not own their manpower. Although the combatant commanders have been granted primary military missions by law, they have not been granted their own manpower budgets to manage.
- c. Combatant commands, defense agencies, and joint activities control their own statements of requirements, with coordination focusing on manpower funding and personnel inventory issues.

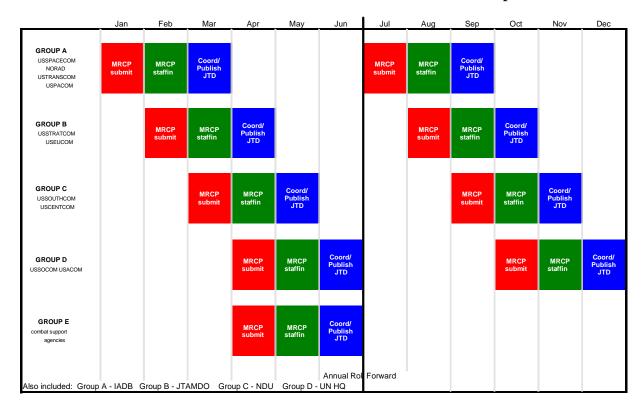


Figure E-2 Manpower Requirements Change Package Cycles Example:

- a. January 1999 (FY-99) during their first semiannual submission cycle of the year, USSPACECOM submits a manpower change request for budget year changes commencing in FY 01.
- b. February 1999 The Joint Staff J-1 reviews and staffs the request.
 - c. March 1999 The Services coordinate on the request.
- d. April 1999 Upon receipt of the Services' favorable reply, the Joint Staff J-1 publishes the implementer and updates the JTD.
- e. May 1999 The implementer is updated in the Services' manpower data systems to trigger a new personnel assignment requisition. See Enclosure J to forecast when the individual will report to USSPACECOM for duty.

| DATA ELEMENT | DEFINITION | EXECUTION | BUDGET YEAR | PROGRAM | |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------|--|
| ORGAN | IZATIONAL DATA | | | | |
| ACTIVITY | Activity | CINC ¹ | CINC | CINC | |
| SUB_ACT | Sub-Activity | CINC ¹ | CINC | CINC | |
| PARA_NO | Paragraph | CINC ¹ | CINC | CINC | |
| LINE_NO | Specific position w/in paragraph | CINC ¹ | CINC | CINC | |
| B_TITLE | Position Title | CINC ¹ | CINC | CINC | |
| SUIC | Service Unit Identification Code | SERVICE | SERVICE | SERVICE | |
| MANPO | WER FUNDING DATA | | | | |
| AUTH | Authorized Strength | OSD^2 | OSD ² | SERVICE | |
| B_SERVICE | Authorized Service | OSD^2 | OSD ² | SERVICE | |
| GRADE | Authorized Grade | N/A3 | SERVICE | SERVICE | |
| PE_CODE | Program Element Code | OSD^2 | SERVICE | SERVICE | |
| PE_CODE | Establish New Program Element | OSD^2 | OSD | OSD | |
| POSITION I | REQUIREMENTS DATA | | | | |
| B_SKILL | Skill/Specialty Required | N/A ³ | SERVICE | SERVICE | |
| B_TRAIN | Training Requirements (technical) | N/A ³ | SERVICE | CINC | |
| B_EDUC | Education Requirements (PME) | N/A ³ | SERVICE | CINC | |
| B_LANG | Language Skills Requirements | N/A ³ | SERVICE | CINC | |
| B_CLEAR | Security Clearance Requirements | N/A ³ | SERVICE | CINC | |
| B_ADDNL | Additional Skills Required | N/A ³ | SERVICE | CINC | |
| B_OTHER | Other Requirements | N/A ³ | SERVICE | CINC | |
| B_SPCODE | Subspecialty Code | N/A ³ | SERVICE | CINC | |
| OTHER | JOINT POSITION DATA | | | | |
| CRITICAL | Critical JDA Billet | OSD^2 | OSD | JCS | |
| JDA | Joint Duty Assignment Number | N/A ³ | JCS | JCS | |
| DUAL_HAT | Dual-hat Position | N/A ³ | SERVICE | SERVICE | |
| FCODE | Billet Function Code | CINC ¹ | CINC | CINC | |
| NOM_ROT | Nominative/Rotational Position | OSD^2 | SERVICE | SERVICE | |

NOTES

- 1. CINCs may implement actions that do not require PCS moves
- 2. OSD may direct changes to execution and budget years.
- 3. Changes are not normally permitted in execution year Figure E-3 Coordination Matrix

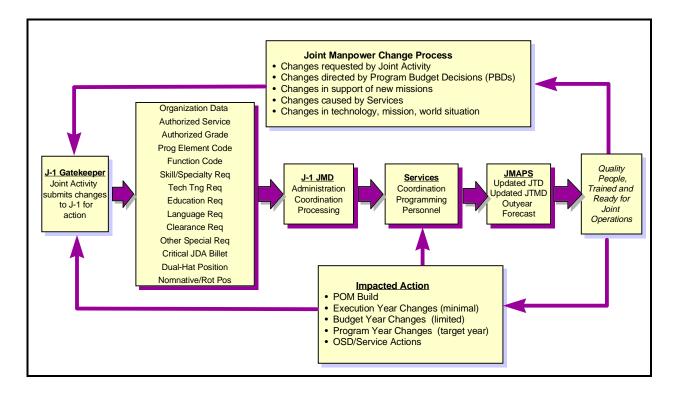


Figure E-4 Manpower Requirements Change Package (MRCP) Process

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ENCLOSURE F

JOINT MANPOWER PROGRAM: RESOURCE DECISION PROCESS

1. <u>Introduction</u>. This enclosure discusses the linkage between the JMP and the Planning, Programming, and Budgeting System process. It establishes a separate mechanism to manage requests for additional joint manpower.

2. Overview

- a. The JMP operates within an environment of limited resources. Defense agencies and joint activities must prioritize manpower requirements to fund the highest priority missions.
- b. The Resource Decision Process (RDP) creates standardized mechanisms, linked to the PPBS, to address requests for additional joint manpower resources systematically, as well as a process to reallocate joint manpower based on a comprehensive review of requirements. See Figures F-1, F-2, and F-3.
- c. The RDP is designed to produce timely, implementable decisions on manpower resourcing issues with full consideration of the comparative costs and benefits associated with these decisions.
- d. It allows each request to be viewed within the context of overall joint manpower requirements, provides balanced representation of all affected parties, and includes an appeals process.
- 3. <u>Resourcing Guidelines</u>. The following situations fall outside the resource decision process:
- a. Work created by joint activities will be absorbed within their own resources. Most "mission creep" that generates requests for additional resources will fall in this category. Requirements for an internally-driven workload should be supported by the normal MRCP process for internal billet realignment.
- b. Temporary work requirements will be resourced with short-term resourcing mechanisms such as TDY or Active Duty for Special Work.

- 4. Requests For Additional Joint Manpower. The following guidelines apply to those situations when manpower requirements are driven by external directives (i.e. UCP, SecDef, or CJCS decisions, etc.), and the work cannot be absorbed or the manpower needs resourced from existing billets:
- a. Requests should be staffed into Service POM cycles (generally, early December).
- b. Requests should be submitted for the program years. Budget year resourcing requests will be addressed only in the most unusual circumstances.
- c. Requests for joint manpower should be supported by the CINCs' Integrated Priority List, Joint Warfighting Capabilities Assessment study, or Joint Monthly Readiness Review input. Unsupported requests will not be considered without other indications of command priority.
- d. Requests for additional manpower normally are generated from one of the following processes (unless all Services concur):
- (1) A JWCA Study, generally supported by a Chairman's Program Assessment or Chairman's Program Review language, e.g., Joint Theater Air Missile Defense Office.
 - (2) The JSPS (Tank) process.
 - (3) A SecDef or CJCS decision.
- e. Requests for additional joint manpower should include position level detail (i.e., MRCP) and full justification for the requirements.
- f. If the additional manpower does not compete successfully in the POM process, requests will be handled by the RDP as follows:
- (1) May Jun The Joint Staff J-1 will coordinate the package with all applicable Services, combatant commands, and the CJCS-controlled activities and chair a Joint Manpower Validation Board to review all requests for joint growth. The Board will consist of Service Planners, subject matter experts, and Joint Staff representatives. The board will review the detailed position-by-position justification provided by the requesting activity and complete their validation process in June. Requesting activities should be prepared to attend the Validation Board to defend manpower additions.

- (2) June July The Requesting Activity and the Joint Staff J-1 will brief the DepOpsDeps on the requirement and Service and Joint Staff recommendations for resourcing (see para. 5 for possible resourcing options).
- (3) The DepOpsDeps will issue a unanimous decision to either approve or deny the request for additional manpower and if required, approve a resourcing method.
- (a) The issue will be forwarded to the OpsDeps for resolution if the DepOpsDeps do not reach unanimous decision or if the requesting organization requests to reclama.
- (b) By August, the Director, Joint Staff, will sign the implementing document including MRCP level of detail, i.e., a memo to the VCJCS requesting the Chairman's Program Assessment language to support the results of the RDP with copies furnished to all affected parties.
- (4) About December of the next Fiscal Year, the PBD to support the results of the RDP will be coordinated with all affected parties. Every effort will be made to ensure all parties receive copies of the PBD and that the PBD accurately implements RDP results. Normally, PBD directed actions are effective for the next FY (budget year) and do not direct current year (execution year) changes.
- (5) In January, the signed PBD will be distributed to all affected parties.
- (6) The Joint Staff J-1 will update the JTD and/or the JTMD to reflect the results of the RDP.

5. Resourcing Options:

- a. When additional joint manpower requests are supported for resourcing from existing joint manpower, the Joint Staff J-1 will apply the following guidelines to determine the specifics of any reallocation:
- (1) The manpower pool for reallocation includes the combatant commands, CJCS-controlled activities, and the Joint Staff, but not the Defense agencies.
- (2) Several methods can be used by J-1 to recommend resourcing candidates. For example, the manpower functional analysis baseline data can be used to help determine which organizations should provide

resources; or a macro fair share reduction can be levied with billet level details provided by the targeted activity. Note that the requesting activity will not be exempt from participating in reduction options.

- (3) Reallocation normally will occur in the first program year.
- (4) Reallocation may entail shifting of manpower from one joint activity to another as well as changing Service mix among joint activities. Example: A new requirement called for 50 Army and 50 Air Force positions. The command tasked to provide the manpower could provide 100 Air Force positions but no Army positions. Therefore, the command was reduced by 100 Air Force positions, 50 of which were then exchanged with 50 Army positions in other commands in order to meet the new manpower requirement.
- b. When the resourcing decision is for the Services to offset from manpower external to joint (i.e., for externally driven requirements), the implementing document will not identify the offsetting resources.

6. Other Considerations

- a. Timing of en route training and personnel fill for requested manpower will be included in the staffing package. Approved requirements, therefore, will have an estimated date for arrival of assigned personnel.
- b. Shortage skills will also be addressed in a staffing package. Since these have a limited inventory, requirements may be modified or the resourcing method may be different in these cases.
 - c. Services and other resource providers should:
- (1) Show all manpower resources throughout the FYDP that are authorized or budgeted for joint activities.
- (2) Make out-of-cycle allocations as required by any Program Budget Decision, Defense Management Resource Decision, or intercommand transfer of manpower authorizations.
- (3) Furnish applicable FYDP exhibits to the joint activities annually following the President's budget. The FYDP exhibits should include sufficient detail so that each command may have visibility into the funding process, and disconnects, if any, can be resolved.
- 7. Joint activities will confirm the accuracy of the PECs designated for each authorization.

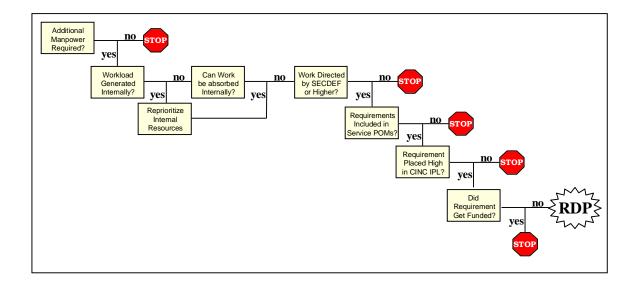
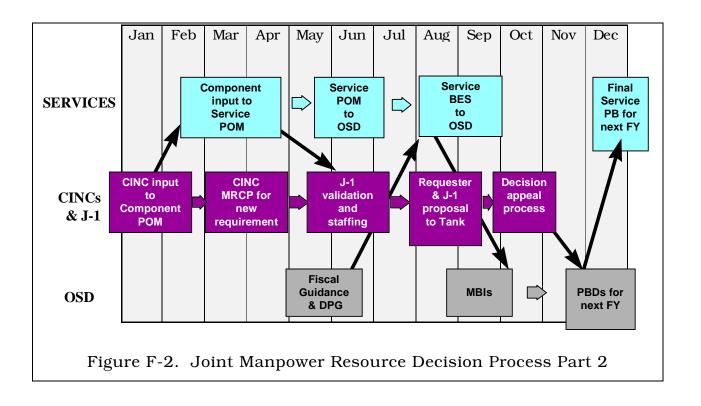
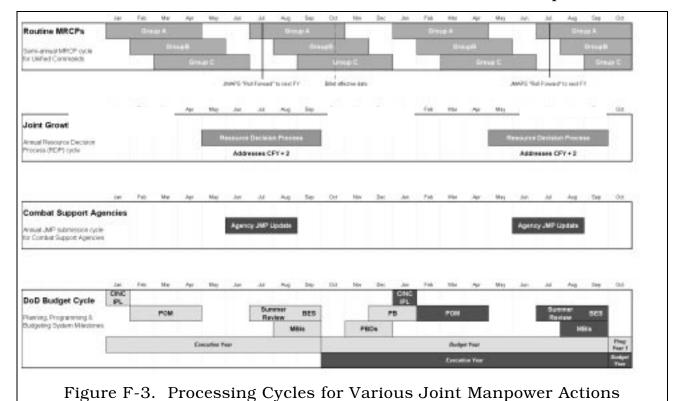


Figure F-1. Joint Manpower Resource Decision Process Part 1





ENCLOSURE G

JOINT MANPOWER PROGRAM:

PROCEDURES FOR COMBAT SUPPORT AGENCIES

- 1. <u>Introduction</u>. The term "combat support agency" is defined in reference e as any of the following agencies:
 - a. Defense Intelligence Agency.
 - b. Defense Information Systems Agency.
 - c. National Imagery and Mapping Agency.
 - d. Defense Special Weapons Agency.
 - e. Defense Logistics Agency.
 - f. National Security Agency (Reports directly to Secretary of Defense).
- g. Any other Defense agency designated as a combat support agency by the Secretary of Defense.
- 2. <u>Applicability</u>. The policies and procedures set forth in this manual apply to the combat support agencies, as well as the combatant commands and their activities, unless specifically stated in this enclosure. See Figure G-1.
- 3. <u>Submission Cycle</u>. There are several key differences in the JMP process for the combat support agencies.
- a. Unlike combatant commands, the combat support agencies listed above submit JMPs to the Joint Staff once a year.
- b. The combat support agencies submit their JMPs for review only after the budget issues have been resolved, generally each April.
- c. Combat support agencies will use the manpower authorizations contained in the President's Budget.
- 4. <u>Joint Manpower Program</u>. As a minimum, the JMP consists of:
 - a. A current Organization and Functions Manual providing:

- (1) A detailed organizational chart showing all military and civil service positions.
- (2) A description of the duties and responsibilities of each directorate, division, branch, and section within the organization.
- (3) A reference to the law or directive citing the responsibilities or tasks.
- b. A JTD, similar to the example provided in Figure D-1, showing a position-by-position listing of all peacetime manpower requirements through the FYDP by command, category, PEC, and funding by program year.
- c. The JTMD provides similar information for the Reserve components. See Figure D-2.
- d. Combat support agencies will submit their JMPs in the format described above accompanied by the following:
 - (1) Recap by grade and Service for each year of the FYDP
 - (2) Recap by program element code
 - (3) Drill category recap by Service and grade
- (4) Audit trail of changes from the approved JMP by Service, grade, and skill using the format shown in Figure G-2, Joint Audit Trail Format
- (5) Include applicable Program Budget Decisions and how the PBD decisions were implemented within the agency
 - (6) Justification for skill and grade changes
 - (7) Provide both a paper and electronic file copy, if possible
- e. The cover letter for the annual JMP submission should confirm that the JMP matches the President's Budget by Service, component, and PEC and lists the enclosed PBDs that directed adjustments to the last approved implementer.

5. Resource Review Process

- a. The manpower counterparts at the agencies and the Services normally conduct an ongoing dialogue to identify and resolve any potential discrepancies and reach a consensus.
- b. If, on occasion, an agency does not reach a consensus with one or more of the resource providers, then the Joint Staff J-1 will convene a panel to listen to all parties, review the issues, and recommend a resolution.
- c. The Joint Staff J-1 will coordinate the recommendations with the affected Services and then forward them to OSD for a decision.
- d. The Services may request a reclama review by the OpsDeps in a JSPS (Tank) decision briefing.
- e. USD (P&R) will make the final decision with respect to joint manpower issues. USD(P&R) will coordinate with the applicable Assistant Secretary of Defense regarding program issues. The applicable program authorities are listed below. See Figure G-1 for further details.

| Agency | Program Authorities |
|--------|--------------------------|
| DIA | ASD (C3I) |
| DISA | ASD (C3I) |
| DSWA | USD (A&T) via ATSD (NCB) |
| DLA | USD (A&T) |
| NIMA | DCI |

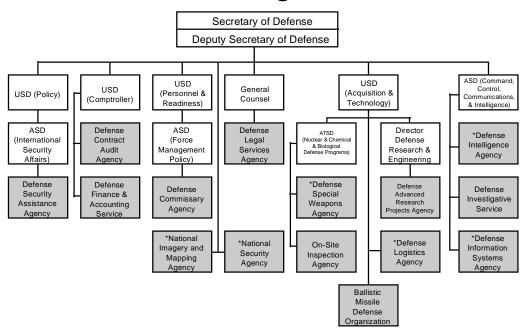
- 6. <u>Cycle</u>. The combat support agencies will submit JMPs to the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff annually following SecDef resolution of program and budget issues for that agency. The following milestones apply:
 - a. April agencies submit annual JMPs for review.
 - b. May The Joint Staff J-1 reviews and analyzes the agency JMPs.
- c. June The Services receive the JMP for coordination, analyze it, and provide comments.

- d. July Conflict Resolution:
 - (1) Planners' meeting (if required).
- (2) The Joint Staff will prepare and coordinate the action for the approval authority.
 - (3) Service response due (if any).
 - (4) JSPS (Tank) session (if desired) to hear Service reclama.
- (5) Forward the JMP to USD (P&R) for approval, who will coordinate specific program issues with the applicable ASD.
 - e. August Approval:
 - (1) USD (P&R) approval memorandum issued.
- (2) Publish and distribute the approved JMP for the forthcoming fiscal year.
- f. The Services will provide a copy of the implementing Service manpower documents to the affected agency and the Joint Staff.
- 7. <u>Management of Manpower Skills in Critical Shortage</u>. The Services will publish an annual list of skill codes, specialty codes, and grade levels, if applicable, that are critically short and require careful management.
- a. Combat support agencies have a large number of manpower authorizations with technical skill codes that are frequently in short supply.
- b. Combat support agencies and other commands will work closely with the Services and other resource providers to ensure the best use of critical skills.
- c. The Services should provide a list of skills or grade levels that may be substituted in lieu of the critical skill.
- d. Requests for additional authorizations of critically short skills will be reviewed by a panel to determine the best use of these assets.
- 8. <u>JDAL Policy</u>. All Defense agencies with manpower listed on the JDAL will adhere to existing JDAL policies delineated in Enclosure H. The different timelines followed by the JDAL Review Board and the Defense

agency JMPs may result in a longer lead time to effect changes in Defense agency JDAL positions.

Date: April 1997

Defense Agencies



* Combat Support Agency

Figure G-1. Defense Agencies

JMP AUDIT TRAIL FORMAT

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Figure G-2 Audit Trail Format

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ENCLOSURE H

JOINT DUTY ASSIGNMENT LIST PROCEDURES

- 1. <u>Introduction</u>. Title 10, USC, Chapter 38, "Joint Officer Management," reference e, established a goal to improve the performance of officers in joint duty positions by establishing procedures for their selection, education, assignment, and promotion. For more detailed information, see references f and g. Title 10 also mandated an annual report to Congress to monitor the status of joint officer management.
- a. To comply with the statutory requirements, the ASD(FMP) and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff developed the Joint Duty Assignment List, a listing of positions within a multi-Service or multinational command or activity involved in the integrated employment or support of the land, sea, and air forces of at least two of the three Military Departments.
- b. Successful completion of an assignment in one of these positions became one criterion for designation as Joint Specialty Officer. The JDAL also provided the data from which the Joint Officer Management Annual Report to the President and Congress was generated.
- 2. <u>Joint Duty Assignment List</u>. The JDAL, which must be approved by ASD(FMP), is a consolidated list of all JDAs. Positions considered for the JDAL are among the following:
- a. <u>Eligible Joint Positions</u>. O-4 and above positions, less professional (medical, legal, chaplain) and Reserve positions not on the active duty list for joint organizations directly responsible for joint planning and employment of joint forces.
- b. <u>Critical JDA Positions</u>. A critical JDA position is one that, considering the duties and responsibilities of the position, requires an officer particularly trained in and oriented toward joint matters.
- (1) The JDAL, by law, must contain at least 800 critical positions. To distribute this legal requirement equitably, all joint activities must review their critical position needs to ensure sufficiency in number, appropriateness of selection (in terms of meeting the definition), and appropriate balance among the Services and across skill lines; i.e., the Service representation of critical JDA positions should approximate the overall Service representation of the JDA positions.

- (2) Designation of critical positions is required by law. Critical positions are selected by heads of joint activities, approved by the Secretary of Defense, and documented in the JDAL.
- (3) Information regarding the number of JDA positions and the number of JSOs is required by law to be reported in the Goldwater-Nichols Act Implementation Report Appendix to the Secretary of Defense Annual Report to the President and the Congress.
- c. A JDA cross-department position is one in which an incumbent performs full-time duties with another Military Department or with the armed forces of another nation. Both the host and parent Military Department must approve the positions prior to board review. A position may be considered JDA cross-department if the following criteria are satisfied:
- (1) The preponderance of the duties meet the definition of a JDA and have been validated by the JDAL Validation Board.
- (2) The incumbent officer receives an official performance evaluation from an officer of the host department or host nation that is included in the officer's official personnel records. (Services may establish review procedures to ensure that performance evaluations comply with Service policy and procedures.)
- (3) The officer is formally assigned to a position outside his or her Military Department.
- d. <u>Dual-Hat Joint Duty Assignment Positions</u>. A dual-hat JDA position is one in which the incumbent has responsibility for both a Service and a joint, combined, or international organization.
 - e. Positions Specifically Excluded From the JDAL
 - (1) Assignments for joint training and education
- (2) Positions assigned to single-Service organizations or within an officer's own Military Department
- (3) Officer positions of grade O-3 and below and all enlisted positions
 - (4) Reserve positions not on the active duty list
 - (5) Professional positions (medical, legal, chaplain)

- 3. <u>Eligible Organizations</u>. Any multi-Service or multinational command or activity involved in the integrated employment or support of the land, sea, and air forces of at least two of the three Military Departments merits consideration for JDA. Such involvement includes, but is not limited to, matters relating to national military strategy, joint doctrine and policy, strategic planning, contingency planing, and command and control of combat operations under a unified command.
- 4. <u>JDA Fill Requirements</u>. At least 50 percent of each Military Service's JDAs must be filled by officers who have been designated as JSOs or JSO nominees.

5. General/Flag Officer Positions

- a. All G/FO actions will be handled by the Special Assistant for General/Flag Officer Matters in accordance with procedures established by reference a.
- b. G/FO JDA and critical JDA positions are documented in the G/FO Annex of the JDAL.
- 6. Joint Duty Assignment and Management Information System (JDAMIS). JDAMIS is the automated management information system and database maintained by the Joint Staff and Defense Manpower Data Center and managed and updated by the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the Military Services. It provides automated files reflecting the approved JDAL and personnel data pertaining to officers who are JSOs, JSO nominees, or other officers in JDA positions or attending Joint Professional Military Education (JPME). Current and historical JDAMIS data files are used to prepare the Goldwater-Nichols Act Implementation Report Appendix to the Secretary of Defense Annual Report to the President and the Congress. The position management file of JDAMIS constitutes the official statement of JDA positions and will be modified only with ASD(FMP) approval.
- 7. <u>Updates and Changes to the JDAL</u>. ASD(FMP), with the advice and assistance of the JDAL Validation Board, approves JDAL position additions and deletions to the JDAL. Proposed changes should be submitted through the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff for submission to the JDAL Validation Board. Information on positions deleted from the JDAL is provided in paragraph 10. More information on the JDAL Validation Board is provided in paragraph 8 below. The ASD(FMP), with advice and assistance of the DUSD(PI) and Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, approves changes (i.e., critical to non-critical

- JDA, etc.) of JDAL designations. Proposed changes should be submitted through the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.
- 8. <u>The JDAL Validation Board</u>. The Secretary of Defense approved the following JDA review system to ensure that all JDAs comply with law and policy. This system includes a structural framework for classifying current JDAs and future JDA candidates, a review board, and an administrative review process.
- a. <u>Charter</u>. The JDAL Validation Board is tasked to assess the joint content of the duties of candidate permanent manpower positions and recommend to ASD(FMP) whether it should be included on the JDAL.
- b. <u>Composition</u>. The Board has eight G/FO or civilian equivalent voting members, one designated by each Service, two from OCJCS designated by DJS, and two from OSD designated by ASD(FMP). Additionally, ASD(FMP) can elect to have another OSD "non-voting" representative to serve as an activity expert. The JDAL Validation Board is co-chaired by representatives from OSD and the Joint Staff.
- c. <u>Activities/Positions</u>. Activities and positions are divided into several categories for JDAL review.
- (1) Categories A through C include OSD, the Joint Staff, including J-2, the combatant commands, NATO and NORAD.
- (2) Categories D and E are organizational positions and unusual or extraordinary positions in Defense agencies, field activities, CJCS-controlled activities, various jointly manned activities, cross-department positions, activities outside DOD, and other miscellaneous activities.
- 9. <u>JDAL Validation Board Procedures</u>. The following procedures will apply:
- a. The Joint Staff J-1/JDAL Validation Board Secretariat will provide orientation briefings (Board procedures; review/validation package preparation) to the parent activities of the positions scheduled for Board review. The briefing will occur approximately 90 days prior to the anticipated Validation Board date and will begin the review process timeline.
- b. Activities will then prepare and return the required information in the specified format. Packages will include organization/mission description or charter, a diagram of the organization's structure, the

individual position description, and extracts from performance reports of the incumbent or predecessors.

- c. The Joint Staff J-1 will screen each package to ensure that the positions submitted meet the basic requirements of law and policy. The Joint Staff J-1 will return those that do not meet the basic criteria and forward all other positions to the JDAL Validation Board for consideration.
- d. Thirty days prior to the Board, the Joint Staff J-1 will forward the staffing package to the JDAL Validation Board members for staffing, consideration, and pre-vote.
- e. Twenty days prior to the Board, each member will cast one prevote, either yes or no, for each position under consideration.
- (1) Upon return of the Board members' pre-votes, the J-1/JDAL Board Secretariat will collate the results and, approximately 10 days prior to each board, notify the board and activity proponents whose positions require further review.
- (2) Positions approved by the pre-vote will be recommended for approval without further review.
- (3) The remaining positions (those not "approved" by the pre-vote) will be discussed by the formal validation board. Members will have 3 days to re-vote on these positions.
- (4) The Joint Staff J-1/JDAL Validation Board Secretariat will consolidate the Board's recommendations and forward them to ASD(FMP) for final approval and action.
 - (5) ASD(FMP) will promulgate the final action via memorandum.
- 10. <u>Additions and Deletions to the JDAL</u>. The Joint Staff J-1 will adjust the next edition of the JDAL in accordance with the procedures established by ASD(FMP) and summarized below:
 - a. Deletions from the JDAL
 - (1) Vacant positions will be removed immediately.
- (2) Encumbered positions will be coded for deletion, but the billets will be deleted only upon the departure of the incumbent, or after the incumbent completes full joint credit, whichever comes first.

b. Additions to the JDAL

- (1) The effective date of the JDA will be the date the memorandum is signed by ASD(FMP).
 - (2) The new JDA will appear in the following edition of the JDAL.
- (3) Joint credit is granted retroactively to the date the incumbent first reported to the specific position that has now become a JDA.

11. JDAL Validation Board Implementation

- a. ASD(FMP) notifies activities of the Board decision through appropriate distribution channels of approved adjustments to the JDAL.
- b. The Joint Staff J-1 makes the necessary adjustments to the next iteration of the JDAL and to JDAMIS.
- (1) JDAs approved for removal from the JDAL will be coded for deletion upon the departure of incumbent or upon 3 years service in the position, whichever comes first. The current incumbent will receive joint credit if the complete tour is served. If the position is vacant, the JDA status will be terminated on the Board approval date.
- (2) New positions approved by the Board for addition to the JDAL will be added on the date the memorandum is signed and listed on the next iteration of the JDAL. Current incumbents will begin to receive joint credit and come under the provisions of law and policy on the JDA approval date. Joint credit is granted retroactive to the incumbent's reporting date.
- (3) Once a position is reviewed and approved, JDA status is locked to the specific validated position. Therefore, any significant adjustments to the duties of the designated JDA position description will terminate JDA status and require the activity to request a new JDA review for the new position description using the JDAL Validation Board criteria.
- (a) Changes to grade, MOS, tour length, UIC, position title, etc., that do not affect the actual duties of the position, do not affect the JDA's status.
- (b) A review would be required only when the duties of the position change. For example, an activity deletes a Country Analyst and adds a Defense Information Warfare Officer. In this case, the position duties will be clearly altered so the JDA associated with the Country

Analyst will not be transferred to the Information Warfare Staff Officer position without Board review action.

- (c) Basic reorganization moves, (i.e. an activity reorganizes and a Central American Country Analyst becomes a South American Country Analyst) do not require Board review because the basic position description has not changed.
- 12. <u>Production of the Joint Duty Assignment List</u>. Although the production of each new edition of the JDAL is necessarily a team effort involving the cooperation of OSD, the Services, and all organizations represented on the list, the Joint Staff J-1 is responsible for production of the JDAL. The production process is depicted in Figure H-1.

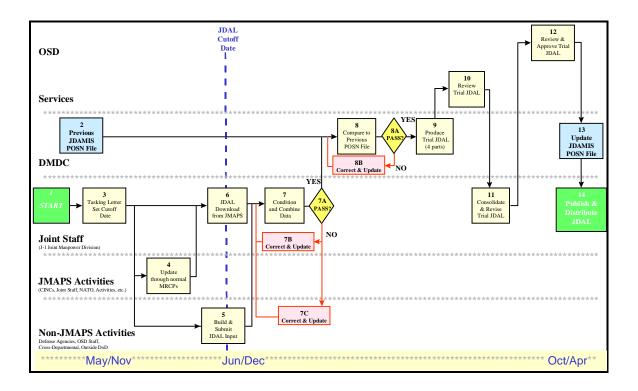


Figure H-1 JDA List Production Process

ENCLOSURE I

JOINT MANPOWER AND PERSONNEL SYSTEM

- 1. <u>Introduction</u>. The Joint Manpower and Personnel System (JMAPS) supports the JMP. JMAPS is a management information system that provides an automated method to coordinate manpower and personnel changes at the Joint Staff and manpower changes at the combatant commands and activities. The capabilities of JMAPS are discussed in greater detail in Volume I of the JMAPS User's Guide.
- 2. <u>Purpose of the System</u>. JMAPS allows joint activities and the Joint Staff J-1 to maintain, review, modify, and report manpower and personnel requirements. Additionally, JMAPS provides an interface to the JDAMIS for joint officer management.
- 3. Overview of JMAPS. JMAPS has been designed to provide users with the capability to manage manpower data, including the functionality to perform the analysis necessary to prepare a JMP for submission. JMAPS tracks all database information by activity and can store information for more than one activity. The functional needs served by JMAPS are:
- a. <u>Manpower Management</u>. The system provides an automated method to coordinate manpower changes at joint locations.
- b. <u>International Manpower Requirements</u>. The system provides an automated method to record and report manpower information related to NATO activities.
- c. <u>Personnel Security</u>. The system provides an automated method to store and report position, personnel, and security information for the Joint Staff.
- d. <u>Military Personnel Management Information</u>. The system provides an automated method to store and report personnel information for individuals assigned to the Joint Staff.
- e. <u>Managing Mobilization and Other Augmentees</u>. The system provides an automated method to track and report the mobilization augmentation of the Joint Staff and the organizations directly attached to the Joint Staff.

- 4. <u>Legacy Systems</u>. JMAPS is the product of reengineering legacy manpower and personnel systems whose data requirements were consolidated from the following five previously existing systems:
- a. The Joint Manpower Automation System was used in support of the JMP. The system provided an automated method to coordinate manpower changes at joint locations with the Joint Staff.
- b. The Joint Manpower Data System International Subsystem was used to record and report manpower information related to NATO activities.
- c. The Manpower Personnel Security System was used to store and report position, personnel, and security information for the Joint Staff directorates, including the Security Division and the Comptroller.
- d. The Military Performance Report System was used to report and store information concerning personnel reports for individuals within the Joint Staff.
- e. The Joint Mobilization Augmentation Document supported the tracking and reporting of mobilization augmentation of the Joint Staff and the organizations directly attached to the Joint Staff.
- 5. <u>Technical Architecture and System Requirements</u>. The Joint Staff JMD portions of JMAPS were developed to operate on the new Joint Staff office automation system. This system consists of personal computers used as workstations, a fiber distributed data interface network, and file servers.
- a. Within the Joint Staff, the support software includes the Microsoft Windows NT operating system, Microsoft Word, Excel, PowerPoint, User Manager, Administrator Open Database Connectivity, and Mail. The Joint Staff subsystems of JMAPS were developed using client server technology. Microsoft Access was used to provide the front-end components for the system and Microsoft Structured Query Language Server was used as the back-end component for the database.
- b. Joint activities are responsible for the equipment configurations on which their subsystems operate. The activity subsystem must be compatible with both Windows/MS-DOS and Windows NT operating systems. Most joint activity locations operate their subsystem within a Windows/MS-DOS environment. MS Access was used as the front-end and back-end components.

- 6. <u>Inputs</u>. Combatant command and other joint activity manpower inputs to JMAPS consist of manpower requirements changes submitted in data files, electronically approved by the Joint Staff, and applied to the applicable databases. Joint Staff J-1/Personnel Services Division (PSD) manpower and personnel data are entered interactively. Other inputs consist of various validation and code tables.
- 7. <u>Outputs</u>. Outputs from JMAPS consist of terminal displays, hard copy reports, updated data files, and code tables. Ad hoc queries can be run on demand by the user.
- 8. <u>System Security</u>. The JMAPS software is unclassified. The data entered and used in the system at the Joint Staff and at most of the joint locations will also be unclassified. However, the Joint Staff uses both unclassified and classified servers. It is possible that classified information may be used by the system at some locations.
- 9. <u>Future direction with JMAPS</u>. JMAPS is not complete, and it continues to evolve. One of the strategic goals for the future JMAPS is to move the subsystems used outside the Joint Staff into an environment where information exchange and interoperbility are enhanced. There should be an opportunity for each of the Services, coordinating Defense agencies, and coordinating CINCs to have access to the manpower data stored in JMAPS. In addition, personnel data should be incorporated into the manpower data for all joint organizations.
- 10. <u>Long-Term Objective</u>. The long-term objective will be to move toward a functional and technical architecture where the environment, infrastructure, and hardware are shared and integrated with other DOD systems. Future system development should be toward a dynamic, online system that:
 - a. Provides access for all appropriate users.
- b. Standardizes terminology and data descriptors across the Services, coordinating Defense agencies, and coordinating CINCs.
- c. Permits appropriate users to manipulate data and the corresponding data elements.
- d. Permits appropriate users standard reports and ad hoc query capability.
- e. Posts manpower decisions to the entire user community automatically.

- f. Establishes a common baseline of information which is constantly synchronized between appropriate users and data owners.
 - g. Protects and secures classified and personnel information.
- 11. <u>Reference Documents</u>. JMAPS users may consult the JMAPS User's Guide, now available in both electronic and printed forms. Users should refer to the following resources for additional information on JMAPS:
 - a. JMAPS Data Requirements Analysis
 - b. JMAPS PSD Subsystem Design Document
 - c. JMAPS PSD Subsystem Maintenance Manual
- d. JMAPS Joint Manpower Division (JMD) Subsystem Maintenance Manual
 - e. JMAPS User's Guide Volumes I-IV:
 - (1) Volume I, Introduction
 - (2) Volume II, Activity Subsystem
 - (3) Volume III, Central Subsystem
 - (4) Volume IV, Staff Manpower/Personnel Subsystem

ENCLOSURE J

JOINT MANPOWER AND PERSONNEL INTERFACE

- 1. <u>Introduction</u>. Once a manpower authorization is approved and forwarded to the Services, how long will it take for the person to report to the command? The response time varies from Service to Service and depends on the time of year. This enclosure describes the requirements, limitations, and critical milestones of each Service's system to help joint activities improve the timing of their manpower change requests.
- a. The entire process usually takes 10-22 months from the date the manpower change request leaves the joint activity until the new individual reports for duty. See Figure J-1.
- b. Figure J -2 at the end of this enclosure shows the equivalent terms and essential steps for each Service.
- 2. <u>Army Manpower Process</u>. The following are critical elements in the Army's programming, budgeting, and manpower process:
- a. <u>The Structure and Manpower Allocation System</u>. Contains the authorizations at the military identity (officer, warrant officer, and enlisted) and PEC identity. The Program Budget Guidance is developed from SAMAS and forwarded to the Army commands for planning, programming, budgeting, and execution purposes. (The PBG can also be forwarded to the joint and Defense activities for PPBS purposes.)
- b. <u>The Army Authorization Documents System</u>. The Army's Table of Distribution and Allowances contains the requirements and authorizations by paragraph and line as reflected in the JTD.
- c. The Personnel Management Authorization Document. The PMAD contains the authorized skill and grade detail for personnel distribution. The PMAD is top loaded by the Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel to project requirements into the program years. The PMAD is updated during the June/July timeframe after the Army's manpower change window. The Updated Authorization Document provides periodic updates to the PMAD.
- d. <u>The Officer Distribution Plan</u>. Since there are more officer requirements than resources, the Army developed an ODP from the PMAD to distribute officer resources. The Army's joint manpower policy

is to fill JDAL positions at 100 percent, and the remainder of joint positions at the Army average for a particular skill and grade.

- e. <u>Joint Manpower Change Requests</u>. All changes to manpower and personnel requirements will be made effective at least 12 to 18 months from the documentation of the implementer. The changes must first enter the Army's manpower system to allow visibility of changes in requirements. For example, the FY-98 changes made to Army documents in October 1997 will have an effective date of September 1998. The Army converted from two manpower change windows to one per year. Given the uniqueness of joint and Defense activities, the Army will continue to provide two manpower change updates per year: February-April and August-October.
- 3. <u>Navy Manpower Personnel Process</u>. The joint manpower actions reflected in the new JTD are updated to the Navy Activity Manning Document which then flows automatically to the Navy Personnel Command where the data is used in the assignment process. Specifics follow:
- a. <u>Activity Manning Document Update</u>. The AMD lists all Navy authorizations with position level detail by year through the FYDP.
- (1) The AMD is prepared and updated by the Navy joint position writers using the Total Force Manpower Management System.
- (2) TFMMS is updated within 30 days of receipt of the JTD implementer; however, this process is typically much shorter.
- b. <u>Navy Personnel Command</u>. TFMMS changes flow to the Navy Personnel Command and are used to support a weekly update of the Navy's personnel assignment systems, Officer Assignment Information System (OAIS) and Enlisted Assignment Information System (EAIS).
- (1) OAIS/EAIS is used by the individual career detailers to identify valid authorizations requiring fill.
- (2) Detailers normally program assignment actions with a 9 to 12 month lead time. (The lead time varies depending on the position requirements, the individual's current assignment, the deployment schedule of his or her current command, and en route training required.)
- c. <u>Normal processing and lead times</u>. The Navy Manpower and Personnel system normally can produce a fill for a new or changed position within 9 to 12 months from JTD implementer approval. Delays

may be encountered when the changes involve critically short skills or when changes in skill mix are made to an incumbent position. (The position will not be filled until the incumbent departs.)

- 4. <u>Air Force Manpower-Personnel Process</u>. Each joint activity has a servicing Air Force manpower office, either at its Air Force component headquarters or at HQ USAF. With few exceptions, the manpower/personnel interface process is the same for all joint activities. The joint manpower actions reflected in the new JTD are updated to the appropriate Air Force Unit Manpower Document which then flows automatically to the Air Force Personnel Center where the data is used in the assignment process.
- a. <u>Unit Manpower Document Update</u>. The UMD lists all Air Force authorizations with position level detail by year through the FYDP.
- (1) The UMD is prepared and updated by the servicing manpower activity, either a major air command or direct reporting unit.
- (2) When JTD changes are received by the servicing manpower office, they must first be translated into specific position changes on the UMD. This may be a time consuming process because there is not a direct link between JTD positions and specific Air Force UMD positions. Therefore, the Air Force manpower analyst may have to contact the joint activity to determine which specific Air Force position is to be changed.
- (3) UMDs can be updated on a daily basis, with changes flowing automatically to the specific consolidated base personnel office responsible for supporting the impacted unit and to the Air Force Personnel Center. Normally, UMDs are formally updated at least once a month.

b. Air Force Personnel Center

- (1) UMD changes flow to the Air Force Personnel Center and are used to support a monthly update of the master authorization file. The master authorization file is used by the individual career field managers to identify valid authorizations requiring fill.
- (2) UMD changes also flow to the impacted base personnel offices. If the base personnel office determines other than normal action is required, they may submit a fill request to the Air Force Personnel Center.

- c. Normal processing and lead times. The Air Force manpower and personnel system normally can produce a fill for a new/changed position within 9 to 12 months from the update of the UMD. Delays may be encountered when the changes involve critically short skills or when internal staffing time is needed to determine which specific Air Force position to change on the UMD.
- 5. <u>USMC Manpower Process</u>. There are three critical documents in the Marine Corps' manpower process: the Table of Manpower Requirements, the Troop List, and the Authorized Strength Report. These three documents determine what requirements will be funded and which positions will be manned. Even though the Marine Corps strives to fill 100 percent of its manpower authorizations in joint activities, they still require all manpower requests to follow this process.
 - a. Table of Manpower Requirements
- (1) The T/MR contains the unconstrained Marine Corps manpower requirements for the current staffing year and the following six out-years.
 - (2) The official T/MR is updated each April.
- (3) An electronic working file of the T/MR (a transitional database) is constantly updated as approved changes are received, but these updates become official only after review and publication each April.
 - (4) Personnel requisitions flow solely from the official T/MR.
- b. <u>Troop List</u>. This document allocates authorized manpower against the T/MR for the current year and the following five out-years. It is published each April after the T/MR is updated.
- c. Authorized Strength Report. Thirty days after the publication of the Troop List, the authorized manning levels for the budget year are then applied to the actual position requirements for each unit. The ASR allocates manning based on the individual grades and MOSs a unit requires.
- (1) In the ASR process the Marine Corps allocates manning at 100 percent of authorized positions in joint activities.
- (2) The ASR also produces allocations by grade and MOS for outyears, which are converted to the grade adjusted recapitulation for use in developing training input plans, promotion plans, and accession plans.

- d. Staffing Goal. The Deputy Chief of Staff Manpower and Reserve Affairs applies the actual available inventory against the allocated manning levels in the ASR to determine the number of personnel for assignment to each unit.
- (1) The staffing goal drives the position requisitions employed by the USMC personnel center.
- (2) The USMC staffing goal is updated on a quarterly basis to account for changes in inventory and assignment policy. However, the allocated manning in the ASR is updated only once a year.
- (3) Marine Corps policy is to staff all joint positions at 100 percent, except when the position calls for a skill in critically short supply.
- (4) A Marine can be expected to arrive within 6 months of a staffing goal update unless the position incumbent is still on station. In that case, when the incumbent departs, the replacement will be a Marine of the requested grade and skill.
- e. <u>Joint Manpower Change Requests</u>. All changes to personnel will be made effective at least one complete fiscal year in the future.
- (1) At best, the normal delay is at least 6 months between approval of a staffing year T/MR change and arrival of the individual.
- (2) Planning for future requirements using out-year T/MRs will enhance both the efficiency and effectiveness of this process.

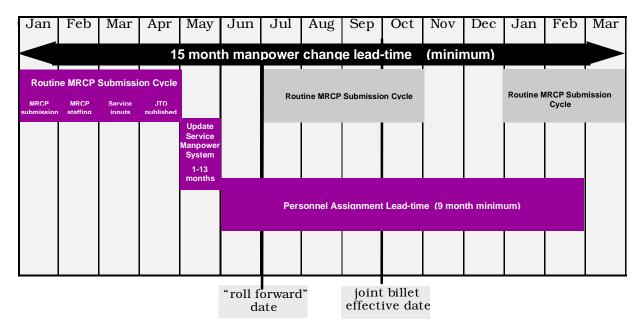


Figure J-3. Joint Manpower Planning Window

| | Army | Navy | Marine Corps | Air Force | Joint Staff |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|---|---|
| Service Joint | t Manpower Focal Point | | | | |
| where | ASA (M&RA) | CNO N1J | TFSD MCCDC | HQ USAF/XPMI | Joint Staff |
| who | Joint Manpower Analyst | N1 Directorate Planner | Joint Manpower Requirements Analyst | Joint Manpower Programmer | J-1 MMD Joint Manpower Division Chief |
| system | TAADS-R | TFMMS | T/MR | HAFMDS (HQ Air Force Manpower Data System) | JMAPS |
| Service Man | power System | | | | |
| where | DAMO-FD USAFMSA | OPNAV N12 NAVMAC | TFSD MCCDC | Major Command (MAJCOM) or Direct Reporting Unit (DRU) Manpower Office | |
| who | Force Integrators Command Managers Manpower Analysts | Manpower Analyst Community Managers | Manpower Requirements Analyst | Manpower Requirements Analyst | |
| system | TAADS-R | TFMMS EDPROJ ODPROJ | T/MR LMIS | MDS (Manpower Data System) | |
| Service Pers | onnel System | | | | |
| where | DAPE-PR PERSCOM | CNO N13, NAVPERSCOM PERS 4, PERS 45J, EPMAC | Personnel Management Div HQMC | AF Personnel Center | |
| who | PERSSOs Joint Account Mangers Assignment Officers | NPC Pers 4 Enlisted Assignments Div Washington Placement | Assignment Monitor | Career Field Manager | |
| system | PMAD/UAD PERSACS ODP EDAS | OAIS, ODIS (Officer) EAIS, RIS (Enlisted) | MCTFS Enlisted Staffing Goal Model Officer Staffing Goal Model | AFPDS (AF Personnel Data System) | |
| Normal proce | essing/update leadtimes | | | | |
| nanpower actions update cycle | semiannual | biweekly | annually (April) | normally updated weekly, at least monthly | |
| personnel update cycle | annual PMD; UAD - as needed | weekly | quarterly | monthly | |
| | | | | | |

Figure J-4. Service Manpower-Personnel Interface Comparison

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ENCLOSURE K

RESERVE SUPPORT TO JOINT ACTIVITIES AND

JOINT MOBILIZATION REQUIREMENTS

- 1. <u>Introduction</u>. The six Reserve components (RC) of DOD are codified in the same laws, primarily titles 10 and 32, USC. However, management of each of those RCs may vary among the military Services. The Coast Guard Reserve is also codified in title 10, but as an element of the Department of Transportation during peacetime, provisions of title 14 USC also apply to that force. Just as joint activities vary in mission and Service mix, so do their use and mix of the RCs. The most commonly employed RC support to the combatant commands are individual mobilization augmentees (IMA), units, and Active Guard/Reserve (AGR) personnel.
- 2. <u>Selected Reserve Augmentation</u>. Selected Reserve Augmentation can be in the form of Individual Mobilization Augmentees (IMAs) or Selected Reserve Units.
- a. <u>Individual Mobilization Augmentees</u>. IMA authorizations are individual military manpower positions identified as necessary to augment the active component (AC) structure of DOD or other US government departments or agencies of the US Government to support mobilization (including premobilization and/or postmobilization) requirements, contingency operations, operations other than war, or other specialized or technical requirements. IMAs are Selected Reserve members of the Ready Reserve who fill those authorized IMA positions.
 - (1) IMA use and management are outlined reference h.
 - (2) IMA Training Requirements
- (a) <u>Annual Training</u>. IMAs must perform, as a minimum, 12 days of annual training per year.
- (b) <u>Inactive Duty Training (IDT</u>). As members of the Selected Reserve in the Ready Reserve, many IMAs are authorized to perform IDT. Dependent upon the position, authorized IDT periods may vary from 0 to 48 drill periods per year.

- (3) IMAs may be administratively formed into detachments for ease of management and training. However, these detachments will cease to exist when all members assigned to those detachments are mobilized.
- b. <u>Selected Reserve Units</u>. These units are manned and equipped to serve and/or train either as operational units or as augmentation units. Members of Selected Reserve units have a training requirement of a minimum of 14 days of active duty for training (ADT) and 48 scheduled drills each year.
 - (1) Operational Units. Train and serve as units.
- (2) <u>Augmentation Units</u>. Train together, but when mobilized, lose their identity and members become part of AC units.
- 3. <u>Selected Reserve Requirements Determination</u>. Combatant command headquarters and subordinate activities are authorized Selected Reservists to support augmentation requirements.
- a. Combatant commands should determine and document their total wartime manpower requirements.
- b. Combatant commands should determine their capability to meet the established requirements using current active and reserve component authorizations.
- c. Deficits between peacetime authorizations and wartime requirements form the basis for evaluating requests for additional Selected Reserve authorizations.
- d. When additional RC support is needed, requests for additional authorizations will follow the resource decision procedures set forth in Enclosure F.
- 4. <u>Active Guard/Reserve Personnel</u>. AGR personnel are defined in title 10 USC, Section 101. AGR personnel are serving voluntarily on Active Duty Other than for Training or Full-Time National Guard Duty. AGR personnel are referred to as follows:
 - a. Army Reserve and Army National Guard AGR personnel.
- b. Navy Training and Administration of the Reserves (TAR) personnel and canvasser/recruiters.
 - c. Air Force Reserve and Air National Guard AGR personnel.
 - d. Marine Corps Active Reserve (AR) personnel.

e. Coast Guard Reserve Program Administrator (RPA) personnel.

5. Guidelines for AGR positions

- a. AGR positions should support the effective integration of RC assets into the organization.
- b. AGR authorizations should not be requested to circumvent limitations on management headquarters activities or personnel endstrength ceilings.
- 6. <u>Joint Table of Mobilization Distribution</u>. The JTMD identifies the changes needed in the organization's structure, realignment of peacetime manpower authorizations, and augmentation required to shift to a wartime, contingency, or mobilization footing. It is the mobilization equivalent of the JTD.
- a. Like the JTD, the JTMD requirements are defined by activity, PEC, and category.
- b. JTMDs also indicate the drilling category of the augmentee which, in turn, determines the peacetime level of reserve training and sourcing.
- c. Augmentation requirements must be coordinated with the applicable Services and RCs for funding approval and sourcing.
- d. The paragraph and line numbers on the JTMD show precisely where the position will be utilized during mobilization. (e.g., If an O-4 logistician will be a member of the watch section in the Logistic Readiness Center in USTRANSCOM during mobilization, then that position will be assigned the same paragraph and sequential line numbers within the Logistics Readiness Center.)
- e. Since the JTMD is an extension of the JTD, it should be reviewed routinely to ensure that it reflects:
 - (1) Mobilization needs of the organization.
 - (2) The organization of the current JTD.
- f. Currently, the JTD and JTMD can be set up either as a combined database and printout or as two separate documents. Figure D-3 is an example of the combined JTD and JTMD format.
- 7. <u>Active Duty for Special Work (ADSW)</u>. A tour of active duty for Reserve personnel authorized from military or reserve personnel appropriations for work on AC or RC programs (ADSW-AC funded or ADSW-RC funded). The purpose of ADSW is to provide the necessary skilled manpower assets to

support existing or emerging requirements. By policy, ADSW tours are normally limited to 139 days or less in one fiscal year. Tours exceeding 180 days are accountable against AC or AGR end strength in accordance with reference c unless specifically provided for in public law. Training may occur in the conduct of ADSW.

ENCLOSURE L

US MANPOWER FOR NATO MILITARY COMMANDS AND AGENCIES

1. Activities Concerned

- a. US contribution to Allied Command Europe
- b. US contribution to Allied Command Atlantic
- c. The US Element, International Military Activities, NATO Military Committee, headed by the US Military Representative. Included are:
- (1) US Delegation to the NATO Military Committee, the USMILREP's staff
 - (2) Military Agency for Standardization
 - (3) Office of Deputy Chairman, Military Committee
 - (4) International Military Staff
 - (5) NATO Communications C3 Agency
 - (6) NATO Defense College
 - (7) Advisory Group for Aerospace Research and Development
- (8) NATO Airborne Early Warning and Control Program Management Agency
 - d. Office of the National Military Representative SHAPE.
 - e. US Contribution to the ACE's Multinational Force HQ.
- f. US Contribution to ACE's Multinational Subordinate Principal Subordinate Commands. Included are:
 - (1) Interim Combined Air Operation Center
 - (2) Fifth Allied Tactical Air Force
 - (3) Sixth Allied Tactical Air Force
 - (4) Seventh Allied Tactical Air Force (when activated)
 - (5) Naval Subordinate Principal Subordinate Commands

- 2. <u>Responsibilities</u>. In addition to the responsibilities stated in other applicable parts of this manual:
- a. The Office of the USNMR SHAPE and USLO SACLANT are responsible for:
- (1) Acting as the primary liaison between the Joint Staff, major NATO commands, NATO's Multinational Force HQ, and sub-PSCs on matters regarding the US manpower contribution to ACE, international, multinational organizations, and ACLANT, respectively.
- (2) Distributing NATO documents and manpower requests and providing copies of US replies to ACE and ACLANT, as required.
- (3) Monitoring manpower requests to ensure compliance with the basic policy guidelines stated herein.
 - b. The USMILREP NATO Military Committee is responsible for:
- (1) Acting as the primary liaison between the Joint Staff and NATO commands on matters regarding the US manpower and personnel contribution to the USDELMC, the International Military Staff, and its associated agencies as depicted in the US Element JMP.
- (2) Advising the Joint Staff which manpower and personnel issues warrant attention and recommending a course of action, as necessary.
- (3) Submitting the US Element JMP to the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff for approval.

3. <u>US Manpower Contribution Validation Process</u>

a. General

- (1) The Peacetime Establishment (PE), the Emergency Establishment (EE), and Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) for Multinational Force Headquarters and Sub-PSCs reflect manpower requirements by duty title, nationality, Service, and grade. Post (position) numbers are assigned by functional areas for position identification.
- (2) Recapitulations by major functional areas and organizational elements are given by nation, grade, category, and Service.
- (3) NATO grades are reflected by OF (officer) and OR (other ranks) category. NATO OF grades correspond to US grades less one grade (e.g., US grade O-6 is NATO grade OF-5). NATO OR grades are equivalent to US enlisted grades (e.g., an OR-5 is an E-5).

- (4) Increases in US-authorized manpower normally will not be approved without identification and deletion of an equal number of like-Service, like-grade offsets.
- (5) Once the PEs and EEs are accepted by the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, with Service concurrence, the authorizations will be included in the Service manpower documents and supported by the Services accordingly. The funded EE augmentation requirements will be differentiated from unfunded EE augmentation requirements in the appropriate Service manpower documents.
- (6) NATO manpower documents do not contain sufficient position information data to support US personnel assignment needs. To compensate for this deficiency, full job descriptions must be submitted by the US Liaison Offices of the MNCs to the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, concurrent with submission of proposed PEs, EEs, and MOUs of new organizations and proposed manpower changes in existing PEs, EEs, and MOUs.
 - (7) Officer aides and enlisted personal staff
- (a) Except where specifically directed, US officer aides for US officers authorized for NATO activities will be carried on the PE or MOU and included as part of the US contribution.
- (b) US enlisted personal staff members allocated by the Services to support G/FO positions are not part of the US contribution and are not included on the PE or MOU.
 - (8) Dual-status positions
- (a) Certain US personnel are assigned dual-status posts in more than one NATO organization.
- (b) Other US personnel assigned to NATO posts have dualstatus in US national positions.
- (c) Dual-status posts are identified and annotated in the organizational documents of both organizations. These positions appear in the recapitulation of only the organization to which they are primarily responsible to preclude double-counting the position.
 - b. Review and Approval of PEs and MOUs
- (1) The Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, after Service coordination, will approve US support of the PEs and MOUs.
- (2) Changes to approved US Service totals, Service category (officer and enlisted), changes involving manpower from more than one US

Service, or US officer positions--O-6 and above--will be processed as follows:

- (a) ACE and ACE Multinational Force and sub PSCs through USNMR SHAPE to Joint Staff J-1.
 - (b) ACLANT through USLO SACLANT to Joint Staff J-1.
- (c) International Military Activities, NATO MC through the USMILREP to Joint Staff J-1.
- (3) Proposed changes that do not change Service totals, Service category, US officer positions O-6 and above, or involve manpower from only one Service, do not require CJCS approval and will be processed as follows:
- (a) ACE –through USNMR SHAPE to the Joint Staff J-1, who may pass this type of change to the Service concerned to be answered directly to USNMR SHAPE with an information copy to Joint Staff J-1.
- (b) ACLANT through USLO SACLANT to the Joint Staff J-1, who may pass this type of change to the Service concerned to be answered directly to USLO SACLANT with an information copy to the Joint Staff J-1.
- (c) International Military Activities, NATO MC through the USMILREP to the Joint Staff J-1, who may pass this type of change to the Service concerned to be answered directly to the USDELMC with an information copy to the Joint Staff J-1.
- (d) Any change not in conjunction with a regular PE or EE will be submitted as an out-of-cycle change.
- c. Review, Approval, and Activation of EEs. The following guidance is based on the principle that the United States supports filling EE positions and that filling NATO EE positions (to include NATO sub-PSC HQ, ICAOC, and the NATO Multinational Force HQ) should first come from US resources identified as US contributions to NATO.
- (1) The Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, with Service and CINC coordination, as appropriate, will approve US support of the EE.
 - (2) The Services will:
- (a) Review EE submissions and advise the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff if the proposed augmentee manning (manpower required for the EE over and above manpower provided in the PE) is supportable.

- (b) Support the validated and funded manpower requirements once the EE is approved.
 - (3) USCINCEUR and USCINCLANT, as appropriate, will:
- (a) Review the proposed EE and forward recommendations for augmentee support to the appropriate Service and advise of any impact on the ability to carry out the national mission.
- (b) Ensure US manpower identified for the EE is not otherwise committed in-theater in the same time frame.
- (c) After US approval of the EE, identify EE augmentation manpower from in-theater resources to the maximum extent possible.
 - (4) USNMR SHAPE or USLO SACLANT, as appropriate, will:
- (a) Submit proposed EEs and changes to the Joint Staff and Services for CJCS approval with a copy to the affected CINC.
- (b) Submit requests for US support of NATO exercises to the affected CINC for consideration.
- (c) Provide the affected CINC with any NATO documents related to manpower issues.
- (5) US military resources identified as US contributions to NATO that are not tasked with an EE requirement are available for other US wartime requirements.
- (6) Once all US contributions to NATO have been exhausted for EE fill, and it is determined that additional resources are required, the augmentee requirements will be reviewed as outlined in this enclosure to determine supportability.
- (7) The following commitments are engendered by US approval of an EE, which includes augmentation personnel:
- (a) Identify and train augmentation personnel indicated in the EE.
- (b) Provide and transport augmentation personnel to arrive at the designated location within the timeframe required by the EE.
- (c) Should there be competing requirements between the US CINC and NATO for the same manpower in an emergency, the US-approved EE commitment to NATO takes precedence.
 - d. US Support of NATO Exercises

- (1) The EE is not normally implemented for exercises.
- (2) The EE may be accepted as the basis for determining the type and number of personnel required for exercises.
- (3) The United States may support exercises with manpower requirements stated in the EE, subject to the following conditions:
- (a) Supporting exercise manpower requests does not degrade the combatant command's ability to carry out its mission.
- (b) All qualified PE manpower must be identified for the exercise before additional US augmentee requirements will be supported. US augmentation above the US-approved PE will depend primarily on the availability of manpower resources.
- (c) Any US augmentation requirements for NATO exercises should be coordinated with the US in-theater commander through USNMR SHAPE during the initial planning stage of the exercise. USNMR will seek assurance that every effort has been made to obtain augmentees from ACE resources prior to sending support requests to US commands.
- (d) Unforeseen requirements may be considered by the United States when NATO provides complete rationale.

4. Nominations for NATO Non-quota (NQ) Positions

- a. Requests from NATO for nominations for NQ posts are forwarded to the Joint Staff through the appropriate US representative or liaison officer, who may provide a recommendation to the Joint Staff on whether or not the United States should nominate to fill the position.
- b. In order to successfully staff a nomination request, a minimum 2-month lead time is required for nominations, with a fill date generally no less than 6 months from the date of selection. A recommendation from the USMILREP for the NATO command requesting nominations is also important for success. This does not preclude forwarding a request to nominate with less than a 2-month lead time; however, less time to staff the action would greatly diminish the likelihood of support.
- c. Special USDELMC procedures for International Military Staff (IMS) NQ posts.
- (1) In accordance with NATO MC 216/2, the IMS will provide annually a list of IMS posts for which nominations will be required in the next 12-month period. USDELMC will forward this list to the Joint Staff

- J-1 with USMILREP's recommended top priorities for nomination, keeping in mind that the Services can support only a limited number of NATO NQ positions. Supporting justification and appropriate job descriptions will be included.
- (2) The Joint Staff will then utilize this advice and work with the Services to place these nominative positions on the joint documents for planning purposes.
- d. Upon receipt of a request to nominate, the Joint Staff will forward it to the Services in accordance with the CJCSI 5711.01 Series. When a Service nominates a candidate, a comprehensive curriculum vitae on the candidate will be provided by the Service to the Joint Staff.
- e. It is imperative that a highly qualified candidate be nominated as early as possible in order to compete successfully with other candidates from the other NATO nations.
- f. G/FO NQ positions are handled by the Special Assistant for G/FO Matters, Joint Staff.

5. Critical JDA for US Positions in NATO

- a. Requests for additions, deletions, and changes in JDA list critical designators will be forwarded by the Senior US Representative of higher US authority of the NATO command in whose PE the JDA position is authorized, through the appropriate US liaison, to the Joint Staff J-1.
- b. The request must contain full justification for the change, accompanied by a NATO job description.
 - c. Upon receipt of the request, the Joint Staff J-1 will staff the request per procedures established in subparagraph 3b above. If recommended for approval, the Joint Staff J-1 will forward the request to ASD (FMP) in the next update of the JDAL.

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ENCLOSURE M

GENERAL DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM MANPOWER

MAJOR FORCE PROGRAM THREE

- 1. <u>Introduction</u>. The General Defense Intelligence Program (GDIP) provides resources for military intelligence units and activities within the National Foreign Intelligence Program (NFIP) other than specialized national reconnaissance, national cryptologic, and national counterintelligence programs. The program includes DIA, units from each of the Military Departments, and combatant command elements that have theater-wide responsibilities and significant national or departmental intelligence missions. The GDIP encompasses three functional areas:
 - a. DOD intelligence production.
- b. DOD collection activities--human source intelligence, measurement and signatures, and multi-disciplinary.
- c. Activities that provide infrastructure--management, personnel, training, ADP, security, facilities, etc.
- 2. <u>Authority</u>. The GDIP Program Manager, or Program Manager, is the Director of DIA and the senior DOD uniformed military intelligence officer. The PM has the responsibility and authority for managing GDIP resource planning, programming, and budgeting (reference i).
- 3. <u>Relationship to the Director of Central Intelligence</u>. The DCI develops the NFIP budget, with the advice of the program managers, departments, and agencies concerned with NFIP (reference i). The GDIP PM submits for DCI approval the GDIP resources to be included in the NFIP budget. The GDIP PM also recommends reprogramming actions to the DCI for final approval.
- 4. The GDIP staff and the Functional Managers. The PM manages program development and oversees execution with the assistance of the Functional Managers for production, collection, and infrastructure and the GDIP staff. These senior DIA FMs have functional management responsibility for program and budget across the GDIP, to include the Services and DIA. The GDIP staff assists the FMs by centrally managing the resource planning, programming, and budgeting processes. The staff develops, publishes, and distributes the PM's guidance, all policy, and instructions. The staff reviews and evaluates programs for adherence to policy and guidance, develops and presents the PM's

priorities; serves as management office for all GDIP matters (including Congressional actions) and tasks the FMs for support, evaluations, and advice.

- 5. <u>The GDIP Programming and Budgeting Process</u>. The Capabilities Programming and Budgeting System process is used by the NFIP programs and is similar to the DOD PPBS. GDIP competes with other NFIP programs for a share of the NFIP budget. The process entails the following sequence of events:
- a. Using the PM's guidance and priorities, each requesting unit or organization builds its GDIP proposal and forwards it to the next higher echelon. As these requests move up the chain, they are compiled into successively larger proposals.
- b. The Services and DIA ultimately receive and evaluate their own GDIP proposals, then submit them to the GDIP staff in March/April for review and consolidation. After consolidation, the Staff divides them into three functional areas, one for each FM. The FMs perform a functional review across the Services and DIA, then provide the result to the Support Staff.
- c. The three functional parts are merged and reviewed by the GDIP staff and the budget is presented to the PM. If approved by the PM, it proceeds to the Military Intelligence Board for review. The Board is chaired by the PM and includes the Service Intelligence Chiefs, the National Security Agency Director, the combatant command J-2s, and a Joint Staff representative. The Military Intelligence Board assesses the ability of the budget proposal to meet customer needs and has the authority to recommend changes. If the proposed budget is returned with changes, they are made and the proposed budget is submitted to the PM for final approval.
- d. About June, the program is submitted to the Community Management Staff for review, evaluation, and issue identification within the NFIP program. During the summer months, issues are worked much as in the PPBS, and the cycle ends with the BES going to the DCI, OSD, and OMB around mid-September.
- e. During the fall, budget reviews are held, DCI guidance is promulgated, and PBDs are completed. Finally, the President's Budget is submitted to Congress in January.
- 6. <u>GDIP Program Element Code</u>. With the exception of family housing added in FY98, all GDIP PECs begin with the same four digits, 0301XXX. The last two digits identify specific activities. The GDIP Procedural Guidance lists all GDIP PECs. No GDIP PEC can be changed without prior coordination and approval with the GDIP staff A PEC change that entails movement of

resources into or out of the GDIP will use the functional transfer process outlined in the GDIP Procedural Guidance.

7. <u>GDIP Joint Manpower Considerations</u>. After the President's Budget submission, around March of each year, joint activities will adjust the GDIP manpower on their JTD to reflect the same manpower shown for all years in the President's Budget. The GDIP staff will provide the unified commands with their GDIP manpower totals as reflected in the President's Budget. The DIA Comptroller (OC-5) is responsible for all DIA manpower.

8. Additional Information

- a. Reference j gives the DCI the responsibility to present the recommended budget for the NFIP to the President and Congress.
- b. Although DIA manpower is almost all GDIP, it also has Defense-wide programs in the Joint Military Intelligence Program, FCIP, and other intelligence manpower. Because DIA is a major player in the GDIP, it must align all of its manpower when it aligns GDIP manpower.
- c. In order to develop and orchestrate a coherent, consolidated, approach across the intelligence function, two relatively recent review and decision bodies have been created. Their authority extends across the several Defensewide programs in the Joint Military Intelligence Program and Tactical and Related Intelligence Activities, as well as ensuring coordination with NFIP activities.
- (1) The Expanded Defense Resources Board makes deliberate determinations and recommendations on issues and refers them to the DCI and the Deputy Secretary of Defense for decision.
- (2) An Intelligence Program Review Group reviews issues, analyzes priorities, and studies funding alternatives. Meeting over the summer, it is the vehicle enabling reasoned, corporate decisionmaking in intelligence.

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ENCLOSURE N

US MANPOWER IN SECURITY ASSISTANCE ORGANIZATIONS MAJOR FORCE PROGRAM TEN

1. Activities Concerned

- a. Security Assistance Augmentation to US Defense Attaché Office
- b. Military Assistance Advisory Groups (MAAG)
- c. Offices of Defense Cooperation (ODC)
- d. Offices of Defense Representative (ODR)
- e. Military Liaison Offices (MLO)
- f. US Military Groups (USMILGP)
- g. Joint US Military Assistance Groups (JUSMAG)
- h. JUSMAG Korea
- i. Offices of Military Cooperation (OMC)
- j. Mutual Defense Assistance Offices (MDAO)
- k. US Liaison Offices (USLO)
- 1. Military Assistance Program (MAP)
- m. US Military Training Mission (USMTM)
- n. US Embassies
- o. Other similar security assistance organizations (SAO) assigned to US Diplomatic Missions that manage security assistance programs.
- 2. <u>Statutory Basis</u>. The Foreign Assistance Act and the Arms Export Control Act govern the resourcing of SAOs. The Security Assistance Management Manual sets forth policy and procedures based on this legislation.

- 3. <u>Responsibilities</u>. The staffing of an SAO is the responsibility of the Chief of Mission.
- a. Reference k assigns primary responsibility for approval of changes in the size, composition, or mandate of an SAO to the COM in consultation with the Department of State. Approval of the COM is required for any change that:
 - (1) Affects the grade or Service of the SAO chief, or
 - (2) Changes the quantity of manpower authorizations in an SAO.
- b. Manpower resources will often dictate how an SAO can best function. The staffing will vary according to the size of the mission, country, objectives, working facilities, and arrangements, as well as the desires of the COM.
- c. The Director, Defense Security Assistance Agency, with combatant command, Joint Staff, and Service coordination, approves the final manpower authorization of the SAO. This is specified in the JMP, which authorizes military, civilian, and local hire personnel.
- d. SAO positions are identified by the "100XXXX" PEC. Other support may be provided by the host country under separate arrangements.

4. SAO Manpower Coordination

- a. A CINC may submit SAO JMP change requests to the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff. Changes must be clearly identified and contain supporting justification.
- b. The Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff will review and recommend changes to the Secretary of Defense.
- c. The Secretary of Defense may adjust organization numbers to respond to changing national needs. He has designated the Director, DSAA, to act as the final approving authority for security assistance authorizations.
- d. The Services program, fund (military positions only), and fill SAO positions.

5. Changes in manpower authorizations

a. The JMP should be reviewed at least annually to ensure that the SAO is manned in conformance with established policy for effectively managing security assistance programs.

- b. When changes are required for SAO JMPs (or when JMPs are required for new SAOs), the requests, with detailed justification, must be submitted to the Joint Staff through the combatant command (reference 1).
- c. Recommended changes must have the concurrence of the COM or Detachment Chief in an augmented office.
- d. Technical changes in job title, skill code, grade, and specialty branch for positions other than SAO COM may be resolved between the CINCs and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, who will coordinate with the Services.
- 6. <u>SAO Manpower Review Criteria</u>. The annual review of SAO programs should, at a minimum, address the following factors. CINCs may recommend changes in grade or Service responsibility for an individual country using the criteria listed below:
 - a. Authorized personnel strength and composition.
 - b. Specific programs to be managed.
 - c. Host-nation forces and programs.
- d. Relationship and attitude of the host-nation forces to US national objectives, strategic plans, and military objectives.
- e. Degree of importance and prestige the host nation attributes to the components of its armed forces.
 - f. Geographic Service balance.
 - g. Grade required and justification.
- h. Service, grade, and proximity of other senior US military officials in country.
 - i. Views of the US Chief of Diplomatic Mission.

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ENCLOSURE O

US SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND MANPOWER

MAJOR FORCE PROGRAM ELEVEN

- 1. <u>Introduction</u>. USSOCOM is charged by legislation and guidance to ensure adequate manning, training, resourcing, modernization, and readiness of all special operations forces (SOF) in support of the National Command Authority and all theater CINCs in pursuit of national objectives around the globe. USSOCOM has both CINC responsibilities as well as program and budget authority for Major Force Program (MFP) 11. This authority or responsibility allows USCINCSOC to program and budget SOF programs, structure, and associated manpower endstrength. USSOCOM has both joint and Service organizations that are required to be resourced through MFP-11. For the OSD staff, the ASD (SO/LIC) provides overall supervision, including policy and resources oversight under reference m.
- 2. <u>Activities Concerned</u>. MFP-11 activities include US special operations, psychological operations, and civil affairs forces. In addition, it includes USSOCOM, its Service components, assigned joint organizations, and theater CINC Special Operations Commands (SOC). The manpower associated with these MFP-11 activities, which include Service specific and joint positions, are planned, programmed and budgeted by USSOCOM.
- 3. <u>Statutory Basis</u>. References c and d provide USCINCSOC with the responsibility and authority to validate requirements, determine priorities, prepare, and submit to the Secretary of Defense program recommendations, and budget proposals for all MFP-11 forces.
- 4. <u>Planning and Programming</u>. USSOCOM MFP-11 funding requests are approved by the Secretary of Defense. Although USSOCOM funded activities do not need to rely on the Services to fund their manpower authorizations, USSOCOM nevertheless coordinates closely with the Services to ensure manpower is planned, programmed, and available for assignment to MFP-11 funded activities. Services will be afforded the opportunity to review and comment on all USSOCOM manpower authorization changes to facilitate preparation of their personnel manning plans, POM, and budget.
- 5. <u>Cycle and Approving Authority</u>. The Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff is the approving authority for all joint manpower and associated documents.

These manpower documents are coordinated with the Services to determine their ability to support required grades and specialties. USSOCOM considers both joint and Service-specific manpower requests from MFP-11 funded activities and recommends authorized manpower levels to the Secretary of Defense during development of the POM. Theater CINCs inform USSOCOM of unfunded manpower requirements through their Integrated Priority List (IPL). Semiannual manpower changes for other than USSOCOM's JTD can be forwarded at any time for validation by USSOCOM; but, if validated, may not be considered for authorization until POM development, unless the validated requirement is being satisfied using existing MFP-11 resources.

6. USSOCOM Procedures

- a. In 1989, the Secretary of Defense granted USCINCSOC programming and budget authority for MFP-11.
- b. The following procedures apply to MFP-11 manpower programming and budgeting procedures:
- (1) The Secretary of Defense accepts both MFP-11 and the Services' endstrength to the POM, adding them together to determine the total Service endstrength to be forwarded to Congress in the President's Budget. Congress sets new Service endstrength each year, which include MFP-11.
- (2) Changes to endstrength and ceilings are normally not permitted after the POM. The Services must budget the endstrength specified in the POM when directed by PDM, PBD, or DMRD. MFP-11 manpower changes not budgeted can be accommodated only via internal MFP-11 tradeoffs, and with compensation in accordance with Service personnel policy.
- c. The authority to acquire MFP-11 manpower does not relieve USSOCOM from complying with accepted manpower management principles, objectives, ceilings, and constraints. USSOCOM will coordinate their future MFP-11 manpower requirements with the Services to ensure support of requisite grade and/or skills and to determine Service-specific training and/or personnel requirements for the POM years. Manpower shortfalls stemming from this process will be resolved during the PDM and/or PBD cycles of the budgetary review.
- d. In order to meet new or emerging requirements, USSOCOM will make every effort to cross-level and source requirements from internal resources. However, due to the limited number of authorized MFP-11 joint and Service positions, USSOCOM may convert MFP-11 Service positions to MFP-11 joint positions or the reverse.

e. New outyear joint authorizations will be acquired through the MFP-11 POM with the concurrence of the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff in coordination with the Services.

7. Programming of Theater SOC Manpower

- a. Command and funding authority for the SOCs are separate and distinct responsibilities.
- (1) Command resides with the theater CINC. The CINC will request manpower funding of theater SOC requirements through the Joint Staff.
- (2) Funding authority rests with USSOCOM, who will develop a balanced special operations program that will include adequate and affordable manpower for the SOCs of the theater CINCs.
- b. Each theater SOC will submit its manpower requirements to the theater CINC. The theater CINC's IPL will be used to indicate priority for theater SOC manpower.
- c. Theater SOCs will submit manpower requirements, along with other requirements, to HQ USSOCOM as prescribed in reference n. During the SPP process, MFP-11 requirements will be prioritized for resourcing.
- d. All theater SOC JTDs will be coordinated with HQ, USSOCOM, prior to Joint Staff coordination with the Services.
- 8. <u>Management Headquarters Ceiling</u>. USSOCOM receives a management headquarters ceiling (separate from the Services' controlled ceiling) directly from the Secretary of Defense. USSOCOM controls and allocates this ceiling for HQ, USSOCOM, and its Service components.
- 9. <u>Civilian Authorizations</u>. MFP-11 civilian authorizations are Defense agency civilians who are managed to budget and funded directly from USSOCOM. Future Years Defense Plan civilian levels are targets for commanders that may be exceeded with USSOCOM approval only if a validated requirement exists. Although USSOCOM-funded civilians are administered by the respective Service's personnel system, control of the positions rests with USSOCOM.
- 10. <u>MFP-11 Service Distribution</u>. During the POM and budget development, USSOCOM will coordinate with the Services regarding the total number of joint MFP-11 positions required by Service and position category and the distribution of those positions among various joint MFP-11 activities. The Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, however, must concur with the activity

distribution of these positions and the theater CINCs, if applicable, must coordinate proposed manpower changes via JTD change to the Joint Staff.

11. <u>Management of MFP-11 Resources</u>. USSOCOM has authority for managing MFP-11 manpower resources. Resources will be aligned, reduced, or programmed, as determined by USCINCSOC and concurred in by ASD (SO/LIC).

ENCLOSURE P

DEFENSE HEALTH PROGRAM MANPOWER

MAJOR FORCE PROGRAM EIGHT

- 1. <u>Introduction</u>. The Defense Health Program (DHP) provides support for peacetime worldwide medical and dental services to the active forces and other eligible beneficiaries, veterinary services, medical command headquarters, specialized services for the training of medical personnel, and occupational and industrial health care.
- a. All of these activities are under the direction and control of the ASD(HA) (reference o).
- b. The ASD(HA) works through the Secretaries of the Military Departments to accomplish the Department's medical mission. The Assistant Secretary's responsibilities include:
 - (1) Developing a unified medical program and budget.
- (2) Developing policies that will allow the Department to perform its medical mission effectively.
- c. ASD(HA) prepares the DHP POM with input from the Service's medical commands.
- d. USD(C) issues overall fiscal guidance in separate memorandums to the Services and Defense agencies.
- e. ASD(HA) then transfers Total Obligation Authority to each Service by a separate memorandum explicitly to cover military pay for DHP manpower.
- 2. <u>Medical Manpower</u>. DHP is funded in Defense-wide operations and maintenance and procurement appropriations for non-tactical medical programs and controls all medical positions and resources that do not directly support combatant units, e.g., medical evacuation and field hospitals.
 - a. Changes to DHP positions must be approved by ASD(HA).
- b. Positions funded through the DHP cannot be used as compensation for position changes within the CINC headquarters.

- c. If a DHP position is deleted from a combatant command's manpower document, the resources associated with it are transferred back to ASD(HA) (not to the Services) for disposition.
- d. These positions are identified by "08077XX" as the first five digits of the PEC.
- 3. <u>Externally Controlled Manpower</u>. The DHP funded, managed, and tracked positions within a combatant command are externally controlled.

ENCLOSURE Q

MANPOWER FUNDED BY THE

TRANSPORTATION WORKING CAPITAL FUND

- 1. <u>Introduction</u>. The Defense Business Operations Fund (later changed to the Defense Working Capital Fund) was established in October 1991 by the Secretary of Defense under the authority of reference p. It merged into a single fund the former stock and industrial funds and several activities previously funded with direct appropriations. The DWCF financial structure contains four working capital funds (Army WCF, Navy WCF, Air Force WCF, and the Defense-Wide WCF). Its purpose is to improve the delivery of support services to the Department's operating forces while reducing the cost of operations. The DWCF financial structure links cost and performance through total cost visibility and full cost recovery.
- 2. <u>Activities Concerned</u>. The Transportation Working Capital Fund is aligned as an Activity Group under the Air Force WCF. The TWCF consists of the common-user transportation functions of the following areas: the Military Traffic Management Command, the Military Sealift Command, the Air Mobility Command, the Defense Courier Service, and the USTRANSCOM staff. Major programs supported are port operations, traffic management, sealift, and airlift. Of the areas financed by the TWCF, the USTRANSCOM staff and its direct reporting unit, the DCS, use joint manpower resources.
- 3. <u>General</u>. The TWCF is a revolving fund using a businesslike buyer-seller approach. Transportation customers establish requirements and are charged, through a rate structure, for the transportation services received. The TWCF uses unit cost accounting to forecast and control costs and monitors monthly plans for key financial indicators such as cash, net operating results, and accounts receivable/payable against actual accounting data. Unlike profit oriented commercial businesses, the TWCF strives to break even in prices charged to customers. Revenue from customers sustains the full cost and the continuous cycle of TWCF business operations.
- 4. <u>Planning and Programming</u>. USTRANSCOM's TWCF budget submission is submitted to, and approved by, the USD(C). USCINCTRANS (in his fiduciary role) works closely with the Military Departments (in their organize, train, and equip role) to optimize and properly size TWCF manpower levels. USTRANSCOM negotiates closely with the Services to ensure manpower is planned, programmed, and made available for assignment to TWCF activities.

USTRANSCOM reimburses the Military Departments for the cost of TWCF military positions; TWCF civilians are paid directly through the fund. TWCF activities are responsible to manage within Service-directed endstrength and civilian work year ceilings/targets.

- 5. <u>Joint Manpower Approving Authority</u>. The Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, with Service coordination, is the approving authority of USTRANSCOM and DCS JMPs.
- 6. <u>Program Element Codes</u>. USTRANSCOM staff positions funded by the TWCF are in PEC 0408098. DCS TWCF positions are in PEC 0408020.
- 7. <u>Functional Codes</u>. Functional codes for TWCF positions contain the suffix "T" to annotate TWCF funding.

ENCLOSURE R

ACQUISITION CAREER WORK FORCE

- 1. <u>Introduction</u>. Reference q provides for special management of a career Acquisition Corps within DOD.
- 2. <u>Service Secretaries and DOD Component Responsibilities</u>. Service Secretaries will provide education, training, and career development opportunities for members of their acquisition workforce. The heads of the DOD components with significant acquisition responsibility have similar responsibilities in their respective components.
- 3. <u>Acquisition Career Management Responsibilities</u>. The USD (A&T) is charged by the Secretary of Defense to manage the DOD acquisition force.
- a. The Service Acquisition Executive is authorized to carry out the powers, functions, and duties of the Service Secretary to manage the acquisition corps within each Service.
- b. Directors of Acquisition Career Management assist Service Acquisition Executives in these responsibilities.
- c. Acquisition Career Program Boards run Acquisition Corps Selection Boards and perform the traditional community management functions of accession, training, education, and career development.

4. <u>Joint Manpower Considerations</u>

- a. Acquisition manpower authorizations are not externally controlled; they are not identified by an exclusive PEC; and they are not funded by another resource provider.
- b. Changes made to acquisition positions will be submitted through the normal JMP process.
 - c. Services and Defense agencies should coordinate proposed changes to acquisition positions with their respective Directors of Acquisition Career Management.

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ENCLOSURE S JOINT MANPOWER PROGRAM FUNCTIONS LIST

| FUNCTION CODE | FUNCTION TITLE | FUNCTION DEFINITION |
|------------------|--|---|
| | | |
| A1000 | Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff | Principal military advisor to the President, NSC, and SecDef; presides over the JCS |
| A1050 | Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff | Designated successor and principal advisor to CJCS; member of the JCS; chairman of the JROC |
| A1100 | CINC | Serves as CINC of command/theater forces; exercises COCOM over organization and operation of all assigned forces and HQs IAW mobilization and policies established by the SecDef |
| A1101 | CJCS/CINC's Secretary/Flag Writer | Personal secretary to the CJCS/CINC; accomplishes personal, official correspondence requiring CJCS/CINC signature; keeps CJCS/CINC's itinerary; coordinates preparation of final point papers and trip books |
| A1102 | Executive Officer/Flag Secretary | Provides administration, special staff, and personal assistant to CJCS/CINC as required; receives, monitors, and edits messages and correspondence prior to CJCS/CINC approval, signature, and release |
| A1105 | Flag Writer | Assists CINC/DCINC; accomplishes personal, official correspondence requiring CINC/DCINC signature; keeps CINC's/DCINC itinerary; coordinates preparation of final point papers, conference materials, and trip books for the CINC/DCINC |
| A1107 | Aide | Assists Exec in supporting CJCS / CINC / G/FO's daily activities; sets travel requirements and escorts CJCS/CINC on official travel; advises on matters of uniform, ceremonies, and presentations |
| A1108 | Personal Security | Provides personal security support to CJCS/CINC and other VIPs |
| A1110 | Flag Mess | Provides special messing and food preparation services for General/Flag Officers |
| A1120 | General/Flag Officer Communications | Provides General/Flag Officer communications with other headquarters and with command activities while CJCS/CINC is away from headquarters |
| A1130 | General/Flag Officer Admin | Provides administrative services for General/Flag officers |
| A1150 | DCINC | Serves as the designated successor and principal advisor to the CINC and assists him in the performance of his duties. |
| A1200 | DJS/COS | Directs and coordinates the activities of the staff IAW policies and instructions of the CJCS/CINC |
| A1300 | DCOS/VDJS | Directs and coordinates staff activities IAW the CJCS/CINC's policies and instructions |
| A1400 | Commander / Deputy Sub- Unified Command | Serves as commander/deputy of sub-unified activity; oversees accomplishment of assigned mission. |

| A1500 | Special Operations | Commands Special Operations Center/Regional |
|-------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | Command | Operations Center; supervises directorates responsible for OPLAN/OPORD development, special operations, Joint Task Force operations, and threat assessment; |
| | | supports special operations exercises |
| A1600 | JTF Command | Commands Joint Task Force operations, supervises fusion center and collections procedures; oversees current operations and joint operations command and control facilities; responsible for C-E and logistical support to joint operations activities. |
| A2000 | Chairman's Representative | Serves as CJCS' representative to various boards to review or maintain treaty compliance. |
| A2100 | CINC/Subordinate Commands Liaison | Provides liaison support to other CINCs and subordinate commands concerning missions, changes to missions, exercises, operations, plans, readiness, status of forces, systems, patrols, equipment, etc. |
| A2200 | Forward HQ Element | Represents CINC in forward deployed area; provides command and control for the Forward Headquarters Element; serves as the US Team leader for bilateral planning teams involved with the development of bilateral contingency plans |
| A2300 | Washington Liaison | Represents CINC and command staff to DOD agencies and other agencies; provides host command staff |
| A2400 | Legislative Liaison | Provides information and advice on legislative matters affecting command requirements and areas of interest; coordinates congressional testimony |
| A2450 | Legislative Database Management | Maintains database of congressionally administered items requiring action; advises CJCS/CINC of items completed, actions taken, and schedule for remaining items |
| A2500 | Liaison | Represents CINC and command staff to other agencies |
| A3000 | Judge Advocate General | Advises CJCS/CINC on legal matters; advises and participates in development of international agreements; supervises Law of War program; provides legal opinion/review on combat exercises, training, disaster relief programs, acquisition matters and treaties. |
| A3100 | Command Surgeon | Advises CINC on medical matters; plans medical support for OPLANs; provides medical guidance to command and components regarding NBC and radiological contamination threats in view of contingency operations, disaster operations, and mobilization exercises |
| A3200 | Chaplain | Provides advice regarding plans and programs for ministry to personnel and alert forces in peacetime and wartime; determines plans, policy, and development for ministry during mobilization, conflict, and hostilities |
| A4000 | Public Affairs | Represents command as spokesperson; plans, directs and implements public affairs activities; prepares commander and key personnel for media sessions and advises CJCS/CINC on public opinion and public affairs program |

| A4100 | Stars & Stripes | Provides management of Stars & Stripes activities; |
|--------------------|--------------------|---|
| A4100 | Stars & Surpes | responsible for the publication, content, and coverage of |
| | | |
| A 4000 | Description and | the Stars & Stripes. |
| A4200 | Protocol | Supports VIP visits; plans and executes CJCS/CINC |
| | | social functions, agendas, itineraries, policies, and |
| | | conferences |
| A4300 | History | Prepares and submits command history; provides |
| | | historical analysis/evaluation; provides liaison with |
| | | Joint Staff, components, and other unified commands |
| | | and other military and government organizations |
| A4400 | Inspector General | Plans, schedules, conducts assessments of subordinate |
| | | joint commands' state of readiness; provides reports and |
| | | evaluations of studied areas, improvement areas, and |
| | | follow-up inspections; provides hotline for IG items of |
| | | fraud, waste, and abuse; audit capability |
| A4500 | General/Flag | Assists CJCS in managing all joint and outside-Service |
| | Officer Matters | G/FO oversight and billets, including those in OSD, the |
| | omeer matters | Joint Staff, Defense agencies, unified and international |
| | | commands, colleges, and other special activities. |
| A4600 | Safety | Provides command-wide safety policies and procedures; |
| A4000 | Salety | provides oversight to component safety programs |
| A4700 | CJCS/CINCs Staff | Performs research and analysis and prepares papers on |
| A4700 | = | |
| | Group | topics of CINC's interest, including national security |
| | | strategy matters and the CINC's role in the Joint |
| | | Strategic Planning System and the Planning, |
| | | Programming and Budgeting System |
| A5000 | CINC Advisor | Advises CINC/DCINC and senior staff on selected issues |
| A5100 | International | Provides advice on political impact of command's |
| | Affairs | operations and plans; acts as formal channel to |
| | | Department of State, diplomatic missions, and other |
| | | counterparts |
| A5200 | POLAD Support | Provides political and diplomatic advisory support to |
| | | CINC, DCINC, and senior staff with host nation officials, |
| | | and US Chiefs of Missions within the command's area of |
| | | responsibility |
| A5300 | Science & | Develops, assesses, and coordinates technical feasiblity |
| | Technical Advisors | of CJCS/CINC requirements; provides advice on |
| | | technical developments; focal point for test and |
| | | evaluation programs |
| A5310 | SIOP Science & | Provides counsel on science and technology |
| 110010 | Technical Analysis | developments and SIOP strategic warplanning issues to |
| | | the CINC; maintains liaison with DOD, industry, and |
| | | academia |
| A5400 | Quality | Provides advice on methods for institutionalizing a |
| A0 1 00 | guanty | quality improvement philosophy; recommends quality |
| | | and productivity improvement strategies to aid and |
| | | |
| AFFOO | Camian Bullet 1 | attain goals and objectives established by the CINC |
| A5500 | Senior Enlisted | Provides advice and staff on health, welfare, morale, and |
| | Advisor/Sergeant | enlisted personnel within the command; keeps |
| | Major/First | leadership appraised of problems and concerns of |
| | Sergeant | enlisted personnel |

| A5600 | Reserve Advisor | Advises the CINC on the management of assets, |
|-----------|-----------------------------|--|
| A5000 | Reserve Advisor | particularly those Reserve assets committed to CINC's |
| | | OPLANS; advises the CINC on the exercise of authority |
| | | over reserve forces and issues dealing with mobilization |
| | | of those forces |
| A6000 | Adjutant General/ | Coordinates base support functions for HQ activity with |
| A0000 | HQ Commandant / | the installation host; responsible for admin support, |
| | Director of | operating budget support, supply account, facility |
| | Management | maintenance and management, fleet management, and |
| | Management | housing requirements |
| A6100 | Administration | Provides administrative support to chief and all |
| A0100 | Administration | branches within organization; maintains document and |
| | | suspense control system; prepares documentation and |
| | | correspondence |
| A6110 | Office Support | Provide administrative and logistic support to include: |
| AOTTO | Systems | graphic arts, a/v support, office equipment |
| | Oystems | management, reprographics, printing, and distribution, |
| | | forms, and publications management |
| A6120 | Distribution | Manages command internal distribution and postal |
| A0120 | Distribution | processes; monitors the classified destruction facility; |
| | | provides central pubs management |
| A6130 | Editors | Review and edit all correspondence and documents |
| 110100 | 2411012 | produced by staff members to ensure correctness, |
| | | compliance with correspondence requirements, and |
| | | unity of style |
| A6140 | Declassification | Single point of contact to manage the declassification/ |
| | Management | document management program for the command |
| A6150 | Freedom of | Single point of contact for all requests for information; |
| | Information (FOIA) | reviews, researches, and distributes action items to the |
| | | appropriate office for response, coordinates replies |
| | | among several areas, and documents compliance with |
| A C 1 C O | Total constant 0 | the law |
| A6160 | Interpreter & Translator | Provides interpreter skills for deployed force commander so as to convey correct communications, |
| | Translator | so as to convey correct communications, correspondence, and legal precedence |
| A6170 | Office Supplies | Provide a central ordering, storage, inventory and |
| AOTTO | Office Supplies | accounting process to provide office supplies necessary |
| | | to accomplish the mission of the command |
| A6180 | Office Facility | Responsible for contract administration and facilities |
| 110100 | Support | management of all command spaces, including space |
| | | allocation |
| A6200 | Travel and Visa | Monitors travel and visa requirements; monitors theater |
| | | clearance issues; maintains passports and visas for |
| | | personnel traveling throughout the AOR |
| A6250 | Travel Orders & | Process all travel requests, produce official orders for |
| | Claims | approved travel; review individual travel claims for |
| | | accuracy; account for command travel funds expended |
| A6500 | Provost Marshall | Supervises internal security efforts; monitors military |
| | | customs issues; manages facility and physical, |
| | | personnel, industrial, and information security |
| | | programs; develops base defense plans; and develops |
| | | POW management plans |
| | | |

| A7000 | Dir/Deputy - | Directs manpower and personnel activities for the |
|-------|---|---|
| A7000 | Manpower & Personnel | command; manages all manpower and personnel policies supporting wartime and contingency requirements for operational and mobility utilization |
| A7001 | Manpower & Personnel Secretary/Admin NCO | Manages manpower and organization requirements; prepares MRCPs, maintains the JMP; prepares manpower issues for the PPBS; prepares command organization and functions and documents; and performs organizational alignments in support of new and changing missions and workloads |
| A7002 | Executive Support - Manpower and Personnel | Provides administrative, special staff, and personnel assistance to the director as required; receives, monitors, and edits messages and correspondence prior to director approval, signature, and release |
| A7005 | Administration / MILSEC - Manpower & Personnel | Provides administrative support to chief and all branches within organization; maintains document and suspense control system; prepares documentation and correspondence |
| A7100 | Manpower & Organization | Manages manpower and organization requirements; prepares MRCPs, maintains JMP; prepares manpower issues for PPBS; prepares command organization and functions documents; and performs organizational alignments in support of new and changing missions and workloads |
| A7120 | Joint Officer Management | Administer the Joint Data and Management Information System and produce joint officer management reports, including portions of SecDef's Annual Report to Congress, process all joint officer tour length waivers, and provide input on matters affecting JPME |
| A7170 | International Manpower | Provides and accounts for all manpower assigned to NATO and specified international organizations |
| A7500 | Personnel Management | Provides personnel, manpower, organization, and administrative management for the unit; performs general internal administrative functions for the command |
| A7520 | Plans and Readiness | Coordinates manpower and personnel requirements as part of the exercise planning process; coordinates structure and sourcing of augmentation requirements; participates on battle staff; oversees manpower utilization |
| A7550 | Joint Personnel Asset Visibility (JPAV) | Manages the JPAV database for each Service member in AOR. Database is used to make Theater decisions on operations tempo and deployment options |
| A7600 | Personnel Readiness | Develops CJCS policies, plans, and guidance on a broad range of issues affecting all military personnel; and advises on career guidelines for joint specialty officers, JPME, and types of duty assignments |
| A7650 | Personnel Services | Coordinates with Service personnel centers; processes personnel assignment actions, awards and decorations, promotions, personnel evaluations, and service school boards; and performs orderly room functions |

| A7700 | Personnel | Manages personnel programs (special actions, |
|-------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | Programs | retirements and separations, social actions, physical fitness, education, MWR, etc.); monitors quality of life of forces in assigned Area of Responsibility; coordinates |
| | | with foreign service counterparts |
| A7710 | Army Personnel Branch | Provides personnel services to assigned Army personnel |
| A7720 | Navy Personnel Branch | Provides personnel services to assigned Navy personnel |
| A7730 | Marine Corps Personnel Branch | Provides personnel services to assigned Marine Corps personnel |
| A7740 | Air Force Personnel Branch | Provides personnel services to assigned Air Force personnel |
| A7750 | Reserve Affairs | Primary Reserve component liaison; provides personnel services to reservists; advises command on utilization of Reserve component capabilities; advises CINC regarding Reserve component/personnel matters; and coordinates mobilization of reservists on the JTMD |
| A7800 | Civilian Personnel | Processes all civilian personnel actions (US and HN); coordinates civilian personnel policies with OSD, CJCS, host nation, host service; processes civilian payroll; and reviews civilian timecards |
| A8000 | Director/Deputy, Programs | Develops and maintains PPBS process within the command; identifies programming requirements and shortfalls and communicates the results to OSD, CJCS, and Congress |
| A8001 | Secretary/Admin NCO - Programs | Provides administrative support to the Chief of Staff as well as administrative services of all kinds to the entire directorate, division, or branch |
| A8002 | Executive Support - Programs | Provides administrative, special staff, and personnel assistance to director, as required; receives, monitors, and edits messages and correspondence prior to director approval, signature, and release |
| A8005 | Administration / MILSEC - Programs | Provides administrative support to chief and all branches within the organization; maintains document and suspense control system; prepares documentation and correspondence |
| A8150 | JROC/JWCA | Conducts assessments of major system acquisition programs for DAB and JROC; oversees Joint Warfighting Capabilities Assessment process; assesses proposed changes to DOD acquisition policy, and represents joint interests in the PPBS and acquisition management |
| A8170 | Program Management | Coordinates/develops operational requirements definition and refinement, systems integration, and procedures and policy for development and acquisition of directed programs |
| A8200 | PPBS | Reviews each Service's POM and reports to CJCS/OSD to the degree that they satisfied the command's requirements; develops Major Force Program POM for Services and Defense agencies |

| A8210 | Requirements | Establishes command requirements through centralized development of CINC IPL, program requirements, and interaction with Services and Defense agencies for POM development |
|-------|---|--|
| A8230 | Program Assessment | Provides objective assessments of strike mission area capabilities in order to shape and provide for the force of the future; identifies imbalances and recommends suitable, feasible, and acceptable solutions |
| A8240 | Analysis Staff | Provides operational and cost analysis for CINC, DCINC, and other staff agencies in support of operational planning, training effectiveness, and development and testing of joint tactics, techniques, and procedures |
| A8250 | Program Control | Develops, coordinates, and maintains integrated system of financial management governing program |
| A8300 | Programs and Budget | Manages the command PPBS efforts; develops and coordinates formal budget submissions; compiles CINC's IPL; and submits command inputs to the DOD Defense Guidance |
| A8310 | Budget | Prepares budget and monitors execution, provides budget management process, reviews operating budget, and develops budget guidance |
| A8320 | Payroll | Ensures payroll accounting is accomplished in conformance to budget and workyears allocated |
| A8330 | Travel Pay | Ensures travel pay is administered and accounted for properly |
| A8350 | Defense Transportation Working Capital Fund (TWCF) | Acts as command focal point TWCF policies and procedures; reviews, analyzes, and submits component reports required under TWCF |
| A8400 | Comptroller / Financial Management | Advises commander and staff on financial management issues; responsible for budget estimates, policy, and guidance on control and use of financial resources; and administers command-wide appropriations reimbursement programs |
| B1000 | Director/Deputy - Operations | Plans, organizes, coordinates, directs, and controls joint and combined military operations at the direction of the CINC; directs operations staff functions and manages joint operations, activities, and exercises |
| B1001 | Secretary/Admin NCO - Operations | Provides administrative support to the chief, as well as administrative services of all kinds to the entire directorate, division, or branch |
| B1002 | Executive Support - Operations | Provides administrative, special staff, and personnel assistance to the director, as required; receives, monitors, and edits messages and correspondence prior to director approval, signature, and release |
| B1005 | Administration / MILSEC - Operations | Provides administrative support to the chief and all branches within organization; maintains document and suspense control system; prepares documentation and correspondence |
| B1010 | Operations Support | Maintains the directorate supply and equipment account; maintains command center facility, maps, and communication equipment; and tracks internal directorate training requirements |

| B1020 | Programs & Training | Monitors C2 training program |
|-------|---------------------------------|---|
| B1030 | Counterdrug | Manages DOD counterdrug ops; provides oversight for JTF/JTIF counterdrug operations; and integrates command, control, communications and Intelligence between DOD and law enforcement agencies |
| B1100 | JTF Operations | Determines operational requirements for the Joint Task Force and reports them to command and CJCS upon direction and supervises current operations and the Joint Operations Command and Control facility |
| B2000 | Current Operations | Serves on the Battle Staff/Crisis Action Team; develops tailored force packages; directs the formulation of crisis action contingency plans; monitors JTF training; and conceives, plans, and coordinates portions of OPLANS/OPORDS |
| B2290 | Force Scheduling & Readiness | Monitors readiness of forces; prepares CINC readiness inputs to SecDef and acts as the Status of Readiness Tracking System (SORTS) Office of Primary Responsibility |
| B2300 | Readiness & Capabilities | Monitors the readiness and planned force capability of subordinate forces |
| B2310 | Air (Aerospace) | Directs and controls the employment of air (aerospace) assets; provides guidance and monitors air operations; and specializes in employment tactics for offensive and defensive operations |
| B2320 | Ground | Directs and controls the employment of ground assets; provides guidance and monitors ground operations; and specializes in employment tactics for offensive and defensive operations |
| B2330 | Naval | Directs and controls the employment of naval assets; provides guidance and monitors naval operations; and specializes in employment tactics for offensive and defensive operations |
| B2340 | Oceanography | Performs oceanography studies and provides information to higher headquarters concerning the results of studies performed by components developing oceanographic surveillance and chartings |
| B2350 | Anti-Submarine Warfare | Prepares submarine and ASW plans; analyzes and advises on submarine and ASW techniques, strategies, and exercises |
| B2360 | Regional Operations | Executes contingency and time-sensitive crisis responses; tasks and monitors deployments; and performs near-term planning |
| B2370 | Missile | Directs and controls integration of all operational issues impacting missiles, provides guidance, and monitors missile operations |
| B2380 | Space Operations | Serve as the focal point concerning current space operations and procedures, maintains cognizance over all space systems, and coordinates on the development of operational requirements and considerations for space systems |

| B2390 | Nuclear Operations | Coordinates in the development of nuclear weapons employment policy and planning guidance, safeguards the SIOP and related documents, provides SIOP advice, |
|-------|--|--|
| | | and acts on matters concerning nuclear command and control systems |
| B2400 | Special Operations | Monitors special operations; develops special operations plans; and advises CINC on special operations issues |
| B2410 | Civil Affairs & Psychological Operations | Prepares civil affairs/psychological plans |
| B2420 | Combating Terrorism | Develops plans and policies and implements programs in coordination with component commands, subunified commands and other subordinate joint commands / agencies / organizations on all aspects of antiterrorism |
| B2430 | Environmental | Plans and coordinates atmospheric, oceanic, space, and environmental impacts on command, systems development, employment concepts, and plans; and provides weather forecasting within the AOR; provides meteorological support to JTFs |
| B2440 | Nuclear, Biological, & Chemical Warfare | Maintains oversight of nuclear, biological, and chemical issues in the command and theater; provides for nuclear surety, electronic warfare, and weapons system safety |
| B2500 | Strategic Deployment | Prepares transportation requirements based on deployment priorities; and develops, maintains, and analyzes Time Phased Force Deployment Documents for deliberate plans, exercises, crisis actions and Joint Operation Planning System procedures |
| B2600 | Antiterrorism & Physical Security | Develops plans and policies and implements programs in coordination with component commands, subunified commands and other subordinate joint commands / agencies / organizations on all aspects of antiterrorism |
| B3000 | Command Center | Maintains a 24-hour command center, advises on command and control issues, maintains combatant command over assigned assets, maintains 24-hour watch teams, develops procedures, and training for use in the command center |
| B3001 | Secretary/Admin NCO - Command Center | Provides administrative support to the chief as well as administrative services of all kinds to the entire directorate, division, or branch |
| B3020 | Presidential Communications | Operates and executes secure presidential hotline communications, when required |
| B3030 | Presentations | Provides operations briefing capabilities and support; and operates, troubleshoots, repairs audiovisual systems |
| B3050 | Systems Management | Manages, develops, implements, and complies with configuration management (CM) policies, standards, and procedures; and maintains data bases depicting force availabilities and ensures currency and adequacy |
| B3100 | Watch Teams - Operations | Maintains up-to-date information of the status of assigned forces; and accomplishes all directed actions necessary to implement policies and decisions of the CINC and higher headquarters to execute emergency plans |

| B3130 | Special Ops | Maintains up-to-date information on the status of |
|-------|-------------------------|---|
| 20100 | Teams/Crews | assigned forces; accomplishes all directed actions |
| | | necessary to implement policies and decisions of the |
| | | CINC and higher headquarters to execute emergency |
| | | plans, including: controller, logistics, intelligence, C-E |
| B3150 | Combat Support | Provides coordination between the Republic of Korea |
| | Team | and higher headquarters; and assists with US combat |
| | | support and combat service support for Army aviation, |
| | | intelligence, ADA, fire support, logistics, and |
| B3200 | Plans | communications Prepares and reviews annexes and appendices to plans, |
| D3200 | Flatis | exercises staff responsibility for the assignment of forces |
| | | to plans, and develops OPORDs |
| B3240 | SIOP Theater | Supervises development for theater nuclear planning to |
| | Planning, & | incorporate theater targeting objectives, attack options, |
| | Emergency | and integration of weapon systems against enemies of |
| | Procedures | US and/or allied forces |
| B3250 | Current Plans | Serves on the battle staff/crisis action team/special |
| | | action team/response cell as Deputy Team Chief and |
| | | executes contingency and time-sensitive crisis response |
| B3300 | Airborne and | Ensures full command and control capability through |
| | Mobile Command Posts | alternate means is maintained in the event of national disaster or contingency operation to assume control of |
| | rosis | assigned forces performing SIOP and other operational |
| | | missions |
| B3310 | Emergency Actions | Manages and directs command and control programs |
| | Procedures | providing Emergency Action Procedures (EAP) guidance |
| | | to planning cells, staff agencies, component commands |
| | | and Task Forces |
| B3320 | Positive Control | Develops and manages policy for control, distribution, |
| | Procedures | and use of all Positive Control material Sealed |
| B3330 | Missile Control | Authentication Systems and unlock codes Provides nuclear surety launch control code material to |
| D3330 | Procedures | the nuclear ICBM force; and develops and manages |
| | Trocedures | policy and procedures for the control, handling, and |
| | | disposition of ICBM code material and code materials |
| B3340 | SIOP Command & | Develops and manages policy for SIOP control, |
| | Control | distribution, and use of all positive control materials and |
| | | emergency procedures |
| B3400 | Cheyenne | Responsible for the execution and/or support of NORAD |
| | Mountain | and USSPACECOM missions in the areas of aerospace |
| | Command Center | warning, aerospace control, space control, and theater |
| B3450 | TACAMO | ballistic missile warningreports directly to CINC Controls operations, patrolling, routing, and |
| DOTOU | IACAWO | management of SSBNs in designated regions; and |
| | | controls operations of "Take Charge and Move Out |
| | | (TACAMO)" ground alert aircraft |
| B3500 | Component | Support from Air and Naval components |
| | Support | |
| B3600 | Command & | Manages and directs all functions pertaining to |
| | Control | command and control of SIOP specified resources and |
| | | personnel; and advises J3/J4 and CINC on issues |
| | | dealing with positive control of assigned forces |

| B3650 | GCCS Operations | Operates the (GCCS) console functions |
|-------|--|---|
| B3700 | Command Center Training | Provides for the operation of the Combat Operations Center during normal operation, crisis situations, exercises, and briefings; and conducts training in Center operation for HQs staff, crisis action teams (CAT), the battle staff, and Command Center Watch Teams |
| B4000 | Director/Deputy - Logistics | Directs logistics staff functions and directs, monitors, coordinates, and plans for the acquisition storage, movement, distribution, maintenance, evacuation, and disposition of material in support of theater and exercise operations |
| B4001 | Secretary/Admin NCO - Logistics | Provides administrative support to the chief, as well as administrative services of all kinds to the entire directorate, division, or branch |
| B4002 | Executive Support - Logistics | Provides administrative, special staff, and personnel assistance to the director, as required; and receives, monitors, and edits messages and correspondence prior to director approval, signature, and release |
| B4005 | Administration / MILSEC - Logistics | Provides administrative support to chief and all branches within the organization, maintains document and suspense control system, and prepares documentation and correspondence |
| B4100 | Mobility | Develops transportation plans; coordinates exercise and contingency planning for mobility requirements, operates joint movement center during contingencies and exercises, and validates unified command airlift/sealift special missions and joint exercises |
| B4110 | Mobility Programs | Plans, coordinates, and oversees air, sea, and surface transportation staff operations within the defense transportation system |
| B4120 | Mobility Systems Development | Defines, develops, reviews, and analyzes functional user requirements of major DOD transportation-related systems and systems interfaces and participates in system test and performance evaluation |
| B4130 | Mobility Analysis | Analyzes/evaluates strategic mobility systems, programs, and requirements; analyzes lift and movement requirements in DOD scenarios and plans; and the civil sector industrial base relative to transportation |
| B4200 | Logistics Operations | Identifies and evaluates transportation, mobility, and logistics procedures during force deployment and sustainment and manages intra/intertheater transportation requirements |
| B4210 | Fuel/Petroleum | Compiles and reconciles bulk petroleum reports, evaluates fuel resupply and distribution patterns and requirements, initiates and monitors fuel storage requirements for command and theater, and examines sustainability parameters |
| B4220 | Contracting | Arranges for and oversees contracting for services and supplies and provides guidance to the command on consolidated contracting |
| B4230 | Munitions | Compiles and reconciles bulk munitions reports, evaluates munitions resupply and distribution patterns and requirements, and initiates and monitors munitions storage requirements |

| B4240 | Logistics | Provides input for maintenance and repair parts/spares |
|-------|--|---|
| | Maintenance | supply to operations, concepts, exercise plans, directives, and orders |
| B4250 | Logistics Country Teams | Coordinates and monitors country-specific issues and maintains liaison with subordinate units and component commands to coordinate country specific issues |
| B4260 | International Logistics | Interprets and implements DOD and joint policy concerning logistics matters involving allied and friendly regional nations, assesses the logistical impacts of UN peacekeeping operations/international logistics policies, and manages the NATO infrastructure program |
| B4270 | Logistics Plans & Programs | Accomplishes mobility planning, coordinates host nation support, participates in exercise planning, builds logistics portion of the force packages, and ensures the Service's POM and budget contain command logistical requirements |
| B4280 | Logistics Readiness & Requirements | Conducts analyses, studies, and examinations to identify logistics problems areas, weapons systems readiness and refueling requirements, logistical infrastructure issues, and cargo and passenger needs, and recommends logistics/technological improvements |
| B4300 | Logistics Readiness Center | Manages current logistical operations, responds to crisis actions of the battle staff, and manages logistics actions during national emergencies, heightened international tensions, exercises, and extraordinary situations requiring intensive logistical management |
| B4320 | Logistics Automation | Monitors use of logistics systems and operates and instructs on the use of GCCS and JOPES |
| B4350 | Operations Support Airlift (OSA) | Responsible for the command, control, and oversight of the OSA Center, to include responsive scheduling of CONUS OSA aircraft and providing operational control of aircraft while flying airlift missions and managing the CONUS OSA flying hour program |
| B4370 | OSA - Requirements & Analysis | Receives, processes, and disseminates CONUS OSA requests; plans, schedules, and tasks CONUS OSA missions and aircraft; supervises the execution of OSA tasked missions; compiles and analyzes data |
| B4500 | Engineering | Manages MILCON and facility maintenance, develops OPLAN engineering requirements, manages theater environmental issues, provides engineering support to JTFs, and manages the maneuver damage control program |
| B4600 | Joint Mortuary Affairs Office | Plans and executes joint Service responsibility for the recovery, identification, evacuation, and/or burial of all deceased personnel and personal effects in US-controlled areas |
| B4650 | POW/MIA Affairs | Provides oversight and liaison for POW/MIA affairs |

| B4700 | Medical Readiness | Maintains oversight of all matters pertaining to joint medical readiness, sustainability, planning, and medical military and industrial base matters; serves on the TRICARE Readiness Committee; and coordinates broad medical issues with OSD, CINCs and the Services |
|-------|--|--|
| B4710 | Medical Operations | Supervises crisis action medical operations, conducts the joint blood program, and develops medical annexes to plans |
| B4720 | Joint Medical Regulating Office | Coordinates the flow of patients from theater medical facilities to CONUS facilities, provides regulatory control of intratheater patient movement as required to ensure optimum utilization capacity within the theater, and assists the Security Assistance Office. |
| B4730 | Forward Deployable Medical Unit | Provides medical emergency care for patients in forward deployable areas during contingency operations and/or training mobilization periods |
| B4740 | Medical Services | Provides normal medical care for patients in AOR |
| B4800 | Transportation | Provides oversight for transportation plans, operations, personal property, customs, and non-tactical vehicle support |
| B4810 | Transportation Policy | Develops transportation/traffic management policy, procedures and guidance necessary for effective and efficient worldwide delivery of cargo, passengers, and personal property within the Defense Transportation System |
| B4820 | Transportation Plans & Programs | Identifies, evaluates and integrates Defense transportation policies, concepts, and guidance to ensure efficient, effective, and integrated transportation from origin to destination |
| B4830 | Containerization | Develops and monitors DOD operational container policy and procedures and joint tactics and techniques related to the movement of containerized equipment, cargo, and munitions in support of DOD operations and maintains oversight of JLOTS program |
| B4840 | Transportation Management Integration | Serves as the DOD Defense Transportation Electronic Data Interchange program manager and Electronic Commerce/EDI focal point for DOD and industry, and assists DOD agencies and component commanders with funding, integration of systems, and standardization |
| B4850 | Host-Nation Support | Negotiates, arranges, and monitors the use of host- nation support in lieu of in-house support capabilities |
| B4860 | Customs | Oversees customs programs |
| B4900 | Defense Courier Service Management & Administration | Responsible for the safe and secure transport, storage, handling, and accounting of material in the custody of DCS |
| B4950 | Courier | Provides secures and accountable custody of specified material until it is delivered and accepted by the appropriate receivers |
| B4960 | Material Handler | Responsible for cargo loading of material under DCS control |

| B5000 | Director / Doputy | Develops command military strategies, force structure, |
|-------|--------------------------------|---|
| B5000 | Director/Deputy, Plans | , , |
| | Platis | and warfighting assessments to support national security objectives for the command and |
| | | coordinates/supervises formulation of strategic |
| | | |
| B5001 | Connetowy / Admin | operational and contingency plans for command |
| D3001 | Secretary/Admin NCO - Plans | Provides administrative support to the chief, as well as administrative services of all kinds to the entire |
| | NCO - Plans | |
| DEOOO | F | directorate, division, or branch |
| B5002 | Executive Support | Provides administrative, special staff, and personnel |
| | - Plans | assistance to the director, as required; and receives, |
| | | monitors, and edits messages and correspondence prior |
| DEOOF | A.1 | to director approval, signature, and release |
| B5005 | Administration / | Provides administrative support to the chief and all |
| | MILSEC - Plans | branches within the organization, maintains the |
| | | document and suspense control system, and prepares |
| DEOLO | — | documentation and correspondence |
| B5010 | Joint | Manages deployment of assigned reconnaissance forces; |
| | Reconnaissance | coordinates reconnaissance and sensitive operations |
| | | with other US and allied forces; manages |
| 5-000 | | reconnaissance operations and assets |
| B5020 | Force Assessments | Evaluates the SIOP through consequences of execution, |
| | | analyses, and wargaming and to conduct special studies |
| | | to evaluate the effects of modifying SIOP forces, targets |
| | | or employment guidance |
| B5030 | Joint Operation | Manages the command portion of JOPES files, |
| | and Planning | develops/conducts JOPES training requirements, and |
| | System | develops the command portion the TPFDD |
| B5040 | Contingency Plans | Develops, coordinates, distributes, reviews, and |
| | | maintains Operations Plans and Contingency Plans in |
| | | support of theater requirements or other unified |
| | | commands |
| B5050 | Information | Develops plans in support of special technical |
| | Warfare, Special | operations programs |
| | Activities & | |
| | Technical | |
| D=000 | Operations | |
| B5060 | Special Plans | Develops, reviews, and maintains special |
| | | compartmented plans; maintains noncombatant |
| | | evacuation operation plans; provides advice to |
| | | Department of State on regional issues; and conducts |
| 75050 | | regional surveys in support of the Department of State |
| B5070 | Cruise Missile | Develops, coordinates, and reviews plans and policy |
| | | dealing with cruise missiles |
| B5080 | Air Ops Officer | Airborne Early Warning (AEW) and Interceptor DandM |
| | | Planning Officer; participates in the crisis action and |
| | | deliberate planning process and monitors the execution; |
| | | coordinates and schedules AEW and interceptor assets |
| | | in support of JIATF East mission |
| | | |
| B5090 | Ballistic Missile | Develops joint doctrine and CONOPS for ballistic missile |
| | Defense | defense; and develops, coordinates, and reviews plans |
| | | and policy dealing with strategic ballistic missile defense |
| | | |

| B5100 | Treaties / | Monitors compliance with treaties, conducts |
|-------|---|--|
| | Negotiations | negotiations, and prepares briefing papers outlining the US position in negotiations |
| B5110 | Military to Military Contacts | Monitors US participation in military to military contact program |
| B5120 | Politico-Military Issues | Produces theater/country politico-military assessments, monitors and analyzes current events, reviews plans for political adequacy and suitability, and develops the command position on politico-military issues |
| B5130 | Security Assistance | Plans and conducts SAO training, provides liaison with country SAOs and the DSAA, and develops the theater security assistance assessment |
| B5140 | In-Country Security Assistance (SA) and Office of Defense Cooperation | Supports in-country SA and ODC; conducts SA activities in support of host nation defense activity needs; conducts cooperation activities in support of rationalization, standardization, interoperability, and other defense cooperation measures |
| B5150 | Strategic/Regional Plans | Develops, reviews, refines CINC's portion of the JSCP; and manages plans for domestic disaster relief and politico-military issues |
| B5160 | Strategy & Policy | Develops regional strategy, prepares the US position on issues having national and regional security implications, reviews joint doctrine, and assesses employment policy and guidance for nuclear and non-nuclear forces as it relates to mission area operations |
| B5170 | Strategic Targeting | Prepares and maintains a National Target List of targets selected for attack in a nuclear war and a Single Integrated Operational Plan for attacking those targets |
| B5200 | Wargaming | Manages and directs the planning, coordination and implementation of exercises/wargames, monitors and reviews all CJCS exercises to determine command participation, and attends planning and scenario development conferences |
| B5300 | Exercises | Directs long-range exercise scheduling and coordinates joint and combined exercises with staff |
| B5400 | Standardization & Evaluation | Performs standardization/evaluation reviews of crew procedures and practices as a means of detecting deficiencies in crew efforts and to improve overall performance of members and improves procedures and practices to attain highest order of crew performance |
| B5410 | Plans and Programs | Develops Special Operations OPLANS and CONPLANS, provides Special Operations inputs to CINC plans, and serves as command focal point for special operations PPBS issues |
| B5420 | Force Management | Provides support to J3/J4 for integration and operational issues of all assigned forces on force readiness, resources, and war reserves necessary to meet SIOP and Emergency War Order support rqmts and maintains status of generated forces, alert grades, and incidents |
| B5430 | Contingency Plans | Develops, coordinates, distributes, reviews, and maintains OPLANs and CONPLANs in support of theater requirements or other unified commands |

| B5440 | Force Planning | Prepares strategic, theater, and defensive force structures and alternatives for use in military plans to support US national strategy; recommends force apportionment; and conducts related studies, models, and exercises for use in JSPS and PPBS |
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| B8000 | Acquisition | Provides oversight over all contract policy advocacy with the command and monitors the activities of component commands and resolves issues among them; reviews, evaluates, and provides guidance concerning contracting policies; and accomplishes total SOF acquisition |
| B8100 | Requirements and Prototype | Collects, documents, monitors, defines, integrates, and manages the lifecycle of the program; and identifies and clarifies requirements validation and prioritization, requirements analysis, prototype analysis, design, documentation, and configuration |
| B8400 | Advanced Concept Technology Development (ACTD) | Accomplishes Advanced Concept Technology Development |
| B8500 | Operational Test and Evalutation | Oversees and assesses operational test and evaluation of Special Operations peculiar systems |
| B8700 | Combat Capability Assessment | Evaluates the effects of manpower policy and program issues on joint warfighting capability; analyzes projected readiness, sustainability, modernization, and force structure; and conducts assessments of the combat support agencies' ability to support the war fighter |
| B8800 | Poll-Mil Wargaming & Analysis | Analyzes and forecasts the effects of potential military initiatives on foreign governments and the probabilities of potential responses |
| B9000 | JCCWC Front Office | Provides general oversight and guidance for CINC support, studies, coordination, and dissemination of lessons learned |
| B9050 | JCCWC CINC Support | Provides tactical support to the CINCs regarding specified areas for research and improved response |
| B9070 | JCCWC Ops Support | Provides operational support for specified issues requiring technical expertise and coordination among the Armed Forces |
| B9500 | JSC Front Office | Provides oversight and guidance for all activities with respect to electromagnetic compatibility and analysis |
| B9510 | JSC Management | Responsible for management of Joint Spectrum Center operations and research |
| B9520 | JSC Engineer | Plans and coordinates Joint Spectrum Center studies and analyses in support of joint warfare capabilities |
| C1000 | Director/Deputy - C4 | Develops C-E and ADP policies, plans, budgets, and programs for the command; supervises the development, acquisition, and operation of C3I systems/facilities for the command |
| C1001 | Administrative Support - C4 | Acts as administrative assistant to Division Chief, formulates and implements internal administrative policies, provides distribution and logistic support, and provides mail/distribution support |

| C1002 | Executive Support - C4 | Provides administrative, special staff, and personnel assistance to the director, as required; and receives, monitors, and edits messages and correspondence prior to director approval, signature, and release |
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| C1005 | Administration / MILSEC - C4 | Provides administrative support to chief and all branches within the organization; maintains the document and suspense control system; and prepares documentation and correspondence |
| C1080 | Global Command Control System | Ensures 24-hour operation of GCCS and that emergency and preventive maintenance is accomplished to support command/theater operations |
| C1100 | JCSE Command | Commands the Joint Computer Systems Support Element; provides support for monitoring and controlling command ADP program; formulates policies, concepts, software, and guidance to ensure efficient operation of command ADP equipment |
| C1130 | Squadrons and Companies | Provides communications support for a Joint Task Force headquarters or to other contingency locations |
| C1140 | JSCE HQ and Support Squadron | Coordinates base support, oversees all admin support, develops the operating budget, performs orderly room functions, and maintains the supply account |
| C1180 | Process Reengineering | Plans and conducts business process reengineering studies, systems engineering studies, and data administration efforts for supported joint activities or assigned functional areas |
| C1200 | JCSE Battalion Command | Commands the battalion-sized Joint Communications Support Element unit with operational, communications support detatchment and HQs unit assigned; and provides rapid deployment communications, as required by the Joint Staff, in support of Special Operations, low intensity warfare and operations other than war |
| C1300 | JSCE Personnel & Administration | Directs and coordinates overall administrative, personnel, civilian personnel, and finance functions for the JCSE during garrison and field conditions |
| C2000 | Plans & Policy | Produces plans and policy for Command, Control, Communications, and Computers standards and interoperability, provides integration and architecture guidance to command and component commands, and controls C4I simulations and wargaming model development |
| C2100 | Communications- Electronics (C-E) Plans | Plans, coordinates, and prepares Communications- Electronics plans to support command operations, contingencies, and operations; and assumes C4 planning/ coordination responsibilities as the deployed J-6 representative during disaster exercises |
| C2200 | C4I Information Warfare Defensive Engineering | Supports security engineering and integration requirements for command C4I systems; develops security inputs for C4I technical architecture; and protects C4I systems against I-W attack through design of firewalls, intrusion/detection systems, etc. |
| C2210 | Information Warfare Defensive Ops | Develops Information Warfare Defense policy and procedures for the command and conducts continual evaluations of command's C4I systems through penetration attempts and incident response teams |

| C2300 | C4 Plans & | Coordinates development of Command, Control, |
|-------|----------------------------------|--|
| C2000 | Programs | Communications, and Computers POM issues; and plans and programs for telecom, voice, switch circuits in |
| | | support of command C4 requirements |
| C2350 | Counterdrug C4 Plans | Plans, programs, engineers, and employs C3 systems to support the counterdrug mission and functions as a J-6 Battle Staff member |
| C3000 | Communications Operations | Provides for all communications matters relating to crisis planning and real world contingency support and coordinates with CJCS and other unified commands concerning adequacy and responsiveness of theater communications resources |
| C3100 | Operations Division | Provides planning and execution of real-world contingency operations, to include development of airlift plans and schedules |
| C3200 | Tactical C4 & Radar Systems | Manages command/theater tactical and radar systems |
| C3250 | Communications Support | Manages 24-hour communications center operation and operates fixed and mobile radio networks |
| C3260 | Warning and Detection Systems | Designs, develops, integrates, verifies, and tests command center warning and detection systems; and provides real-time missile, space systems, and nuclear detonation detection information gathering capability for command center and higher headquarters use |
| C3270 | Tactical Systems | Supervises joint C-E exercises within the command; coordinates C-E exercise plans/annexes in support of OPLANS/OPORDs |
| C3280 | Strategic Systems | Plans, manages, and supervises command/theater strategic C-E systems |
| C3290 | Technical Services Support | Evaluates GCCS performance, coordinates the ADP training program, submits ADP POM submissions, and provides ADP acquisition services |
| C3300 | Tactical Communication | Supervises joint communication-electronics exercises, develops C-E annexes for plans and exercises, and coordinates C-E activities with staff/theater representatives |
| C3310 | Frequency Management | Manages and controls usage of radio frequency resources and assigns host-nation frequency clearances to deployed forces |
| C3320 | Exercise Communications | Designs Sattelite Communications systems for theater support, is responsible for operational management of command/theater portion of SATCOM assets, develops SATCOM requirements, apportions SATCOM allocations, and manages the Military SATCOM program |
| C3400 | Satellite Communications | Designs SATCOM system for theater support, is responsible for operational management of command/theater portion of SATCOM assets, develops SATCOM requirements, apportions SATCOM allocations, and manages the MILSATCOM program |
| C3410 | Communications- Electronics | Establishes task forces communications requirements necessary for worldwide communications in support of the Joint Staff, command forces, Services, and other CINCs; and operates and maintains C-E functions |

| C3420 | C4I Technical | Establishes and maintains 24-hour indications and |
|-------|---|--|
| C342U | Control | warnings watch; maintains 24-nour indications and warnings watch; maintains communications-electronics interface with Unified Command and other related task forces in support of intelligence and operations reporting requirements |
| C3430 | Special Operations C-E | Establishes Special Operations communications requirements necessary for worldwide communications in support of the Joint Staff, command forces, Services, and other CINCs; and operates and maintains communications-electronic functions |
| C3500 | Project Implementation | Designs, develops and manages enhancement and upgrade projects in support of computer systems |
| C4000 | Operations & Maintenance | Operates computer systems, provides systems software maintenance support, provides hardware and software configuration management, and operates the communications center |
| C4100 | Engineering | Engineers circuits, systems, and networks to support command operations; and is responsible for planning for deployed communications centers |
| C4110 | Computer Systems Engineering | Conducts infrastructure engineering, configuration control, and modernization |
| C4150 | Programs Management Division | Provides technical engineering, logistic, and acquisition capability |
| C4200 | Systems Integration & Modernization | Designs, develops, and tests systems upgrades; administers C4 special access programs; assigns and manages C4 projects; and ensures equipment acquisition supports the C4I Master Plan and is interpretable/integrated |
| C4300 | Architectures | Reviews and evaluates C4I systems concepts, objectives, and requirements to identify potential impacts on existing architecture and areas of potential application of emerging technologies; and develops the command's C4I Master Plan |
| C4400 | Intelligence Interface | Designs, develops, implements, operates, and maintains approved communications and computer systems supporting intelligence information processing and production |
| C4500 | Computer Systems Management | Performs systems management of all command computer systems supporting war planning and command and control missions; provides financial management by preparing requirements and identifying funding sources; and manages hardware operation and software development |
| C4510 | Command Center Systems | Designs, develops, maintains, and operates computer hardware and tests the software supporting command's command center automated data processing system, graphics displays, and sub-systems |
| C4520 | Force Control Systems | Designs, develops, maintains, and operates computer hardware and tests the software supporting command's command and control network systems, linking its forces, data processing systems, alternate command posts, and the National Command Authority |

| C4530 | War Planning | Provides war planning communication-computer |
|-------|--|---|
| C4550 | Systems | systems support; designs, develops, and maintains |
| | Systems | computer programs to support SIOP target development, |
| | | |
| | | force application, plan deconfliction, plan production |
| C4E40 | Information | and plan analysis requirements |
| C4540 | Information | Develops systems policies, acts as command/theater |
| | Systems | GCCS ADP manager, and provides technical oversight |
| | | for emerging theater systems |
| C4550 | Tactical Networks | Assists in development of C3 annexes for CINC CJTF |
| | | OPLANs and OPORDs, as required; prepares and |
| | | maintains precoordinated, preengineered |
| | | Telecommunications Service Request data |
| C4560 | Office Automation | Provides systems administration, local area network, |
| | System Support | and software management and personal computer |
| | | support |
| C4570 | Automation | Provides systems administration, LAN, and software |
| | Network Program | management and PC support |
| | Manager | |
| C4580 | Information | Develops systems policies, acts as command/theater |
| | Systems Manager | GCCS ADP manager, and provides technical oversight |
| | , and the second | for emerging theater systems |
| C4600 | Communications | Ensures Communications Security (COMSEC) |
| | Security | interoperability, supervises distribution of COMSEC |
| | | materials within the command, and promulgates and |
| | | manages command/theater COMSEC policy and |
| | | procedures |
| C4650 | C4I Systems | Manages command COMSEC, COMPUSEC, and |
| | Security | personnel security programs |
| C4700 | Communications | Provides communications maintenance and repair |
| | Maintenance | capability to command/theater functions |
| C4800 | Systems Support | Provides configuration management of software, |
| | | documentation and baseline data for the program, and |
| | | develops and maintains the test and evaluation master |
| | | plan and operational test and evaluation results |
| | | |
| C4810 | C4I Systems | Provides systems administration,(LAN, and software |
| | Support | management and PC support |
| C4820 | Software | Designs and develops software, databases, and external |
| | Engineering | surfaces of programs |
| C6100 | Software | Provides software life cycle management for designated |
| | Development | systems, provides technical evaluation of systems |
| | - | requirements and alternatives, and recommends |
| | | solutions to identified shortfalls |
| C6110 | Software | Provides support for monitoring and controlling the |
| | Production | command ADP program; and formulates policies, |
| | Management | concepts, and guidance to ensure efficient operation of |
| | | command ADP equipment |
| C6120 | Intelligence | Designs and develops software, databases, and external |
| 3 | Software | surfaces of programs supporting intelligence |
| | Production | 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
| C6130 | Software | Designs and develops software to interface different |
| 20130 | Integration | computer systems |
| | mogradon | compacti bystems |

| C6140 | HQ Unique | Designs, develops, and manages enhancement and |
|-------|------------------------|--|
| | Software Support | upgrade projects in support of HQ-unique systems |
| C6150 | Software Testing | Tests and evaluates software designed to support |
| | and Evaluation | multiple functions |
| C6300 | Database Systems | Provides database administration, design, access, and |
| | Management | analysis support |
| C7000 | Training and Education | Conducts computer and IW-D training for the command |
| C8000 | Requirements and | Participates in the development and acquisition of |
| | Resources | communications systems in support of command |
| | | requirements, prepares operational requirements |
| | | documents for C4 systems, and provides C4 guidance to |
| | | components to ensure interoperability of systems |
| C8100 | Resources | Participates in the development and acquisition of |
| | | communications systems in support of task force |
| | | requirements, ensures total resource requirements for |
| | | task force are submitted to command J-8 for inclusion |
| | | within PPBS projections, and develops/executes the |
| | | budget |
| C8150 | Interoperability | Provides liaison between components and the CINC |
| | | staff, develops and validates C4 requirements, remains |
| | | cognizant of Service C4 plans, and monitors and |
| | | negotiates MOAs/MOUs for Service support |
| C8200 | Information | Provides oversight for C4 software development, |
| | Management | maintenance, and applications |
| D1000 | Operations | |
| D1000 | Director/Deputy - | Directs the command intelligence center; acts as the |
| | Intelligence | senior intelligence officer/ principal intelligence CINC advisor; provides Service-oriented intelligence support |
| | | to the components; and establishes plans, policies, and |
| | | requirements for command intelligence activities |
| D1001 | Administrative | Acts as the administrative assistant to the Division |
| 21001 | Support - | Chief, formulates and implements internal |
| | Intelligence | administrative policies, provides distribution and logistic |
| | 3 | support, and provides mail/distribution support |
| | | |
| D1002 | Executive Support | Provides administrative, special staff, and personnel |
| | - Intelligence | assistance to the director, as required; and receives, |
| | | monitors, and edits messages and correspondence prior |
| | | to director approval, signature, and release |
| D1005 | Administration / | Provides administrative support to the chief and all |
| | MILSEC - | branches within the organization, maintains the |
| | Intelligence | document and suspense control system, and prepares |
| D1100 | T + 1 T + 11 | documentation and correspondence |
| D1100 | Joint Intelligence | Commands the Joint Intelligence Center, manages |
| | Center Commander | theater collection, provides service-oriented intelligence |
| | | support to the components, and executes distributed |
| | | production responsibilities for the national intelligence community |
| D1105 | IIC Administration | * |
| D1105 | JIC Administration | Provides administrative support to the chief and all |
| | | branches within the organization, maintains the |
| | | document and suspense control system, and prepares |
| | | documentation (awards, performance reports, orders, |
| | | etc.) and correspondence |

| D1200 | Intelligence SCI- | Serves as the special assistant responsible to the J-2 to |
|-------|-------------------|---|
| D1200 | Tech Adv. | provide advice on development, implementation and |
| | Teeli riav. | oversight of command intelligence policy, plans, and |
| | | capabilities |
| D1400 | Collection | Operates and executes daily intelligence collection |
| | Management | efforts, interfaces between theater and national |
| | | collection agencies, and supervises/advocates joint |
| | | intelligence collection management |
| D1410 | HUMINT | Advises on, controls, coordinates, and maintains |
| | | cognizance of all Human Intelligence intelligence |
| | | collection capabilities available for the command |
| D1420 | IMINT | Manages the Imagery Intelligence Program; and acts as |
| | | primary control/coordinator for IMINT collection |
| | | requirements for the command's headquarters, lateral |
| | | organizations, and components |
| D1430 | SIGINT | Advises on, controls, coordinates, and maintains |
| | | cognizance of all Signal Intelligence intelligence |
| | | collection capabilities available to the command |
| D1440 | MASINT | Manages Measures and Signature Intelligence Program; |
| | | and acts as primary control/coordination for these |
| | | collection requirements for the command's |
| | | headquarters, lateral organizations, and components |
| D1450 | Special Fleet | Advises on matters pertaining to special fleet collection |
| | Programs | programs |
| D1460 | Political | Provides political intelligence information concerning in- |
| | Intelligence | country government circumstances that may influence |
| D1450 | MD CLIVE | politico-military affairs and deployed forces |
| D1470 | TECHINT | Advises on, controls, coordinates, and maintains |
| | | cognizance of all Technical Intelligence intelligence |
| D1480 | JSC ELINT | collection capabilities available to the command |
| D1460 | | Manages Electronic Intelligence collection, analysis, and dissemination and coordinates the countermeasures |
| | Analysis | |
| | | program |
| D1500 | Reserve | Accomplishes J-2 Reserve intelligence mobilization, |
| D1000 | Management | policies, training, and programs; and coordinates, |
| | Wanagement | directs, controls, and administers the intelligence |
| | | portion of the Joint Table of Mobilization Distribution |
| D2000 | Intelligence | Provides intelligence support for special operations |
| 2200 | memgenee | units and operations and directs and manages the |
| | | special operations targeting effort |
| D2100 | Intelligence | Provides intelligence assessments to the CINC, develops |
| | Assessments | recommendations for predictive assessments based on |
| | | available intelligence, produces and maintains order of |
| | | battle information for theater/region, and assesses the |
| | | potential impact of changes |
| D2200 | Indications and | Reviews and interprets warning problems, manages |
| | Warning Analysis | status changes, and prepares and disseminates I&W |
| | | reports |
| D2210 | Functional | Produces intelligence in specific areas, to include |
| | Analysis | transportation related disciplines, scientific and |
| | | technical developments, medical intelligence required to |
| | | support evacuation, noncombatants, and disaster relief |

| D2220 | Threat Analysis | Prepares intelligence threat assessments of foreign |
|-------|-------------------------|---|
| | | offensive and defensive air, land, and sea forces for friendly forces |
| D2300 | Targeting and BDA | Manages command accomplishment of national, DOD, |
| | | and external conventional target-related intelligence |
| | | application tasking; and formulates policy and |
| | | procedural guidance, concepts, and doctrine on |
| | | targeting and Battle Damage Assesment with the Intelligence Community |
| D2310 | Target | Develops target information IAW established |
| D2310 | Development | command/theater policy requirements for customers |
| D2320 | Target Data Base | Manages the target database, manages the command |
| | | installation data base and related programs, and plans |
| | | future target data base requirements |
| D2330 | Target Materials | Maintains the target materials production program, |
| | | publishes command target materials, and quality checks |
| | | products |
| D2340 | Battle Damage | Coordinates with Service component commands, other |
| | Assessment (BDA) | unified commands, DOD, and other national-level |
| | | intelligence activities |
| D2500 | Intelligence | Coordinates the development of intelligence plans and |
| | Planning and | policy; supports exercises; manages intelligence related |
| | Policy | MOAs, MOUs, etc.; and provides mid- to long-range |
| | | intelligence guidance to subordinate units and components |
| D2990 | Fusion Center | Establishes and maintains the 24-hour indications and |
| 2200 | 1 0.02.012 0 0.11001 | warnings watch, prepares daily intelligence briefs, and |
| | | conducts contingency or crisis action operations, as |
| | | required |
| D3000 | Intelligence | Provides analyses of near real-time, all source |
| | Operations | intelligence to the CINC and staff; prepares current |
| | | intelligence products (briefs, studies, messages), |
| | | assessments, and summaries; and provides intelligence |
| | | support for development and execution of OPLANS and |
| D3100 | Mapping, Charting | CONPLANS Directs and manages command air target materials and |
| D3100 | and Geodesy | Mapping, Charting, and Geodesic programs, establishes |
| | and deodesy | program standards and develops concepts, policies and |
| | | plans, and provides overall management and oversight |
| | | of air target materials and MCandG programs and |
| | | production |
| D3200 | Counterintelligenc | Manages counter-intelligence programs; establishes CI |
| | e and Terrorism | CONOPS for JTFs; serves as the CI focal point for |
| | | interface with the national level CI community; provides |
| | | input into command CI plans, policies, and programs; |
| D0010 | | and performs CI threat analysis/reporting |
| D3210 | Imagery Requirements | Determines and submits imagery requirements |
| D3300 | Watch Team - | Establishes and maintains the 24-hour indications and |
| | Intelligence | warnings watch, prepares daily intelligence situation |
| | | briefs, and conducts contingency or crisis action |
| | | operations, as required |

| D3410 | SCI Division/SSO | Manages the Sensitive Compartmented Information Program; manages Sensitive Compartmented Information Facility requirements; and manages |
|-------|------------------------------|---|
| | | personnel, physical, document, and systems security programs for the command |
| D3500 | Cryptologic | Manages theater SIGINT, cryptologic, and Special Intelligence resources/assets |
| D3510 | Cryptologic Support | Represents NSA/CSS cryptologic support to the CINC |
| D3600 | Target Support | Oversees command accomplishment of national, DOD and external conventional target related intelligence application tasking; and formulates and evaluates command functional plans, policies, concepts, objectives, and doctrine relative to targeting |
| D3610 | Intelligence Applications | Provides intelligence targeting support, including target development, target materials, and imagery production to the command for strategic planning and operations |
| D3620 | Aviation Capabilities | Monitors, analyzes, and reports activity of selected foreign aviation assets |
| D3630 | Defensive Capabilities | Monitors, analyzes, and reports on selected foreign defensive military systems and capabilities |
| D3640 | Intelligence Assessments | Conducts all-source intelligence analysis of foreign technological capabilities, including C3, political, economic, and military intelligence |
| D3650 | Regional Issues | Prepares intelligence assessments and publications on regional issues impacting US and allied interests and regional stability (oil, water, counterdrug, arms shipments, weapons proliferation, technology transfer, etc.) |
| D3700 | Current Intelligence | Prepares current and basic intelligence |
| D3800 | Operational Intelligence | Provides analysis of near-real-time, all source intelligence to the CINC and staff; prepares current intel products (briefs, studies, messages), assessments, and summaries; and provides intelligence support for development and execution of OPLAN and CONPLAN |
| D3810 | Presentations/ Grapics | Prepares intelligence briefing and slides, produces intelligence articles and analytical intelligence briefing, and operates audio-visual equipment to support briefings and presentations |
| D3820 | Imagery | Provides first phase and limited second phase exploitation of national imagery of selected targets; provides imagery input to the daily intel brief; operates, maintains, and provides supply management for imagery systems; and updates the Intel Data Base |
| D3830 | Production and Dissemination | Manages finished intelligence production and dissemination of intelligence products to customers |
| D3840 | Production Management | Assesses intelligence production requirements, manages production quotas, prevents duplication of production effort, and ensures completeness and currency of production/quality control |
| D3850 | Dissemination | Determines and distributes dissemination needs to customers |

| D3900 | All-Source | Margas (fuses) all source information using outcometed |
|----------|----------------------|---|
| บวลุกก | Coordination | Merges (fuses) all-source information using automated |
| | Coordination | fusion-type systems and coordinates systems |
| D 1000 | | requirements with the systems division/branch |
| D4000 | DIA Support | Represents the Director of the Defense Intelligence |
| | | Agency on the CINC's Joint Intelligence Center staff; and |
| | | advises and assists the CINC's JIC staff in all matters |
| | | pertaining to Defense intelligence |
| D4050 | Joint Field Support | Directs and coordinates exercise planning; and |
| | | develops, provides, and evaluates joint intelligence |
| | | training |
| D5000 | Analysis and | Prepares intelligence assessments of foreign offensive |
| 2000 | Reporting | and defensive air forces and provides for analysis, |
| | | production, and dissemination of all-source intelligence |
| | | on capabilities, disposition, strengths, vulnerabilities, |
| | | and operational activities |
| D6000 | Research | Operates and catalogs intelligence research materials |
| 20000 | Library/Database | and maintains and controls the intelligence database |
| | Management | and manitants and controls the intelligence database |
| D6100 | | Directs intelligence related systems, develops and |
| טטנטע | Intelligence | Directs intelligence-related systems, develops and |
| | Systems | coordinates C4I systems architecture with the J-6, |
| | | represents command on configuration control board, |
| D = 0.00 | <u> </u> | and operates intelligence computer systems |
| D7000 | Training and | Manages intelligence training efforts, provides |
| | Exercises | intelligence support to theater and component |
| | | exercises, and coordinates the development of computer |
| | | simulations |
| D8000 | Intelligence | Develops theater intelligence programming priorities; |
| | Resource | manages the General Defense Intelligence Program, the |
| | Management | National Foreign Intelligence Program, and tactical |
| | | intelligence and related activities; and serves as the |
| | | intelligence focal point for CINC IPL issues |
| D8200 | Intelligence Plans | Plans and programs resources for intelligence collection |
| | and Resources | and production efforts; and utilizes resources in concert |
| | | with CINC and higher headquarters direction to |
| | | accommodate intelligence collection and production |
| E1000 | Director/Deputy- | Ensures assigned forces are highly skilled, rapidly |
| 21000 | Training, Doctrine | deliverable, and fully capable of operating as a joint |
| | and JPME | team immediately upon arrival in the deployment area |
| E1001 | Administrative | Acts as the administrative assistant to Division Chief, |
| E1001 | Support - Training, | formulates and implements internal administrative |
| | Doctrine, & JAM | policies, provides distribution and logistic support, and |
| | Docume, & JAM | provides mail/distribution support |
| E1000 | A desiral atmatissa | Acts as administrative assistant to the Division Chief; |
| E1002 | Administrative | · |
| | Support - Training, | formulates and implements internal administrative |
| | Doctrine & JPME | policies, provides distribution and logistic support, and |
| D100= | 41.47.57 | provides mail/distribution support |
| E1005 | Admin/MILSEC - | Provides administrative support to the Division Chief |
| | Joint Trig, Doctrine | and all branches within the organization, maintains the |
| | & JPME | document and suspense control system, and prepares |
| | | documentation and correspondence |
| E2000 | Joint Doctrine | Develops programs to train the staff in joint doctrine, |
| | | develops operational standards to measure readiness, |
| | | manages joint after action reports, acts as the review |
| | | |
| | | authority for joint doctrine, and represents command on |
| | | Joint Doctrine Working Parties |

| E2100 | Joint Exercises | Designs and coordinates exercise programs, coordinates |
|-------|------------------------------------|---|
| E2100 | John Exercises | participation in exercises, and coordinates training for |
| | | contingency forces |
| E2200 | Joint Exercise | Maintains joint lessons learned, manages joint exercise |
| 12200 | Support and | assessment, and develops control and support plans for |
| | Evaluation | joint exercises |
| E2300 | Modeling & | Supports requirements for exercise development and |
| D2000 | Simulation | implementation, including technology demonstrations, |
| | | to include C4I and sensor-to-shooter and command and |
| | | control linkages |
| E2400 | CAX Support | Ensures that logistics training objectives for all |
| | orar support | Computer Assisted Exercise support are in concert with |
| | | training requirements identified by other Joint Staff |
| | | offices |
| E2500 | Joint | Assesses joint force capabilities and readiness of |
| 12000 | Interoperability | Defense agencies to support operating forces and |
| | | increases joint interoperability through dissemination of |
| | | worldwide lessons learned |
| E3000 | Joint Training | Manages the exercise and training program, supports |
| | Requirements | computer assisted development of exercises, and |
| | _ | develops programs to collect, document, and correct |
| | | deficiencies discovered in exercises |
| E3100 | Instructional | Determines the training required, produces training |
| | Systems | materials, assesses quality of training, and coordinates |
| | Development | training requirements with the affected Services, CJCS, |
| | | and host-nation activities |
| E3200 | Training | Identifies exercise requirements, manages joint training |
| | Requirements and | funding, and develops the joint training plan |
| | Resources | |
| E3300 | Joint Training | Conducts training for the affected Service, host nation, |
| | Teams | and joint personnel |
| E4000 | East-Asia Pacific | Provides management guidance, educates military and |
| | Center Operations | civilian defense officials from other nations through a |
| | | course in democratic defense management, and |
| 77000 | | conducts seminars and research programs |
| E5000 | Marshall Center | Provides management guidance, educates military and |
| | Operations | civilian defense officials from nations through a course |
| | | in democratic defense management, and conducts |
| REOFO | NATO School | seminars and research programs |
| E5050 | NATO School | Conducts courses, training, and seminars in support of |
| | | the current and developing NATO strategy and policy, to |
| | | include cooperation and dialogue with military and |
| E5100 | Language Training | civilian personnel from non-NATO countries Conducts Foreign Area Officer and language refresher |
| E9100 | Language Training | training for US and NATO nations |
| E6000 | Joint Military | Formulates policies for the joint professional military |
| E0000 | Joint Military Education Policy | education curriculum and resourcing policies |
| E7000 | Commandant, | |
| E7000 | National Defense | Responsible for joint professional military education, including the National War College, the Industrial |
| | University | College of the Armed Forces, IRMC, National Strategic |
| | Omversity | Studies, the Armed Forces Staff College, G/OF |
| | | CAPSTONE, and the International Fellows program |
| | | On Orone, and the international renows program |

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| E7100 | School Administration | Plans and manages all aspects of the military education curriculum, course development, execution, and policy |
|-------|--------------------------|---|
| E7150 | School | Performs routine office duties and a broad range of |
| | Administrative | clerical and administrative duties for school |
| | Assistants | administrators |
| E7200 | Military Faculty | A military member whose primary duty entails |
| | | education and instruction of students in joint military |
| | | education, training, or doctrine |
| E7300 | Civilian Faculty | A civilian member whose primary duty entails the |
| | | education and instruction of students in joint |
| | | professional military education or training |
| E7400 | School Librarian | Performs all library science functions to operate and |
| | | maintain appropriate resources for scholarly research. |
| F1000 | unknown | unknown |

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ENCLOSURE T

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GLOSSARY PART I—ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

AC Active Component

ACE US Contribution to Allied Command. Europe ACLANT US Contribution to Allied Command, Atlantic

ADSW active duty for special work ADT active duty for training

AGARD Advisory Group for Aerospace Research and Development

AGR Active Guard and Reserve
AIN Activity Identification Number

AMC Air Mobility Command

AMD Activity Manning Document

AOR Area of Responsibility
AR Active Reserve (USMCR)

ASD (HA) Assistant Secretary of Defense (Health Affairs)

ASR Authorized Strength Report

BDA Battle Damage Assessment BES Budget Estimate Submission

CAX computer assisted exercise C2 command and control

C4 communication, computers, command, and control

C-E communication-electronics

COM Chief of Mission

COMSEC communication security
COS critical occupational specialty
CPA Chairman's Program Assessment
CPR Chairman's Program Review

DCMC Office of Deputy Chairman, Military Committee

DCI Director of Central Intelligence

DCS Defense Courier Service
DHP Defense Health Program
DIA Defense Intelligence Agency

DMRD Defense Management Resource Decision DSAA Defense Security Assistance Agency

DUSD (P&R) Deputy Under Secretary of Defense (Personnel and

Requirements)

DWCF Defense Working Capital Fund

EE emergency establishment (NATO)

ELINT electronic intelligence

FIVEATAF Fifth Allied Tactical Air Force

FM Functional Managers FTE full-time equivalent

FYDP Future Years Defense Program

G/FO general/flag officer

GDIP General Defense Intelligence Program

IADB Inter-American Defense Board

ICAOCs Interim Combined Air Operation Centers

IDT inactive duty training

IMA individual mobilization augmentee

IMS International Military Staff IPL integrated priority list

IRMC Information Resource Management College

JCSE Joint Communications Support Element JCSSE Joint Computer Systems Support Element

JDA joint duty assignment JDAL joint duty assignment list

JDAMIS Joint Duty Assignment Management Information System

JIC Joint Intelligence Center

JMAPS Joint Manpower and Personnel System

JMP joint manpower program

JMRR Joint Monthly Readiness Review
JOPES Joint Operation Planning System
JPME joint professional military education

JSC Joint Spectrum Center JSO Joint Specialty Officer

JSPS Joint Strategic Planning System

JTAMDO Joint Theatre Air Missile Defense Office

JTD joint table of distribution

JTMD joint table of mobilization distribution

JTF Joint Task Force

JUSMAG Joint US Military Assistance Group

JWCA Joint Warfighting Capabilities Assessment

LAN local area network

MAAG Military Assistance and Advisory Group

MAP Military Assistance Program

MAS Military Agency for Standardization
MASINT Measures and Signature Intelligence
MDAO Mutual Defense Assistance Office

MFP Major Force Program

MHC Management Headquarters Ceiling

MLO Military Liaison Offices MNC Major NATO Commands

MOU memorandum of understanding

MRCP manpower requirements change package

MSC Military Sealift Command

MTMC Military Traffic Management Command

NAVDEFCOL NATO Defense College

NAMP NATO Annual Manpower Plan

NAPMA NATO Airborne Early Warning and Control Program

Management

NAVSUBPCS Naval Subordinate Principal Subordinate Commands

NC3A NATO Communications C3 Agency NEO Non-Combatant Evacuation Order NFIP National Foreign Intelligence Program

NQ non-quota (NATO)

ODC Office of Defense Cooperation
ODP Officer Distribution Plan

ODR Office of Defense Representative

OF officer (NATO)

OMC Office of Military Cooperation
OpsDeps Service Operations Deputies

OPLANS Operations Plans
OPORDS Operations Orders

OT&E Office of Test & Evaluation

OR other ranks (NATO)

PBD Program Budget Decision
PBG Program Budget Guidance
PCS Permanent Change of Station
PDM Program Decision Memorandum
PE peacetime establishment (NATO)

PEC program element code

PFY Past Fiscal Year

PJE Program for Joint Education PME professional military education

PMAD Personnel Management and Authorization Document

POM Program Objective Memorandum

PPBS Planning, Programming, and Budgeting System

PSRC Presidential Selected Reserve Call Up

RC Reserve Component

RDP Resource Decision Process

RPA Reserve Personnel Administrator (USCGR)

SAMAS The Structure and Manpower Allocation System

SAO security assistance organization

SATCOM satellite communications

SCIF Sensitive Compartmented Information Facility

SEVENATAF Seventh Allied Tactical Air Force

SIGINT Signal Intelligence

SIOP Single Integrated Operational Plan

SIXATAF Sixth Allied Tactical Air Force SOC special operations command SOF special operations forces

SUB PCs Subordinate Principal Subordinate Commands

TAADS The Army Authorization Documents System

TAR Training and Administration of the Reserves (USNR)

TDA Table of Distribution and Allowance

TDY Temporary Duty TECHINT technical intelligence

TFMMS Total Force Manpower Management System

T/MR Table of Manpower Requirements

TOA total obligation authority

TPFDD Time Phased Force Deployment Document

TPU True Program Unit

TWCF Transportation Working Capital Fund

USDELMC US Delegation to the NATO Military Committee

USLO US Liaison Office USMILGRU US Military Group

USMILREP US Military Representative USMTM US Military Training Mission

USNMR Office of the National Military Representative SHAPE

SHAPE

WCF Working Capital Fund

GLOSSARY

PART II—DEFINITIONS*

<u>acquisition</u>. The planning, design, development, testing, contracting, production, introduction, acquisition logistics support, and disposal of systems, equipment, facilities, supplies, or services that are intended for use in, or support of, military missions.

<u>acquisition corps</u>. A subset of a DOD component's acquisition workforce, composed of selected military and civilian personnel in grades of military O-4, GS 13, and above, who are acquisition professionals. There is one acquisition corps for each Military Department and one for all other DOD components, including OSD and the Defense agencies.

<u>acquisition positions</u>. Civilian positions and military positions that are in the DOD acquisition system, have acquisition duties, and fall in an acquisition position category established by the USD(A&T).

<u>acquisition program</u>. A directed, funded effort that is designed to provide a new or improved materiel capability in response to a validated need.

<u>acquisition workforce</u>. The personnel component of the acquisition system. The acquisition workforce includes permanent civilian employees and military members who occupy acquisition positions, who are members of an acquisition corps, or who are in acquisition development programs.

active duty for special work. A tour of active duty that is used for training members of the Reserve components to provide trained units and qualified persons to fill the needs of the Armed Forces in time of war or national emergency and such other times as the national security requires. The member is under orders which provide for return to non-active status when the period of active duty for training is completed. It includes annual training, special tours of active duty for training, school tours, and the initial duty for training performed by nonprior service enlistees. Also called ADSW. (Joint Pub 1-02)¹

<u>Active Guard and Reserve</u>. National Guard and Reserve members who are on voluntary active duty providing full-time support to National Guard, Reserve, and Active component organizations for the purpose of organizing, administering, recruiting, instructing, or training the Reserve components. Also called AGR.

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^{*} Unless identified as extracted from Joint Pub 1-02, these definitions are not standardized within the Department of Defense and are applicable only within the context of this manual.

<u>Active Reserve</u>. The Marine Corps equivalent to AGR personnel. Also called AR.

<u>approval authority</u>. This organization is the central figure and has the primary review authority and responsibility.

<u>authorization</u>. An approved military or civilian position on a JTD or JTMD that authorizes the assignment of personnel to perform required tasks. This term also may be used in referring to a total of all the approved authorizations. In contrast with a manpower requirement, a manpower authorization is always funded. See also billet.

<u>authorization year</u>. The current fiscal year; the first fiscal year of the eight-year period for which manpower requirements are identified in a JTD.

<u>automatic changes</u>. Changes to joint manpower documents that the combatant commanders and other heads of joint activities may make without prior coordination with the Joint Staff, the Services, or other resource providers.

<u>billet</u>. An authorization to fill a manpower requirement (position or line number) with personnel from one of the Services with certain skills, grade, experience, training, and language. The billet indicates whether it is funded or unfunded and the number of people required. See also position.

<u>budget year</u>. Within the biennial budget process, the budget year is actually the 2 fiscal years following the current fiscal year; the second and third fiscal years of the 8-year period for which manpower requirements are identified in a JTD. As used in this manual, the term budget year consistently refers to the first budget year, and the second budget year is considered as part of the program years.

<u>ceiling</u>. Manpower limits recommended by the Secretary of Defense and set by Congress.

CJCS controlled activity. An activity that meets all of the following *criteria*: (1) Established by the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and acts through a Joint Staff directorate; (2) Has a charter approved by the Secretary of Defense; (3) Has a designated Executive Agent; (4) Is a multi-Service activity that performs a joint mission; (5) Has a joint manning document reviewed and managed by the Joint Staff J-1 that contains multi-Service positions; and (6) May have JDA positions that meet and are recommended by the JDAL Validation Board. Also called a Chairman-controlled activity.

<u>combat support agency</u>. A Defense agency that is assigned a wartime support mission and designated as a combat support agency by the Secretary of Defense.

<u>Combatant Command</u>. A unified command with a broad continuing mission under a single commander established and so designated by the President, through the Secretary of Defense and with the advice and assistance of the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff. Combatant Commands typically have geographic or functional responsibilities. Also called unified command, unified combatant command. (Joint Pub 1-02)

critical acquisition position. Those senior positions carrying significant responsibility, primarily involving supervisory or management duties, in the DOD acquisition system. Positions are designated by the Secretary of Defense based on the recommendations of the DOD component Acquisition Executives, and include any acquisition position filled by personnel in the grades of military 0-5 or civilian GS 14 and above.

<u>critical joint duty assignment</u>. A joint duty position for which, considering the duties and responsibilities of the position, it is highly important that the assigned officer be particularly trained in, and oriented toward, joint matters. Critical positions are selected by the heads of joint organizations, approved by the Secretary of Defense and documented in the JDAL.

<u>critical occupational specialty</u>. A military occupational specialty selected from among the combat arms in the Army or equivalent military specialties in the Navy, Air Force, or Marine Corps. Equivalent military specialties are those engaged in the operational art to attain strategic goals in a theater of conflict through the design, organization, and conduct of campaigns and major operations. Critical occupational specialties are designated by the Secretary of Defense. Also called COS.

<u>cross-department joint duty assignment</u>. A position in which an officer serves full-time duties with another Military Department or with the armed forces of another nation.

<u>Current Force</u>. The force that exists today. The Current Force represents actual force structure and/or manning available to meet present contingencies. It is the basis for operations and contingency plans and orders. (Joint Pub 1-02)

<u>DOD</u> contribution. DOD manpower authorizations in an international activity, except those authorized to the USNMR international activity.

<u>dual-hat position</u>. A position requiring grade O-6 and below with duties in two organizations; i.e., combatant command and one of its Service component commands. If the Service component carries the position as its authorization, the joint command will reflect it as unfunded in the JTD, and the incumbent is not eligible for JDA credit. The term is also commonly used to describe an individual who serves in two roles in the same activity.

<u>dual-hat joint duty assignment</u>. A position in which the incumbent officer has responsibilities to both that officer's Service and a joint, combined, or international organization or activity.

<u>emergency establishment</u>. A table setting out the authorized redistribution of manpower for a unit, formation, or headquarters under emergency conditions. (NATO term comparable to the JTMD). (Joint Pub 1-02)

executive agent. A term used in DOD and Service regulations to indicate a delegation of authority by a superior to a subordinate to act on behalf of the superior. An agreement between equals does not create an executive agent. For example, a Service cannot become a DOD Executive Agent for a particular matter with simply the agreement of the other Services; such authority must be delegated by the Secretary of Defense. Designation as an executive agent, in and of itself, confers no authority. The exact nature and scope of the authority delegated must be stated in the document designating the executive agent. An executive agent may be limited to providing only administration and support or coordinating common functions, or it may be delegated authority, direction, and control over specified resources for specified purposes. (Joint Pub 1-02)

exempt joint duty assignment position. A select number of positions in any joint command may be designated as exempt from the requirement for TDY-and-return attendance at Phase II Joint Professional Military Education. These positions are usually of such importance to the mission of the joint activity that the incumbent cannot be spared for the 12-week period required for JPME Phase II.

<u>full-time equivalent</u>. Civilian FYDP endstrength is measured in the budget in whole manpower spaces and full-time equivalents. In order to obtain an FTE, divide the total number of hours worked (or programmed) by the number of compensable hours in the fiscal year to obtain the FTE, e.g., 2000 hours worked/1000 compensable hours = 2 FTEs. Also called FTE.

<u>Future Years Defense Program</u>. The program and financial plan for DOD as approved by the Secretary of Defense. It is normally updated three times a year, coinciding with the President's Budget, POM, and the BES. The FYDP quantifies forces and resources associated with Secretary of Defense approved programs. It addresses the Budget and Program Years (6 years total). Forces, manpower, and total obligation authority by program element are all reflected in the FYDP. Program elements generally represent an aggregation of organizational entities reflecting the primary and support missions of DOD. Resources are further subdivided by resource identification codes that identify force type, manpower type, and budget appropriation. Also called FYDP.

<u>individual mobilization augmentee</u>. An individual reservist attending drills who receives training and is preassigned to an Active component organization, a Selective Service System, or a Federal Emergency Management Agency position

that must be filled on, or shortly after, mobilization. IMAs train on a part-time basis with these organizations to prepare for mobilization. Inactive training for IMAs is decided by component policy and can vary from 0 to 48 drill periods a year. Also called IMA. (Joint Pub 1-02)

integrated priority list. A list of a combatant commander's highest priority requirements, prioritized across Service and functional lines, defining shortfalls in key programs that, in the judgment of the combatant commander, adversely affect the capability of the combatant commander's forces to accomplish their assigned mission. The integrated priority list provides the combatant commander's recommendations for programming funds in the PPBS process. Also called IPL. (Joint Pub 1-02)

<u>international activities</u>. Military staffs and headquarters that have multicountry military contributions in which DOD has representation.

<u>international position</u>. A position in which the incumbent performs full-time duties in an international activity. The incumbent is responsible to international authority, but pay and allowances are the responsibility of the contributing nation.

<u>joint activity</u>. An activity, operation or organization in which elements of more than one Military Department of the Untied States, as reflected in joint manpower program documents, perform joint missions under the auspices of OSD, the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, or the commander of a combatant or combined command.

joint duty assignment. An assignment to a designated position in a multi-Service, or multinational command or activity that is involved in the integrated employment or support of the land, sea, and air forces of at least two of the three Military Departments. The preponderance of the officer's duties involves producing or promulgating national strategy, joint doctrine, joint policy, strategic or contingency plans, or to commanding and controlling combat operations under a combatant command. The following are excluded from the joint duty assignment list: (1) Assignments for joint education and/or training; assignments within an officer's own Military Department; (2) temporary or overage positions; (3) positions requiring grade O-3 and below; (4) Positions requiring Reserve officers not on the active duty list; and (5) Positions requiring officers in professional specialties--medical officers, dental officers, veterinary officers, medical service officers, nurses, biomedical sciences officers, chaplains, and judge advocates. Also called JDA.

<u>joint duty assignment list</u>. Positions designated as JDAs are reflected in a list approved by the Secretary of Defense and maintained by the Joint Staff. The JDAL is reflected in the JDAMIS. Also called JDAL. (Joint Pub 1-02)

<u>Joint Duty Assignment Management Information System</u>. The automated management information system data base maintained by the Chairman of the

Joint Chiefs Of Staff and the Defense Manpower Data Center and managed and updated by the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the Services. Joint activities that do not have JDAMIS update capability keep the Services informed of changes that affect JDAMIS. JDAMIS supplements existing Service manpower and personnel systems by providing automated files reflecting the approved JDAL and personnel data pertaining to officers who are JSOs or JSO nominees and other officers who have served or are serving in JDA positions or have completed or are attending PJE. Current and historical files in JDAMIS are used to prepare the Goldwater-Nichols Act Implementation Report Appendix to the Secretary of Defense Annual Report to President and the Congress. Also called JDAMIS.

<u>Joint Manpower and Personnel System</u>. The interactive data base for the management of joint manpower and personnel. Also called JMAPS.

<u>joint manpower document</u>. The document that reflects an activity's tasks, functions, organization, and current and projected manpower needs, and, when applicable, its required mobilization augmentation.

joint manpower program. The document which reflects an activity's mission, functions, organization, current and projected manpower needs, and, when applicable, its required mobilization augmentation. A recommended JMP also identifies and justifies any changes proposed by the commander/director of a joint activity for the next six fiscal years. The JMP consists of three documents: the Organization and Functions Manual, the Joint Table of Distribution, and the Joint Table of Mobilization Distribution. Also called JMP. (Joint Pub 1-02)

<u>joint matters</u>. Matters relating to the integrated employment of land, sea, and air forces, including matters relating to national military strategy, strategic planning and contingency planning, and command and control of combat operations under a combatant command. (Joint Pub 1-02)

<u>Joint Specialty Officer</u>. An officer designated by the Secretary of Defense, with the advice and assistance of the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, who is educated and trained in joint matters and has completed the requirements for JSO designation. Also called JSO.

<u>Joint Specialty Officer nominee</u>. An administrative classification of an officer, grade O-3 or above, assigned to a JDA or who has completed a full tour of duty in a JDA, nominated by the Secretary of a Military Department as a JSO nominee. To be nominated as a JSO nominee, the officer must have successfully completed a Program of Joint Education or possess a COS. Also called JSO nominee.

<u>Joint Strategic Planning System</u>. The primary means by which the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, in consultation with the other members of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the combatant commanders, carries out his statutory

responsibilities to assist the President and Secretary of Defense in providing strategic direction to the Armed Forces; prepares strategic plans; prepares and reviews contingency plans; advises the President and Secretary of Defense on requirements, programs, and budgets; and provides net assessment on the capabilities of the Armed Forces of the United States and its allies as compared with those of their potential adversaries. Also called JSPS. (Joint Pub 1-02)

joint table of distribution. A joint manpower document which identifies the positions and enumerates the spaces that have been approved for each organizational element of a joint activity for a specific fiscal year (authorization year), and those spaces which have been accepted for planning and programming purposes for the subsequent fiscal years (program years). Also called JTD. See also joint manpower program. (Joint Pub 1-02)

joint table of mobilization distribution. A joint manpower authorization document that identifies the reorganization of the peacetime structure and the additional positions required to augment the existing positions on the JTD in time of mobilization. Also called JTMD.

<u>Joint Warfighting Capabilities Assessment</u>. Continuous assessments conducted by teams of warfighting and functional area experts from the Joint Staff, combatant commands, Services, OSD, Defense agencies, and others. JWCA recommendations are used to assist the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff in the development of the CPR and CPA. Also called JWCA.

jointly manned activity. A joint organization, activity, or element that meets the following criteria: (1) Must be chartered by the Secretary of Defense or Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff as a jointly manned activity; (2) Must have a single Service as Executive Agent; (3) Must be a multi-Department or multinational activity or element that performs a joint mission; (4) Must report operationally to a combatant or combined command, international organization (e.g. NATO, NORAD, or the United Nations) or to/through the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff in the performance of a joint mission; (5) Must have Service manning documents that are managed by the Executive Agent and approved by the Services; (6) Positions should be equally distributed so that Service responsibility and influence can appropriately reflect the assigned mission (normally not more than 60 percent for any single Military Department); and (7) May have JDA positions that meet and are recommended by the JDAL Validation Board; Organizations that are integral to a single Military Department (e.g., Service major commands) are not included in this definition for JDA purposes.

<u>key billets</u>. Billets designated as having unusual responsibility. Such positions may be granted extended tour lengths for continuity by the Services. Designation of a position as a key position affects tour length, availability of

Government quarters, and dependent concurrent travel permission for incumbents to that position.

<u>key positions</u>. A federal position that cannot be vacated during a national emergency or mobilization without seriously impairing the capability of the parent Federal agency or office to function effectively. There are three categories of Federal key positions. The first two categories are, by definition, key positions. Only the final category requires a case-by-case determination and designation.

<u>management headquarters/headquarters support</u>. Activities listed and defined in the DODD 5100.73 Series. Management headquarters positions are identified with a "98" in the sixth and seventh digit of the PEC.

<u>manpower authorization</u>. A funded manpower requirement included in the JMP with detail that defines the position in terms of its function, organization, location, skill, grade, and JDA number, if applicable. This term also may be used in referring to a total of all the approved positions.

<u>manpower management</u>. The means of manpower control to ensure the most efficient and economical use of available manpower. (Joint Pub 1-02)

<u>manpower management survey</u>. Systematic evaluation of a functional area, utilizing expert knowledge, manpower scaling guides, experience, and other practical considerations in determining the validity and managerial efficiency of the function's present or proposed manpower establishment. (Joint Pub 1-02)

<u>manpower requirements</u>. Human resources needed to accomplish specified work loads of organizations. (Joint Pub 1-02)

manpower requirements change package. The document in JMAPS used to forward a change request. Also called MRCP.

<u>manpower resources</u>. Human resources available to the Services which can be applied against manpower requirements. (Joint Pub 1-02)

mobilization. 1. The act of assembling and organizing national resources to support national objectives in time of war or other emergencies. 2. The process by which the Armed Forces or part of them are brought to a state of readiness for war or other national emergency. This includes activating all or part of the Reserve components, as well as assembling and organizing personnel, supplies, and materiel. Mobilization of the Armed Forces includes, but is not limited to, the following categories: Selective mobilization. Expansion of the active Armed Forces resulting from action by Congress and/or the President to mobilize Reserve component units, individual ready reservists, and the resources needed for their support to meet the requirements of a domestic emergency that is not the result of an enemy attack. Partial mobilization. Expansion of the Armed Forces resulting from action by Congress (up to full mobilization) or by the President (not more than one

million for more than 24 consecutive months) to mobilize Ready Reserve component units, individual reservists, and the resources needed for their support to meet the requirements of a war or other national emergency involving an external threat to the national security. Full mobilization. Expansion of the Armed Forces resulting from action by Congress and the President to mobilize all Reserve component units in the existing approved force structure, all individual reservists, retired military personnel, and the resources needed for their support to meet the requirements of a war or other national emergency involving an external threat to the national security. Reserve personnel can be placed on active duty for the duration of the emergency plus six months. Total mobilization. Expansion of the active Armed Forces resulting from action by Congress and the President to organize and/or generate additional units or personnel beyond the existing force structure, and the resources needed for their support, to meet the total requirements of a war or other national emergency involving an external threat to the national security. (Joint Pub 1-02)

NATO Annual Manpower Plan. The means whereby the NATO Military Committee is advised of proposed changes to manpower requirements over the next 6 years and informed of the military and civilian manpower numbers committed by the nations to NATO military bodies. In particular, the NATO Annual Manpower Plan is the means by which commands seek Military Committee approval for the next fiscal year (the first year of the NATO Annual Manpower Plan) for new military and civilian posts and changes to existing posts. Changes done out of cycle are also reported in the NATO Annual Manpower Plan. Also called NAMP.

<u>NATO Defense Manpower Committee</u>. A subcommittee of the NATO Military Committee composed of national representatives who advise the Military Committee on manpower matters.

<u>NATO fiscal year</u>. NATO activities utilize the calendar year of 1 January through 31 December as the NATO fiscal year in accounting for NATO manpower resources instead of the US fiscal year of 1 October through 30 September.

nominative position. 1. In manpower, a position in which the incumbent is selected from Service nominees rather than assigned to a specified Service. This manual uses the term in this sense. For nominative positions, the current authorization (Service and grade of incumbent) is entered into the JTD only for that tour of duty. The Service designation of a nominative position is changed to reflect the Service and grade of the incumbent. The use of nominative positions should be minimized because the Services cannot program for them.

2. In personnel, the term nominative position refers to the practice of providing several candidates for a position from which the commander or supervisor may choose the one deemed most qualified.

<u>non-quota post</u>. An international military post that is open to all nations and is filled by an individual who is selected by a defined process from among nominees received from participating nations. (Joint Pub 1-02)

<u>peacetime establishment</u>. A table setting out the authorized peacetime manpower requirements for a NATO unit, formation, or headquarters. Also called peacetime complement. (Joint Pub 1-02)

<u>personal staff</u>. Military personnel authorized to assist G/FOs are called personal staff. Officer aides are included in the manpower authorization for joint and international activities. Enlisted aides are authorized by the Service of the G/FO concerned and are not reflected in the JTD. (NATO Military Committee)

<u>Planning, Programming, and Budgeting System.</u> A cyclic process with three phases: planning, programming, and budgeting. The process provides for decision making on future structure and programs while permitting prior decisions to be analyzed from the viewpoint of the present. Also called PPBS.

<u>position</u>. A personnel position or assignment that may be filled by one person. In joint manpower, synonyms for a manpower paragraph line number on the JTD that may be either funded or unfunded. NATO activities also use the term "post." Also called space. See also billet.

<u>Presidential Selected Reserve Call-Up</u>. Provision of law (Title 10 US Code) that provides the President a means to activate, without a declaration of national emergency, not more than 200,000 members of the Selected Reserve for not more than 270 days to meet the support requirements of any operational mission. This authority would be used to augment the Armed Forces to meet external threats, short of war, or prepare for increased levels of mobilization. Also called PRSC. (Joint Pub 1-02)

<u>Program Budget Decision</u>. Decision documents generated by OSD budget analysts during the Fall Budget Review that amend resources presented in the Budget Estimate Submission. Also called PBD.

<u>Program Objective Memorandum</u>. The primary programming document submitted by major DOD components, including the Services, Defense agencies, and other resource sponsors, recommending military structure and programs that best achieve the capabilities described in the Defense Planning Guidance and remaining within the overall funding limits for fiscal guidance. Also called POM.

<u>program years</u>. Program years are the six fiscal years following the budget year of a JTD.

<u>Programmed Forces</u>. The forces that exist for each year of the Future Years Defense Program. They contain the major combat and tactical support forces

that are expected to execute the national strategy within manpower, fiscal, and other constraints. See also Current Force. (Joint Pub 1-02)

<u>quota post</u>. An international military post that a particular nation has accepted to fill indefinitely. (Joint Pub 1-02)

<u>Ready Reserve</u>. The Selected Reserve, Individual Ready Reserve, and Inactive National Guard liable for active duty as prescribed by law (Title 10 US Code). (Joint Pub 1-02)

<u>realignment</u>. The changing of the paragraph and line number of a position to reflect the position in another location. No other data elements (except paragraph/line, job title) are changed in any way.

<u>Reserve Program Administrator</u>. The Coast Guard equivalent to AGR personnel. Also called RPA.

<u>resource provider</u>. As used in this manual, the term applies to those entities responsible for funding and managing manpower resources within a specific program; i.e., Special Operations Forces, the General Defense Intelligence Program, Security Assistance Organizations, the Defense Health Program, and Reserve Affairs.

review authority. Generally, a resource manager who plays a significant role in effecting at least part of any change to the JMP and who must coordinate in the portion of the change request the manager resources. The Services, for example, exercise review authority over their own positions and may comment on other Services' manpower. Generally, USD(P&R), acting for the Secretary of Defense, will resolve differences between the Services and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff on joint manpower matters.

rotational position. A position filled by different Services or nations on a sequential basis. Rotation is normally based on a fixed number of years; however, it can occur upon the departure of each incumbent. When a fixed tour is not prescribed, the Service of the incumbent is shown in the JTD throughout the program years until assignment of a replacement. Rotational positions are identified by appropriate coding in the JTD, including Service sequence and timing of rotation, i.e., month and year.

security assistance organization. All DOD elements located in a foreign country with assigned responsibilities for carrying out security assistance management functions. It includes military assistance advisory groups, military missions and groups, offices of defense and military cooperation, liaison groups, and defense attaché personnel designated to perform security assistance functions. Also called SAO. (Joint Pub 1-02)

<u>Selected Reserve</u>. Those units and individuals within the Ready Reserve designated by their respective Services and approved by the Joint Chiefs of Staff as so essential to initial wartime missions that they have priority over all

other Reserves. All Selected Reservists are in an active status. The Selected Reserve consists of Active Guard and Reserve personnel, trained individuals (IMAs), members of Selected Reserve units; and also includes persons performing initial active duty for training. (Joint Pub 1-02)

<u>Training and Administration of Reserves</u>. TARs are the Navy's equivalent to AGR personnel. They are career military personnel whose chosen specialty is to administer and train drilling Reservists. They are Reservists on full-time active duty and paid from Reserve appropriations. Also called TAR.

<u>US National Delegation</u>. DOD positions authorized to the US National Military Representative to an international activity.